



# User Guide

# **Unidrive M200/201**

# Model size 1 to 6

Variable Speed AC drive for induction motors

Part Number: 0478-0042-04

Issue: 4



#### General information

The manufacturer accepts no liability for any consequences resulting from inappropriate, negligent or incorrect installation or adjustment of the optional operating parameters of the equipment or from mismatching the variable speed drive with the motor.

The contents of this guide are believed to be correct at the time of printing. In the interests of a commitment to a policy of continuous development and improvement, the manufacturer reserves the right to change the specification of the product or its performance, or the contents of the guide, without notice.

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### **Drive firmware version**

This product is supplied with the latest firmware version. If this drive is to be connected to an existing system or machine, all drive firmware versions should be verified to confirm the same functionality as drives of the same model already present. This may also apply to drives returned from a Control Techniques Service Centre or Repair Centre. If there is any doubt please contact the supplier of the product.

The firmware version of the drive can be checked by looking at Pr 11.029.

#### **Environmental statement**

Control Techniques is committed to minimising the environmental impacts of its manufacturing operations and of its products throughout their life cycle. To this end, we operate an Environmental Management System (EMS) which is certified to the International Standard ISO 14001. Further information on the EMS, our Environmental Policy and other relevant information is available on request, or can be found at www.greendrives.com.

The electronic variable-speed drives manufactured by Control Techniques have the potential to save energy and (through increased machine/process efficiency) reduce raw material consumption and scrap throughout their long working lifetime. In typical applications, these positive environmental effects far outweigh the negative impacts of product manufacture and end-of-life disposal.

Nevertheless, when the products eventually reach the end of their useful life, they must not be discarded but should instead be recycled by a specialist recycler of electronic equipment. Recyclers will find the products easy to dismantle into their major component parts for efficient recycling. Many parts snap together and can be separated without the use of tools, while other parts are secured with conventional fasteners. Virtually all parts of the product are suitable for recycling.

Product packaging is of good quality and can be re-used. Large products are packed in wooden crates, while smaller products come in strong cardboard cartons which themselves have a high recycled fibre content. If not re-used, these containers can be recycled. Polythene, used on the protective film and bags for wrapping product, can be recycled in the same way. Control Techniques' packaging strategy prefers easily-recyclable materials of low environmental impact, and regular reviews identify opportunities for improvement.

When preparing to recycle or dispose of any product or packaging, please observe local legislation and best practice.

### **REACH legislation**

EC Regulation 1907/2006 on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and restriction of Chemicals (REACH) requires the supplier of an article to inform the recipient if it contains more than a specified proportion of any substance which is considered by the European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) to be a Substance of Very High Concern (SVHC) and is therefore listed by them as a candidate for compulsory authorisation.

For current information on how this requirement applies in relation to specific Control Techniques products, please approach your usual contact in the first instance. Control Techniques position statement can be viewed at: http://www.controltechniques.com/REACH

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Issue Number: 4

Drive Firmware: 01.03.00 onwards

For patent and intellectual property related information please go to: www.ctpatents.info

# How to use this guide

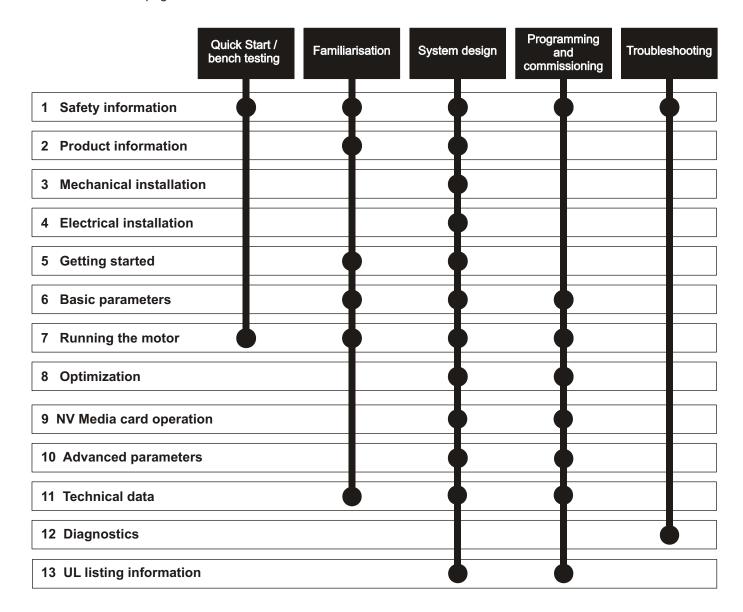
This user guide provides complete information for installing and operating the drive from start to finish.

The information is in logical order, taking the reader from receiving the drive through to fine tuning the performance.

### NOTE

There are specific safety warnings throughout this guide, located in the relevant sections. In addition, Chapter 1 *Safety information* contains general safety information. It is essential that the warnings are observed and the information considered when working with or designing a system using the drive.

This map of the user guide helps to find the right sections for the task you wish to complete, but for specific information, refer to Contents on page 4:



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## **Declaration of Conformity**

**Control Techniques Ltd** 

The Gro

Newtown

**Powys** 

UK

**SY16 3BE** 

This declaration applies to Unidrive M variable speed drive products, comprising models numbers as shown below:

Maaa-bbcddddd Valid characters:								
aaa	100, 101, 200, 201, 300, 400							
bb	01, 02, 03							
С	1,2 or 4							
ddddd	00013, 00017, 00018, 00023, 00024, 00032, 00033, 00041, 00042, 00056, 00075 00056, 00073, 00094, 00100							

The AC variable speed drive products listed above have been designed and manufactured in accordance with the following European harmonized standards:

EN 61800-5-1:2007	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - safety requirements - electrical, thermal and energy
EN 61800-3:2004	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. EMC product standard including specific test methods
EN 61000-6-2:2005	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC). Generic standards. Immunity standard for industrial environments
EN 61000-6-4:2007	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC). Generic standards. Emission standard for industrial environments
EN 61000-3-2:2006	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC), Limits, Limits for harmonic current emissions (equipment input current <16 A per phase)
EN 61000-3-3:2008	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC), Limits, Limitation of voltage fluctuations and flicker in low-voltage supply systems for equipment with rated current <16 A

EN 61000-3-2:2006 Applicable where input current <16 A. No limits apply for professional equipment where input power >1 kW.

Moteurs Leroy-Somer Usine des Agriers Boulevard Marcellin Leroy CS10015 16915 Angoulême Cedex 9 France

These products comply with the Low Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC and the Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive 2004/108/EC.

T. Alexander Vice President, Technology Newtown

om alexand

Date: 18th December 2013

These electronic drive products are intended to be used with appropriate motors, controllers, electrical protection components and other equipment to form complete end products or systems. Compliance with safety and EMC regulations depends upon installing and configuring drives correctly, including using the specified input filters. The drives must be installed only by professional assemblers who are familiar with requirements for safety and EMC. The assembler is responsible for ensuring that the end product or system complies with all the relevant laws in the country where it is to be used. Refer to the User Guide. An EMC Data Sheet is also available giving detailed EMC information.

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical information Installation Installa

## 1 Safety information

### 1.1 Warnings, Cautions and Notes



A Warning contains information which is essential for avoiding a safety hazard.



A Caution contains information which is necessary for avoiding a risk of damage to the product or other equipment.

#### NOTE

A Note contains information which helps to ensure correct operation of the product.

### 1.2 Electrical safety - general warning

The voltages used in the drive can cause severe electrical shock and/or burns, and could be lethal. Extreme care is necessary at all times when working with or adjacent to the drive.

Specific warnings are given at the relevant places in this User Guide.

# 1.3 System design and safety of personnel

The drive is intended as a component for professional incorporation into complete equipment or a system. If installed incorrectly, the drive may present a safety hazard.

The drive uses high voltages and currents, carries a high level of stored electrical energy, and is used to control equipment which can cause injury.

Close attention is required to the electrical installation and the system design to avoid hazards either in normal operation or in the event of equipment malfunction. System design, installation, commissioning/start-up and maintenance must be carried out by personnel who have the necessary training and experience. They must read this safety information and this User Guide carefully.

The STOP functions of the drive do not isolate dangerous voltages from the output of the drive or from any external option unit. The supply must be disconnected by an approved electrical isolation device before gaining access to the electrical connections.

# None of the drive functions must be used to ensure safety of personnel, i.e. they must not be used for safety-related functions.

Careful consideration must be given to the functions of the drive which might result in a hazard, either through their intended behavior or through incorrect operation due to a fault. In any application where a malfunction of the drive or its control system could lead to or allow damage, loss or injury, a risk analysis must be carried out, and where necessary, further measures taken to reduce the risk - for example, an over-speed protection device in case of failure of the speed control, or a fail-safe mechanical brake in case of loss of motor braking.

### 1.4 Environmental limits

Instructions in this User Guide regarding transport, storage, installation and use of the drive must be complied with, including the specified environmental limits. Drives must not be subjected to excessive physical force.

### 1.5 Access

Drive access must be restricted to authorized personnel only. Safety regulations which apply at the place of use must be complied with.

### 1.6 Fire protection

The drive enclosure is not classified as a fire enclosure. A separate fire enclosure must be provided. For further information, refer to section 3.2.5 *Fire protection* on page 19.

### 1.7 Compliance with regulations

The installer is responsible for complying with all relevant regulations, such as national wiring regulations, accident prevention regulations and electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) regulations. Particular attention must be given to the cross-sectional areas of conductors, the selection of fuses or other protection, and protective ground (earth) connections.

This User Guide contains instruction for achieving compliance with specific EMC standards.

Within the European Union, all machinery in which this product is used must comply with the following directives:

2006/42/EC Safety of machinery. 2004/108/EC: Electromagnetic Compatibility.

#### 1.8 Motor

Ensure the motor is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Ensure the motor shaft is not exposed.

Standard squirrel cage induction motors are designed for single speed operation. If it is intended to use the capability of the drive to run a motor at speeds above its designed maximum, it is strongly recommended that the manufacturer is consulted first.

Low speeds may cause the motor to overheat because the cooling fan becomes less effective. The motor should be installed with a protection thermistor. If necessary, an electric forced vent fan should be used.

The values of the motor parameters set in the drive affect the protection of the motor. The default values in the drive should not be relied upon.

It is essential that the correct value is entered in Pr **00.006** motor rated current. This affects the thermal protection of the motor.

### 1.9 Mechanical brake control

The brake control functions are provided to allow well co-ordinated operation of an external brake with the drive. While both hardware and software are designed to high standards of quality and robustness, they are not intended for use as safety functions, i.e. where a fault or failure would result in a risk of injury. In any application where the incorrect operation of the brake release mechanism could result in injury, independent protection devices of proven integrity must also be incorporated.

### 1.10 Adjusting parameters

Some parameters have a profound effect on the operation of the drive. They must not be altered without careful consideration of the impact on the controlled system. Measures must be taken to prevent unwanted changes due to error or tampering.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Ontimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	III Lieting
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	reciffical data	Diagnostics	UL Listing

### 1.11 Electrical installation

### 1.11.1 Electric shock risk

The voltages present in the following locations can cause severe electric shock and may be lethal:

AC supply cables and connections

Output cables and connections

Many internal parts of the drive, and external option units

Unless otherwise indicated, control terminals are single insulated and must not be touched.

### 1.11.2 Stored charge

The drive contains capacitors that remain charged to a potentially lethal voltage after the AC supply has been disconnected. If the drive has been energized, the AC supply must be isolated at least ten minutes before work may continue.

### 1.12 Hazard

### 1.12.1 Falling hazard

The drive presents a falling or toppling hazard. This can still cause injury to personnel and therefore should be handled with care.

Maximum weight:

Size 1: 0.75 kg (1.65 lb).

Size 2: 1.3 kg (3 lb).

Size 3: 1.5 kg (3.3 lb).

Size 4: 3.13 kg (6.9 lb).

Size 5: 7.4 kg (16.3 lb).

Size 6: 14 kg (30.9 lb).

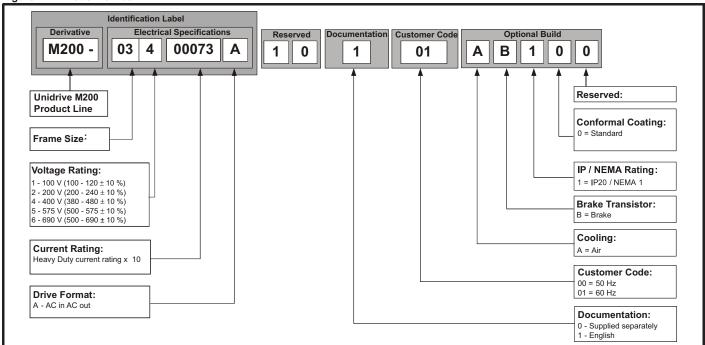
ı	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listina
ı	information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	lechnical data	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

## 2 Product information

### 2.1 Model number

The way in which the model numbers for the Unidrive M range are formed is illustrated below:

Figure 2-1 Model number



Safety **Product** Mechanical Electrical Running the Advanced Optimization Technical data Diagnostics **UL** Listina information information installation installation started parameters motor Card parameters

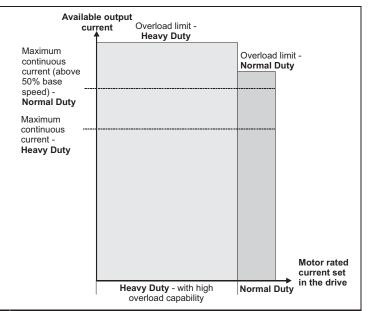
### 2.2 Ratings

The size 1 to 4 drive is Heavy Duty rated only.

The size 5 to 6 drive is dual rated.

The setting of the motor rated current determines which rating applies - Heavy Duty or Normal Duty.

The two ratings are compatible with motors designed to IEC60034. The graph aside illustrates the difference between Normal Duty and Heavy Duty with respect to continuous current rating and short term overload limits.



### **Normal Duty**

For applications which use Self ventilated (TENV/TEFC) induction motors and require a low overload capability, and full torque at low speeds is not required (e.g. fans, pumps).

Self ventilated (TENV/TEFC) induction motors require increased protection against overload due to the reduced cooling effect of the fan at low speed. To provide the correct level of protection the I<sup>2</sup>t software operates at a level which is speed dependent. This is illustrated in the graph below.

#### NOTE

The speed at which the low speed protection takes effect can be changed by the setting of *Low Speed Thermal Protection Mode* (04.025). The protection starts when the motor speed is below 15 % of base speed when Pr **04.025** = 0 (default) and below 50 % when Pr **04.025** = 1.

### Heavy Duty (default)

For constant torque applications or applications which require a high overload capability, or full torque is required at low speeds (e.g. winders, hoists).

The thermal protection is set to protect force ventilated induction motors by default.

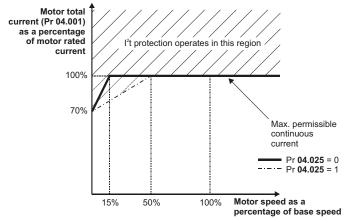
#### NOTE

If the application uses a self ventilated (TENV/TEFC) induction motor and increased thermal protection is required for speeds below 50 % base speed, then this can be enabled by setting *Low Speed Thermal Protection Mode* (04.025) = 1.

#### Operation of motor I<sup>2</sup>t protection

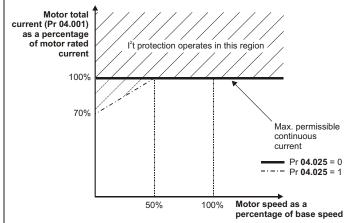
Motor I<sup>2</sup>t protection is fixed as shown below and is compatible with:

· Self ventilated (TENV/TEFC) induction motors



Motor I<sup>2</sup>t protection defaults to be compatible with:

· Forced ventilation induction motors



The continuous current ratings given are for maximum 40 °C (104 °F), 1000 m altitude and 3.0 kHz switching. Derating is required for higher switching frequencies, ambient temperature >40 °C (104 °F) and high altitude. For further information, refer to Chapter 11 *Technical data* on page 159.

Table 2-1 100 V drive ratings (100 V to 120 V ±10 %)

		Heavy Duty									
Мо	del	Maximum continuous output current	Open loop peak current	RFC peak current	Nominal power at 100 V	Motor power at 100 V					
		Α	Α	Α	kW	hp					
Frame size 1	01100017	1.7	2.6	3.1	0.25	0.33					
Frame Size i	01100024	2.4	3.6	4.3	0.37	0.5					
Frame size 2	02100042	4.2	6.3	7.6	0.75	1					
Frame Size 2	02100056	5.6	8.4	10.1	1.1	1.5					

Table 2-2 200 V drive ratings (200 V to 240 V ±10 %)

			Normal	Duty		Heavy Duty						
Model		Maximum continuous output current	Nominal power at 230 V	Motor power at 230 V	Peak current	Maximum continuous output current	Open loop peak current	RFC peak current	Nominal power at 230 V	Motor power at 230 V		
		Α	kW	hp	Α	Α	Α	Α	kW	hp		
	01200017					1.7	2.6	3.1	0.25	0.33		
Frame size 1	01200024					2.4	3.6	4.3	0.37	0.5		
Frame size i	01200033					3.3	5	5.9	0.55	0.75		
	01200042					4.2	6.3	7.6	0.75	1		
	02200024					2.4	3.6	4.3	0.37	0.5		
	02200033					3.3	5	5.9	0.55	0.75		
Frame size 2	02200042					4.2	6.3	7.6	0.75	1		
	02200056					5.6	8.4	10.1	1.1	1		
	02200075					7.5	11.3	13.5	1.5	2		
Frame size 3	03200100					10	15	18	2.2	3		
Frame size 4	04200133					13.3	20	23.9	3	3		
Frame size 4	04200176					17.6	16.4	31.7	4	5		
Frame size 5	05200250	30	7.5	10	33	25	37.5	50	5.5	7.5		
Frame size 6	06200330	50	11	15	55	33	49.5	66	7.5	10		
i raine size o	06200440	58	15	20	63.8	44	66	88	11	15		

ı	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listing
-	information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	l '	Card	parameters		Ŭ	· ·

Table 2-3 400 V drive ratings (380 V to 480 V ±10 %)

			Normal	Duty			Н	leavy Duty		
Model		Maximum continuous output current	Nominal power at 400 V	Motor power at 460 V	Peak current	Maximum continuous output current	Open loop peak current	RFC peak current	Nominal power at 400 V	Motor powerat 460 V
		Α	kW	hp	Α	Α	Α	Α	kW	hp
	02400013					1.3	2	2.3	0.37	0.5
	02400018					1.8	2.7	3.2	0.55	0.75
Frame size 2	02400023					2.3	3.5	4.1	0.75	1
	02400032					3.2	4.8	5.8	1.1	1.5
	02400041					4.1	6.2	7.4	1.5	2
	03400056					5.6	8.4	10.1	2.2	3
Frame size 3	03400073					7.3	11	13.1	3	3
	03400094					9.4	14.1	16.9	4	5
Frama siza 4	04400135					13.5	20.3	24.3	5.5	7.5
Frame size 4	04400170					17	25.5	30.6	7.5	10
Eromo oizo E	05400270	30	15	20	33	27	40.5	54	11	20
Frame size 5	05400300	31	15	20	34.1	30	45	60	15	20
	06400350	38	18.5	25	41.8	35	52.5	70	15	25
Frame size 6	06400420	48	22	30	52.8	42	63	84	18.5	30
	06400470	63	30	40	69.3	47	70.5	94	22	30

Table 2-4 575 V drive ratings (500 V to 575 V ±10 %)

			Normal	Duty			Н	leavy Duty		
Mod	el	Maximum continuous output current	Nominal power at 575 V	Motor power at 575 V	Peak current	Maximum continuous output current	Open looppeak current	RFC peak current	Nominal power at 575 V	Motor power at 575 V
		Α	kW	hp	Α	Α	Α	Α	kW	hp
	05500030	3.9	2.2	3	4.3	3	4.5	6	1.5	2
Frame size 5	05500040	6.1	4	5	6.7	4	6	8	2.2	3
	05500069	10	5.5	7.5	11	6.9	10.3	13.8	4	5
	06500100	12	7.5	10	13.2	10	15	20	5.5	7.5
	06500150	17	11	15	18.7	15	22.5	30	7.5	10
Frame size 6	06500190	22	15	20	24.2	19	28.5	38	11	15
Traine Size 0	06500230	27	18.5	25	29.7	23	34.5	46	15	20
	06500290	34	22	30	37.4	29	43.5	58	18.5	25
	06500350	43	30	40	47.3	35	52.5	70	22	30

#### 2.2.1 Typical short term overload limits

The maximum percentage overload limit changes depending on the selected motor. Variations in motor rated current, motor power factor and motor leakage inductance all result in changes in the maximum possible overload. The exact value for a specific motor can be calculated using the equations detailed in Menu 4 in the *Parameter Reference Guide*.

Typical values are shown in the table below for RFC-A and open loop (OL) modes:

Table 2-5 Typical overload limits

Operating mode	RFC From cold	RFC From 100 %	Open loop from cold	Open loop from 100 %
Normal Duty overload with motor rated current = drive rated current	110 % for 165 s	110 % for 9 s	110 % for 165 s	110 % for 9 s
Heavy Duty overload with motor rated current = drive rated current	180 % for 3 s	180 % for 3 s	150 % for 60 s	150 % for 8 s

Generally the drive rated current is higher than the matching motor rated current allowing a higher level of overload than the default setting. The time allowed in the overload region is proportionally reduced at very low output frequency on some drive ratings.

#### NOTE

The maximum overload level which can be attained is independent of the speed.

Safet	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Ontimization	NV Media	Advanced	Toohnical data	Diagnostics	UL Listing
informat	on <b>information</b>	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

### 2.3 Operating modes

The drive is designed to operate in any of the following modes:

1. Open loop mode

Open loop vector mode Fixed V/F mode (V/Hz) Square V/F mode (V/Hz)

2. RFC - A

Without position feedback sensor

### 2.3.1 Open loop mode

The drive applies power to the motor at frequencies varied by the user. The motor speed is a result of the output frequency of the drive and slip due to the mechanical load. The drive can improve the speed control of the motor by applying slip compensation. The performance at low speed depends on whether V/F mode or open loop vector mode is selected.

#### Open loop vector mode

The voltage applied to the motor is directly proportional to the frequency except at low speed where the drive uses motor parameters to apply the correct voltage to keep the flux constant under varying load conditions.

Typically 100 % torque is available down to 1 Hz for a 50 Hz motor.

#### Fixed V/F mode

The voltage applied to the motor is directly proportional to the frequency except at low speed where a voltage boost is provided which is set by the user. This mode can be used for multi-motor applications.

Typically 100 % torque is available down to 4 Hz for a 50 Hz motor.

#### Square V/F mode

The voltage applied to the motor is directly proportional to the square of the frequency except at low speed where a voltage boost is provided which is set by the user. This mode can be used for running fan or pump applications with quadratic load characteristics or for multi-motor applications. This mode is not suitable for applications requiring a high starting torque.

#### 2.3.2 RFC-A mode

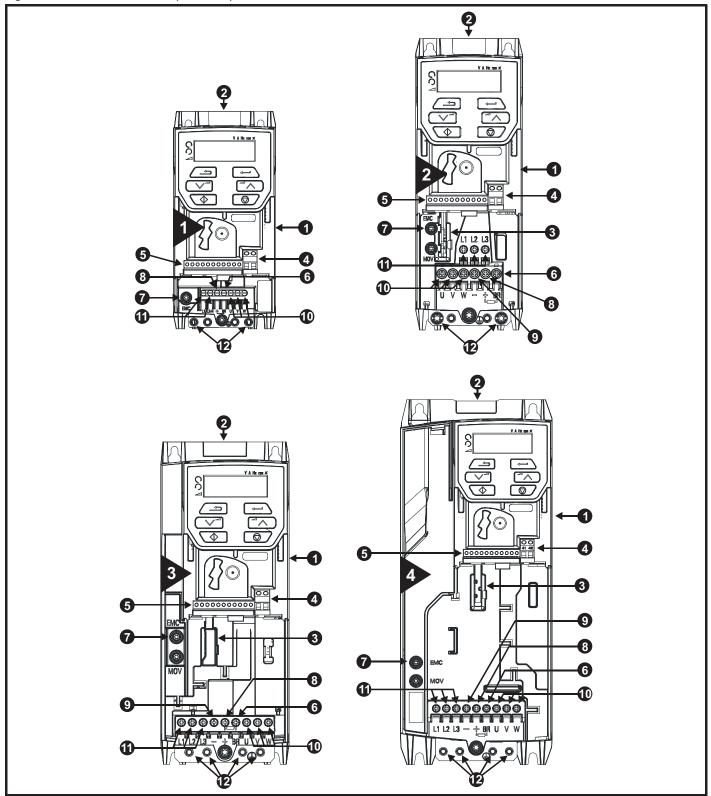
Rotor Flux Control for Asynchronous (induction) motors (RFC-A) encompasses closed loop vector control without a position feedback device

#### Without position feedback sensor

Rotor flux control provides closed loop control without the need for position feedback by using current, voltages and key motor parameters to estimate the motor speed. It can eliminate instability traditionally associated with open loop control for example when operating large motors with light loads at low frequencies.

### 2.4 Drive features

Figure 2-2 Features of the drive (size 1 to 4)



#### Key

- 1. Rating label (On side of drive)
- 2. Identification label
- 3. Option module
- 4. Relay connections

- 5. Control connections
- 6. Braking terminal
- 7. Internal EMC filter screw
- 8. DC bus +

- 9. DC bus -
- 10. Motor connections
- 11. AC supply connections
- 12. Ground connections

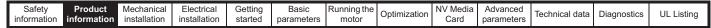
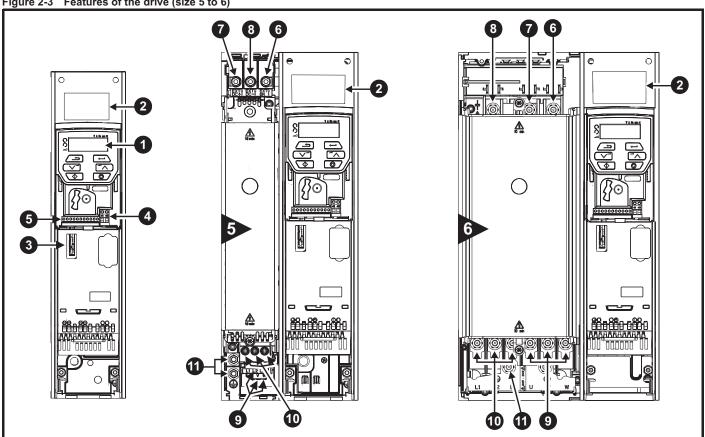


Figure 2-3 Features of the drive (size 5 to 6)



#### Key

- 1. Keypad
- 2. Rating label
- 3. Option module slot 1
- 4. Relay connections
- 5. Control connections

- 6. Braking terminal
- 7. DC bus +
- 8. DC bus -
- 9. Motor connections
- 10. AC supply connections

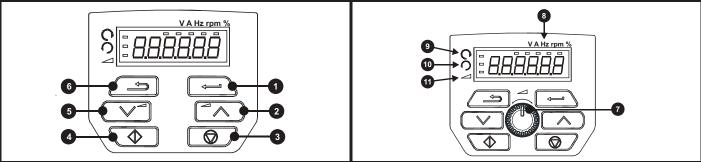
### 11. Ground connections

#### 2.5 Keypad and display

The keypad and display provide information to the user regarding the operating status of the drive and trip codes, and provide the means for changing parameters, stopping and starting the drive, and the ability to perform a drive reset.

Figure 2-4 Unidrive M200 keypad detail

Figure 2-5 Unidrive M201 keypad detail



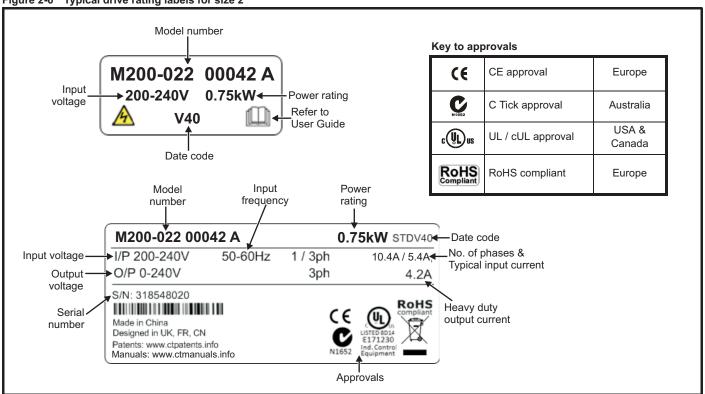
- (1) The Enter button is used to enter parameter view or edit mode, or to accept a parameter edit.
- (2 / 5) The Navigation buttons can be used to select individual parameters or to edit parameter values.
- (3) The Stop / Reset button is used to stop and reset the drive in keypad mode. It can also be used to reset the drive in terminal mode.
- (4) The Start button is used to start the drive in keypad mode.
- (6) The Escape button is used to exit from the parameter edit / view mode.
- (7) The Speed Reference Potentiometer is used to control the speed reference in keypad mode (only available on Unidrive M201).

ı	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listina
ı	information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	recrimical data	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

### 2.6 Nameplate description

See Figure 2-2 for location of rating labels.

Figure 2-6 Typical drive rating labels for size 2

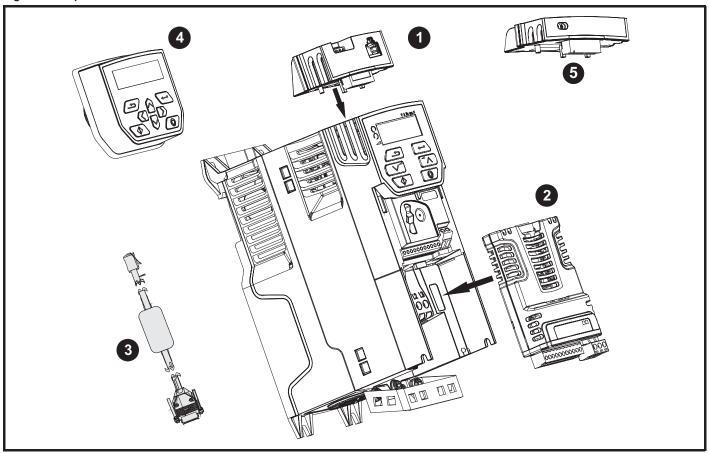


Refer to Figure 2-1 Model number on page 9 for further information relating to the labels.

ı	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Ontimization	NV Media	Advanced	Toohnical data	Diagnostics	UL Listing
ı	information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

### 2.7 Options

Figure 2-7 Options available with the drive



- 1. Al-485 adaptor
- 2. SI module
- 3. CT comms cable
- 4. Remote mountable LCD keypad
- 5. Al-Backup adaptor module

Table 2-6 System Integration Option module identification

Type	Option module	Color	Name	Further details
	SEE.	Purple	SI-PROFIBUS	Profibus option PROFIBUS adaptor for communications with the drive
Fieldbus		Medium Grey	SI-DeviceNet	DeviceNet option DeviceNet adaptor for communications with the drive
		Light Grey	SI-CANopen	CANopen option CANopen adaptor for communications with the drive
Automation (I/O expansion)	The state of the s	Orange	SI-I/O	Extended I/O Increases the I/O capability by adding the following combinations:  Digital I/O Digital Inputs Analog Inputs (differential or single ended) Analog Output Relays

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listing
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Table 2-7 Adaptor Interface (AI) option module identification

Туре	Option module	Name	Further Details
Communications		Al-485 adaptor	<b>485 serial communications option</b> Provides a 485 serial communications interface via an RJ45 connector or alternative screw terminals
Backup		Al-Backup adaptor	+ 24 V Backup and SD Card Interface

### 2.8 Items supplied with the drive

The drive is supplied with a copy of the Quick Start Guide, a safety information booklet, the Certificate of Quality and an accessory kit box (size 5 to 6 only), including the items shown in Table 2-8.

Table 2-8 Parts supplied with the drive

Description	Size 1	Size 2	Size 3	Size 4	Size 5	Size 6
Grounding bracket		Tab a	1			
M4 x 8 Double Sem Torx screw		₫ x	<b>(5)</b> 2			
Grounding bracket					(74 mm)	x 1
Surface mounting brackets					x 2	x 2
Grounding clamp					x 1	x 1
Terminal nuts						(i) M6 x 11
Supply and motor connector					×1 ×1	
Finger guard grommets					x 3	x 2

Safety information installation installation installation installation in the installa

### 3 Mechanical installation

This chapter describes how to use all mechanical details to install the drive. The drive is intended to be installed in an enclosure. Key features of this chapter include:

- · Through hole mounting
- · High IP as standard or Through-panel mounting
- Enclosure sizing and layout
- · Option module installing
- Terminal location and torque settings

### 3.1 Safety information



#### Follow the instructions

The mechanical and electrical installation instructions must be adhered to. Any questions or doubt should be referred to the supplier of the equipment. It is the responsibility of the owner or user to ensure that the installation of the drive and any external option unit, and the way in which they are operated and maintained, comply with the requirements of the Health and Safety at Work Act in the United Kingdom or applicable legislation and regulations and codes of practice in the country in which the equipment is used.



#### Competence of the installer

The drive must be installed by professional assemblers who are familiar with the requirements for safety and EMC. The assembler is responsible for ensuring that the end product or system complies with all the relevant laws in the country where it is to be used.



#### **Enclosure**

The drive is intended to be mounted in an enclosure which prevents access except by trained and authorized personnel, and which prevents the ingress of contamination. It is designed for use in an environment classified as pollution degree 2 in accordance with IEC 60664-1. This means that only dry, non-conducting contamination is acceptable.

### 3.2 Planning the installation

The following considerations must be made when planning the installation:

#### 3.2.1 Access

Access must be restricted to authorized personnel only. Safety regulations which apply at the place of use must be complied with.

The IP (Ingress Protection) rating of the drive is installation dependent. For further information, refer to section 3.9 *Enclosing size 5 to 6 drive for high environmental protection* on page 37

#### 3.2.2 Environmental protection

The drive must be protected from:

- Moisture, including dripping water or spraying water and condensation. An anti-condensation heater may be required, which must be switched off when the drive is running.
- · Contamination with electrically conductive material
- Contamination with any form of dust which may restrict the fan, or impair airflow over various components
- Temperature beyond the specified operating and storage ranges
- Corrosive gasses

#### NOTE

During installation it is recommended that the vents on the drive are covered to prevent debris (e.g. wire off-cuts) from entering the drive.

### 3.2.3 Cooling

The heat produced by the drive must be removed without its specified operating temperature being exceeded. Note that a sealed enclosure gives much reduced cooling compared with a ventilated one, and may need to be larger and/or use internal air circulating fans.

For further information, refer to section 3.6 *Enclosure for standard drives* on page 34.

#### 3.2.4 Electrical safety

The installation must be safe under normal and fault conditions. Electrical installation instructions are given in Chapter 4 *Electrical installation on page 45*.

### 3.2.5 Fire protection

The drive enclosure is not classified as a fire enclosure. A separate fire enclosure must be provided.

For installation in the USA, a NEMA 12 enclosure is suitable.

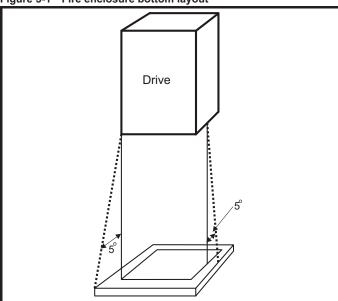
For installation outside the USA, the following (based on IEC 62109-1, standard for PV inverters) is recommended.

Enclosure can be metal and/or polymeric, polymer must meet requirements which can be summarized for larger enclosures as using materials meeting at least UL 94 class 5VB at the point of minimum thickness

Air filter assemblies to be at least class V-2.

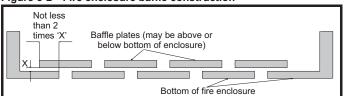
The location and size of the bottom shall cover the area shown in Figure 3-1. Any part of the side which is within the area traced out by the 5° angle is also considered to be part of the bottom of the fire enclosure.

Figure 3-1 Fire enclosure bottom layout



The bottom, including the part of the side considered to be part of the bottom, must be designed to prevent escape of burning material - either by having no openings or by having a baffle construction. This means that openings for cables etc. must be sealed with materials meeting the 5VB requirement, or else have a baffle above. See Figure 3-2 for acceptable baffle construction. This does not apply for mounting in an enclosed electrical operating area (restricted access) with concrete floor.

Figure 3-2 Fire enclosure baffle construction



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Ontimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	III Lieting
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	recrimical data	Diagnostics	UL Listing

#### 3.2.6 Electromagnetic compatibility

Variable speed drives are powerful electronic circuits which can cause electromagnetic interference if not installed correctly with careful attention to the layout of the wiring.

Some simple routine precautions can prevent disturbance to typical industrial control equipment.

If it is necessary to meet strict emission limits, or if it is known that electromagnetically sensitive equipment is located nearby, then full precautions must be observed. In-built into the drive, is an internal EMC filter, which reduces emissions under certain conditions. If these conditions are exceeded, then the use of an external EMC filter may be required at the drive inputs, which must be located very close to the drives. Space must be made available for the filters and allowance made for carefully segregated wiring. Both levels of precautions are covered in section 4.8 EMC (Electromagnetic compatibility) on page 62.

### 3.2.7 Hazardous areas

The drive must not be located in a classified hazardous area unless it is installed in an approved enclosure and the installation is certified.

#### 3.3 Terminal cover removal



#### Isolation device

The AC and / or DC power supply must be disconnected from the drive using an approved isolation device before any cover is removed from the drive or before any servicing work is performed.



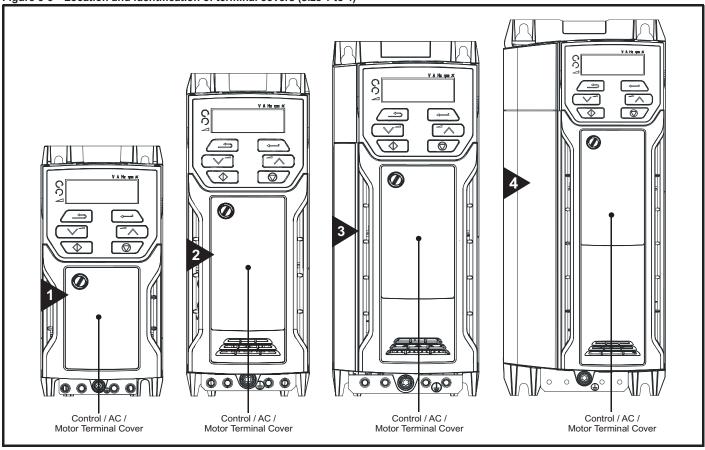
#### Stored charge

The drive contains capacitors that remain charged to a potentially lethal voltage after the AC and / or DC power supply has been disconnected. If the drive has been energized, the power supply must be isolated at least ten minutes before work may continue.

Normally, the capacitors are discharged by an internal resistor. Under certain, unusual fault conditions, it is possible that the capacitors may fail to discharge, or be prevented from being discharged by a voltage applied to the output terminals. If the drive has failed in a manner that causes the display to go blank immediately, it is possible the capacitors will not be discharged. In this case, consult Control Techniques or their authorized distributor.

#### 3.3.1 Removing the terminal covers

Figure 3-3 Location and identification of terminal covers (size 1 to 4)



#### NOTE

The drives shown in Figure 3-3 have a single removable terminal cover which provides access to all electrical connections, i.e. Control, AC, Motor and Brake functions. Figure 3-5 on page 21 illustrates the three steps required to remove the drive terminal covers.

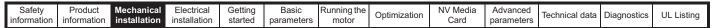


Figure 3-4 Location and identification of terminal covers (size 5 to 6)

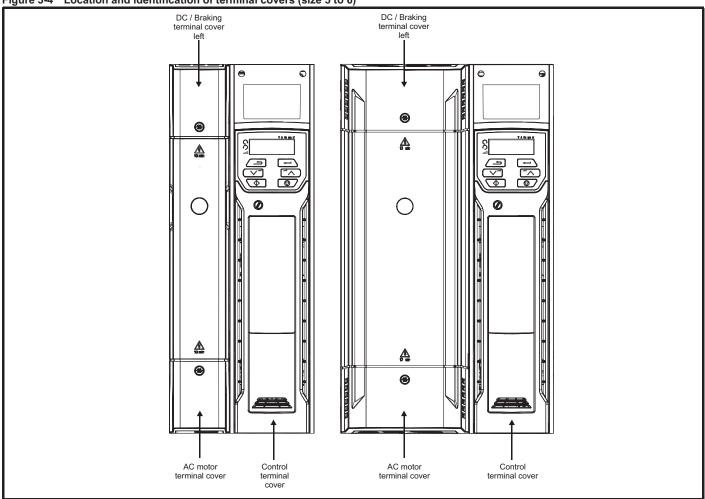
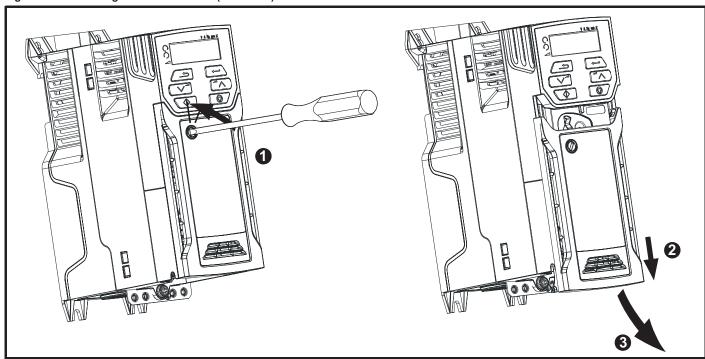


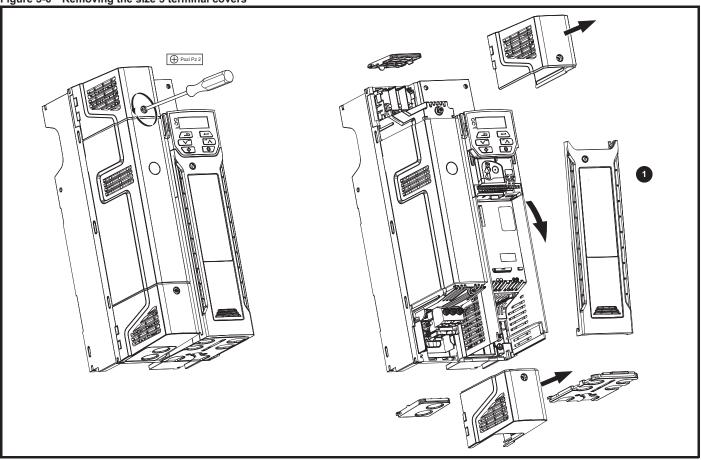
Figure 3-5 Removing the terminal cover (size 1 to 4)



- 1. Using a flat bladed screwdriver, turn the terminal cover locking clip anti-clockwise by approximately 30°
- 2. Slide the terminal cover down
- Remove terminal cover

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Ontimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	III Lieting
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	recrimical data	Diagnostics	UL Listing

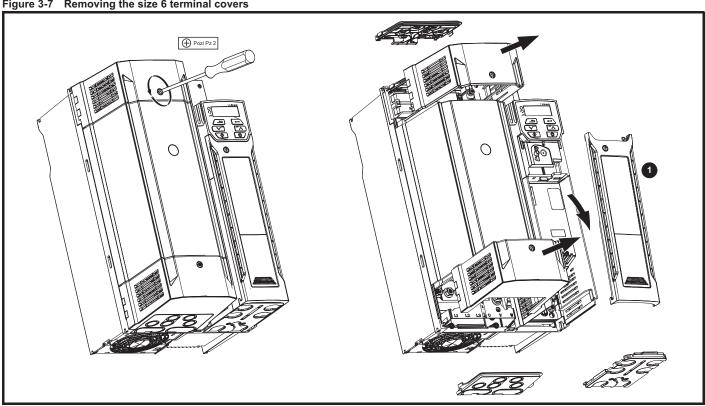
Figure 3-6 Removing the size 5 terminal covers



Control terminal cover

When replacing the terminal covers, the screws should be tightened to a maximum torque of 1 N m (0.7 lb ft).

Figure 3-7 Removing the size 6 terminal covers



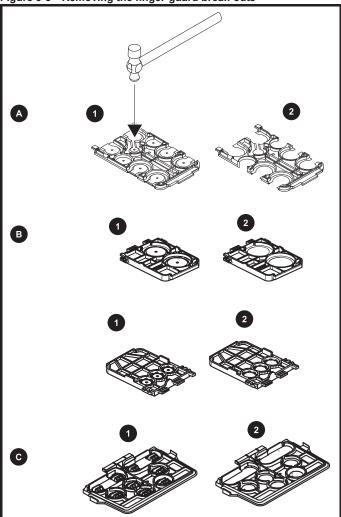
1. Control terminal cover

When replacing the terminal covers, the screws should be tightened to a maximum torque of 1 N m (0.7 lb ft).

Safety information Mechanical installation Electrical installation NV Media Card Product Getting Running the Advanced Optimization Technical data Diagnostics **UL** Listing information started parameters motor parameters

# 3.3.2 Removing the finger-guard and DC terminal cover break-outs

Figure 3-8 Removing the finger-guard break-outs



A: All sizes

B: Size 5 only

C: Size 6 only

Place finger-guard on a flat solid surface and hit relevant break-outs with hammer as shown (1). Continue until all required break-outs are removed (2). Remove any flash / sharp edges once the break-outs are removed.

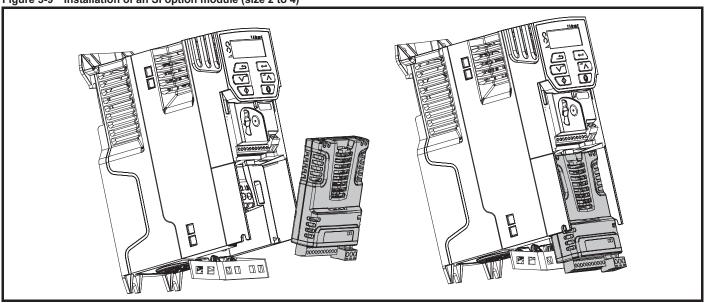
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### 3.4 Installing / removing options



Power down the drive before installing / removing the SI option module. Failure to do so may result in damage to the product.





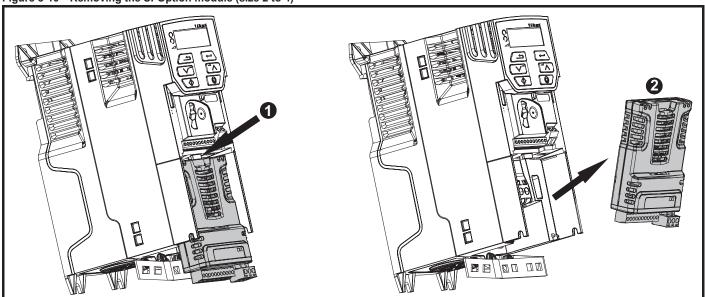
#### Installing the option module

- With the option module tilted slightly backwards, align and locate the two holes in the rear of the option module onto the two tabs (1) on the drive.
- Press the option module onto the drive as shown in (2) until the connector mates with the drive, ensuring that the tab (3) retains the option module in place.

#### NOTE

Check that the option module is securely located on the drive. Always ensure that the terminal cover is always replaced before use as this ensures that the option module is firmly secured.

Figure 3-10 Removing the SI-Option module (size 2 to 4)



- Press down on the tab (1) to release the option module from the drive housing as shown.
- Tilt the option module slightly towards you and pull away from the drive housing (2).

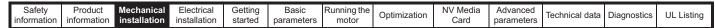
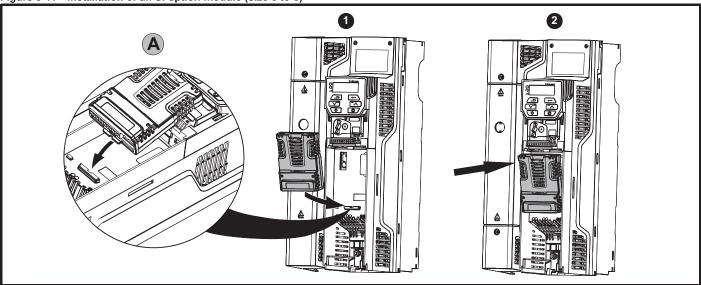
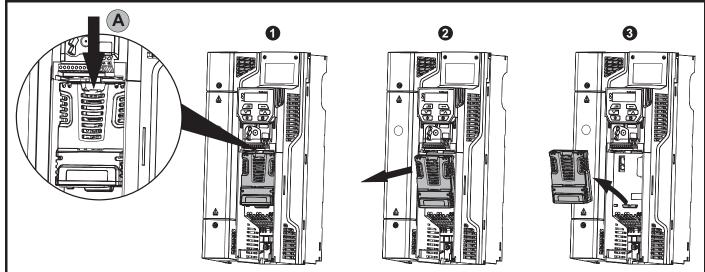


Figure 3-11 Installation of an SI option module (size 5 to 6)



- Move the option module in the direction shown (1).
- · Align and insert the option module tab into the slot provided (2), This is shown in the detailed view (A).
- Press down on the option module until it clicks in place.

Figure 3-12 Removal of an SI option module (size 5 to 6)



- To release the option module from the drive housing, press down on the tab (1) as shown in detailed view (A).
- Tilt the option module towards you as shown in (2).
- Remove the option module by lifting away from the drive as shown in (3).

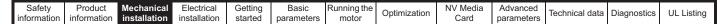
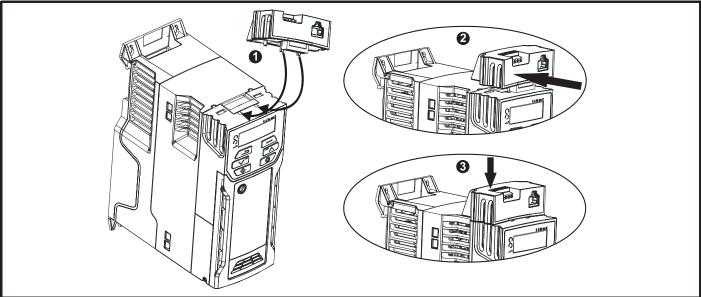
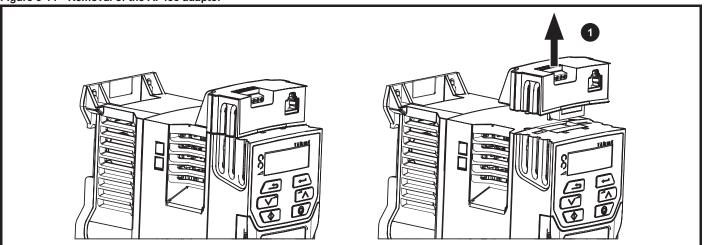


Figure 3-13 Installing the Al-485 adaptor to the drive



- Identify the two plastic fingers on the underside of the Al-485 Adaptor (1) then insert the two fingers into the corresponding slots in the spring-loaded sliding cover on the top of the drive.
- Hold the adaptor firmly and push the spring loaded protective cover towards the back of the drive to expose the connector block (2) below.
- Press the adaptor downwards (3) until the adaptor connector locates into the drive connection below.

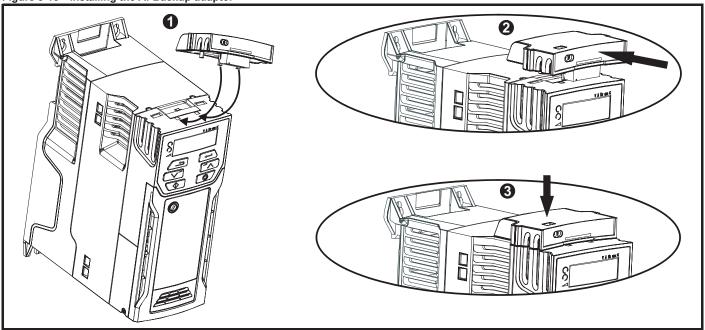
Figure 3-14 Removal of the Al-485 adaptor



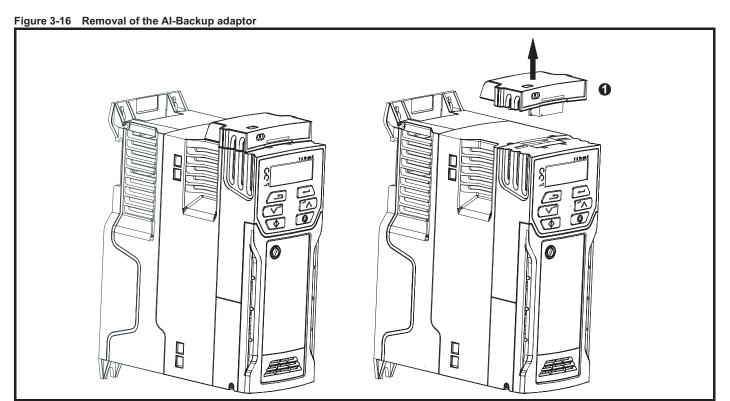
To remove the Al-Adaptor, pull it up away from the drive in the direction shown (1)

Mechanical installation Product Getting Running the NV Media Advanced Optimization Technical data Diagnostics **UL** Listing information information installation parameters motor Card parameters

Figure 3-15 Installing the Al-Backup adaptor



- Identify the two plastic fingers on the underside of the Al-Backup adaptor (1) then insert the two fingers into the corresponding slots in the spring-loaded sliding cover on the top of the drive.
- Hold the adaptor firmly and push the spring loaded protective cover towards the back of the drive to expose the connector block (2) below.
- · Press the adaptor downwards (3) until the adaptor connector locates into the drive connection as shown.



• To remove the Al-Backup adaptor, pull it up away from the drive in the direction shown (1)

	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listing
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### 3.5 Dimensions and mounting methods

The drive can be either surface or through-panel mounted using the appropriate brackets. The following drawings show the dimensions of the drive and mounting holes for each method to allow a back plate to be prepared.

The Through-panel mounting kit is not supplied with the drive and can be purchased separately, below are the relevant part numbers:

Table 3-1 Through-panel mounting kit part numbers for size 5 to 6

Size	CT part number
5	3470-0067
6	3470-0055



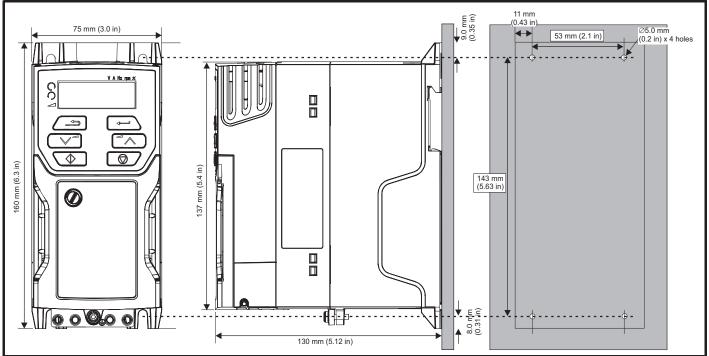
If the drive has been used at high load levels for a period of time, the heatsink can reach temperatures in excess of 70  $^{\circ}$ C (158  $^{\circ}$ F). Human contact with the heatsink should be prevented.



Many of the drives in this product range weigh in excess of 15 kg (33 lb). Use appropriate safeguards when lifting these models. A full list of drive weights can be found in section 11.1.19 *Weights* on page 169.

### 3.5.1 Surface mounting

Figure 3-17 Surface mounting the size 1 drive



Safety information Mechanical installation NV Media Card Product Electrical Getting Basic Running the Advanced Optimization Technical data Diagnostics **UL** Listing information installation started parameters motor parameters

Figure 3-18 Surface mounting the size 2 drive

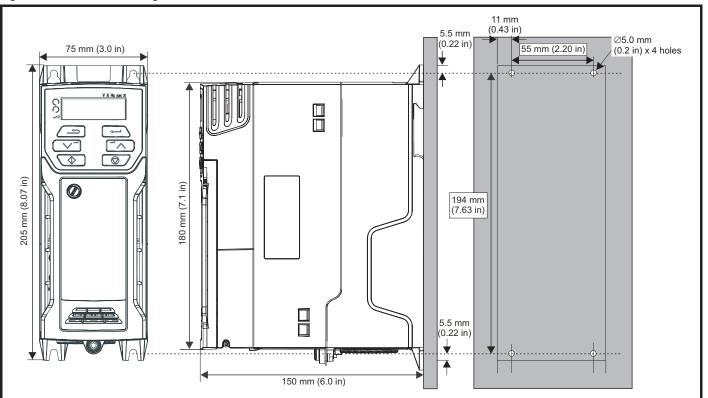
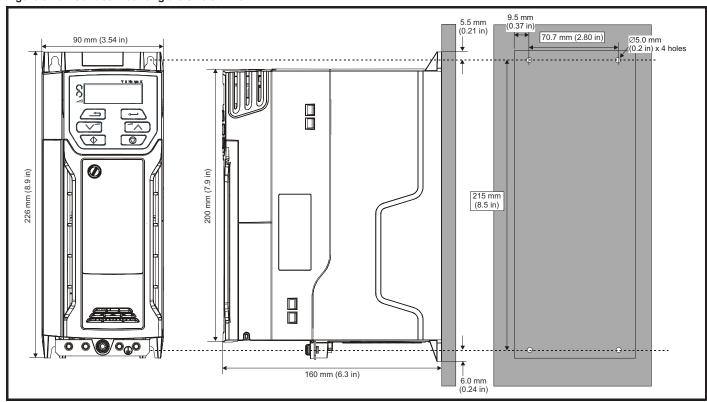


Figure 3-19 Surface mounting the size 3 drive



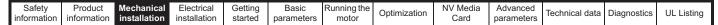


Figure 3-20 Surface mounting the size 4 drive

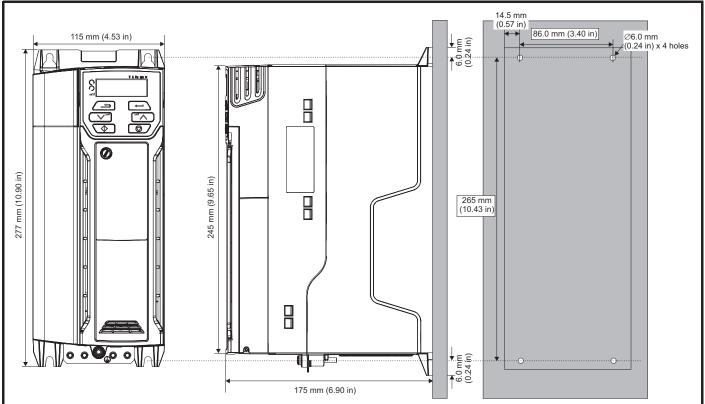
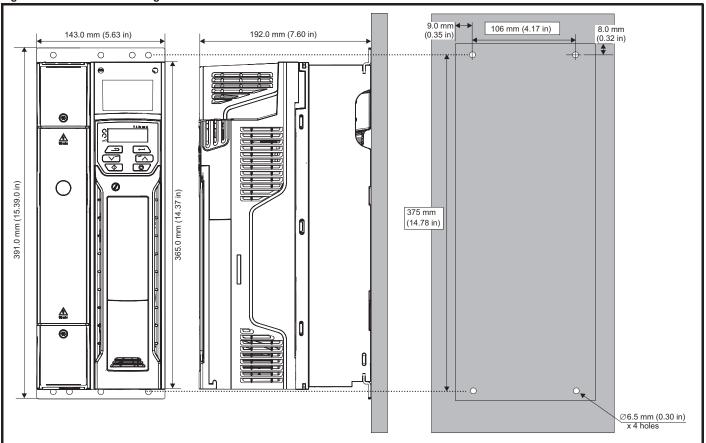


Figure 3-21 Surface mounting the size 5 drive



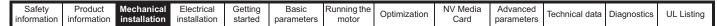
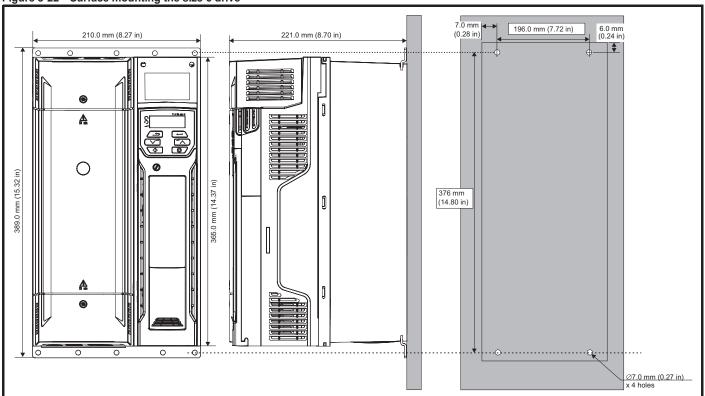
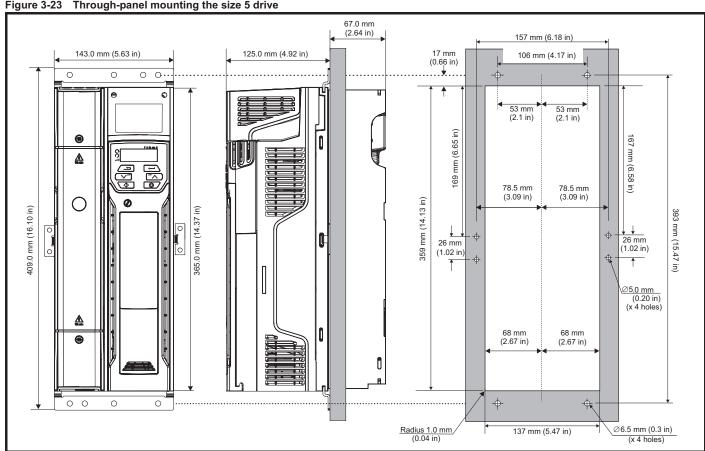


Figure 3-22 Surface mounting the size 6 drive



#### 3.5.2 **Through-panel mounting**

Figure 3-23 Through-panel mounting the size 5 drive



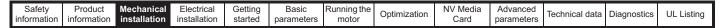
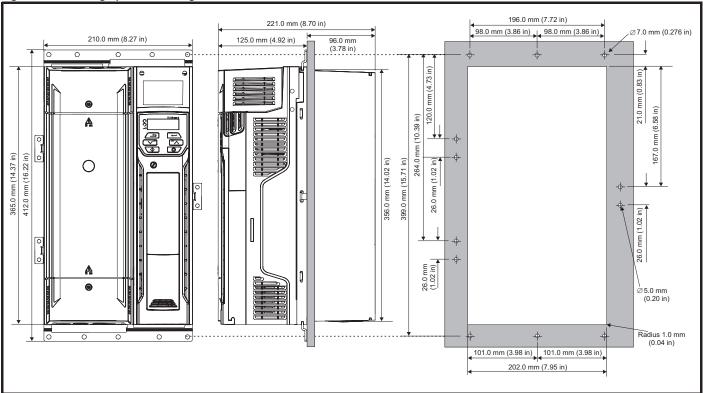


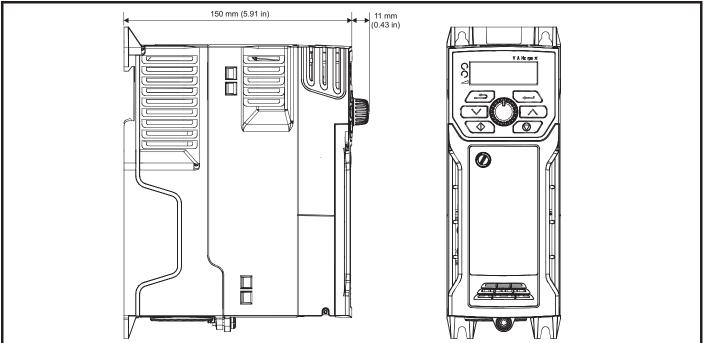
Figure 3-24 Through-panel mounting the size 6 drive



NOTE

The outer holes plus the hole located in the center of the bracket are to be used for through panel mounting.

Figure 3-25 Size 2 M201 Variant with front panel potentiometer control



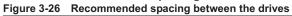
Г	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Ontimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listina
H	nformation	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

### 3.5.3 Mounting brackets

Table 3-2 Mounting brackets (size 5 to 6)

Frame size	Surface	Qty	Through-panel	Qty
5		x 2	Hole size: 5.2 mm (0.21 in)	x 2
	Hole size: 6.5 mm (0.26 in)		O O O T	x 2
6		x 2	Hole size: 5.2 mm (0.21 in)	x 3
	Hole size: 6.5 mm (0.26 in)		Hole size: 6.5 mm (0.26 in)	x 2

### 3.5.4 Recommended spacing between the drives



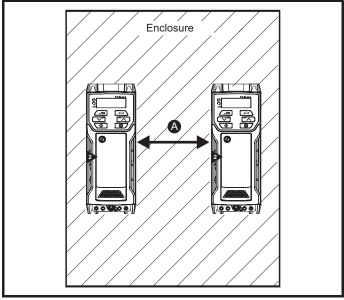


Table 3-3 Spacing required between the drives (without high IP bung)

Drive size	Spacing (A)						
Dilve size	40 °C	50 °C*					
1							
2	0 mm (0.00)						
3	0 11111 (0.00)						
4							
5	0 mm (0.00)	30 mm (1.18 in)					
6	0 mm (0.00 in)						

<sup>\* 50 °</sup>C derating applies, refer to Table 11-5 Maximum permissible continuous output current @ 50 °C (122 °F) (size 5 to 6) on page 162.

#### NOTE

When through-panel mounted, ideally drives should be spaced 30 mm (1.18 in) to maximize panel stiffness.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Ontimization	NV Media	Advanced	Tachnical data	Diagnostica	III Liatina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listing

### 3.6 Enclosure for standard drives

### 3.6.1 Enclosure layout

Please observe the clearances in the diagram below taking into account any appropriate notes for other devices / auxiliary equipment when planning the installation.

Figure 3-27 Enclosure layout

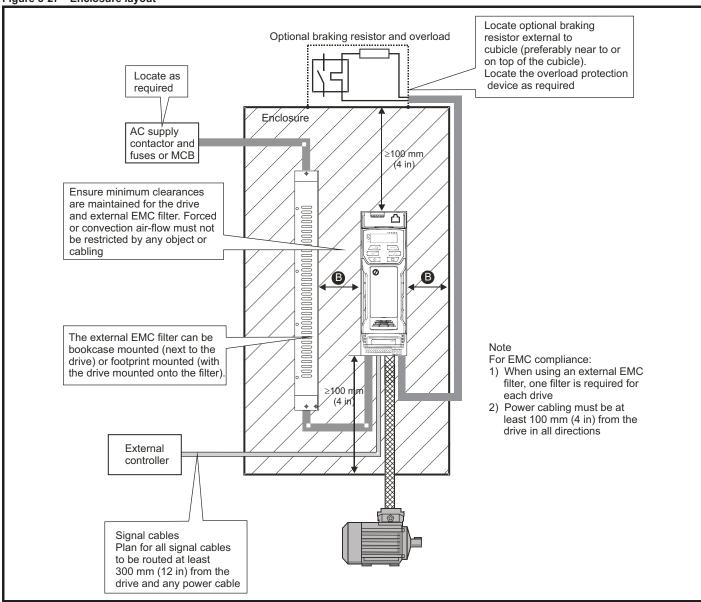


Table 3-4 Spacing required between drive / enclosure and drive / EMC filter

Drive Size	Spacing (B)						
1							
2	0 mm (0.00 in)						
3	0 111111 (0.00 111)						
4							
5	30 mm (1.18 in)						
6	30 11111 (1.10 111)						

Safety Running the NV Media Optimization Technical data Diagnostics **UL** Listina information information installation installation started parameters motor Card parameters

### 3.6.2 Enclosure sizing

- 1. Add the dissipation figures from section 11.1.2 *Power dissipation* on page 163 for each drive that is to be installed in the enclosure.
- If an external EMC filter is to be used with each drive, add the dissipation figures from section 11.2.1 EMC filter ratings on page 178 for each external EMC filter that is to be installed in the enclosure.
- If the braking resistor is to be mounted inside the enclosure, add the average power figures from for each braking resistor that is to be installed in the enclosure.
- 4. Calculate the total heat dissipation (in Watts) of any other equipment to be installed in the enclosure.
- Add the heat dissipation figures obtained above. This gives a figure in Watts for the total heat that will be dissipated inside the enclosure.

### Calculating the size of a sealed enclosure

The enclosure transfers internally generated heat into the surrounding air by natural convection (or external forced air flow); the greater the surface area of the enclosure walls, the better is the dissipation capability. Only the surfaces of the enclosure that are unobstructed (not in contact with a wall or floor) can dissipate heat.

Calculate the minimum required unobstructed surface area  $\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{e}}$  for the enclosure from:

$$A_{e} = \frac{P}{k(T_{int} - T_{ext})}$$

Where:

 $A_e$  Unobstructed surface area in m<sup>2</sup> (1 m<sup>2</sup> = 10.9 ft<sup>2</sup>)

T<sub>ext</sub> Maximum expected temperature in °C *outside* the enclosure

**T**<sub>int</sub> Maximum permissible temperature in °C *inside* the enclosure

P Power in Watts dissipated by all heat sources in the enclosure

k Heat transmission coefficient of the enclosure material in W/m²/°C

#### Example

To calculate the size of an enclosure for the following:

- Two drives operating at the Normal Duty rating
- External EMC filter for each drive
- Braking resistors are to be mounted outside the enclosure
- Maximum ambient temperature inside the enclosure: 40°C
- Maximum ambient temperature outside the enclosure: 30°C

For example, if the power dissipation from each drive is 187 W and the power dissipation from each external EMC filter is 9.2 W.

Total dissipation: 2 x (187 + 9.2) = 392.4 W

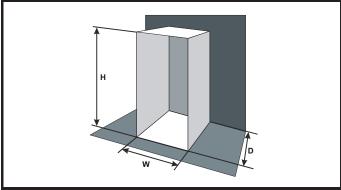
#### NOTE

Power dissipation for the drives and the external EMC filters can be obtained from Chapter 11 *Technical data* on page 159.

The enclosure is to be made from painted 2 mm (0.079 in) sheet steel having a heat transmission coefficient of  $5.5 \text{ W/m}^2/^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Only the top, front, and two sides of the enclosure are free to dissipate heat.

The value of 5.5 W/m<sup>2</sup>/°C can generally be used with a sheet steel enclosure (exact values can be obtained by the supplier of the material). If in any doubt, allow for a greater margin in the temperature rise.

Figure 3-28 Enclosure having front, sides and top panels free to dissipate heat



Insert the following values:

T<sub>int</sub> 40 °C T<sub>ext</sub> 30 °C k 5.5 P 392.4 W

The minimum required heat conducting area is then:

$$\mathbf{A_e} \,=\, \frac{392.4}{5.5(40-30)}$$

= 7.135 
$$m^2$$
 (77.8  $ft^2$ ) (1  $m^2$  = 10.9  $ft^2$ )

Estimate two of the enclosure dimensions - the height (H) and depth (D), for instance. Calculate the width (W) from:

$$W \,=\, \frac{A_e - 2HD}{H + D}$$

Inserting  $\mathbf{H} = 2m$  and  $\mathbf{D} = 0.6$  m, obtain the minimum width:

$$W \,=\, \frac{7.135 - (2 \times 2 \times 0.6)}{2 + 0.6}$$

If the enclosure is too large for the space available, it can be made smaller only by attending to one or all of the following:

- Using a lower PWM switching frequency to reduce the dissipation in the drives
- Reducing the ambient temperature outside the enclosure, and/or applying forced-air cooling to the outside of the enclosure
- · Reducing the number of drives in the enclosure
- · Removing other heat-generating equipment

### Calculating the air-flow in a ventilated enclosure

The dimensions of the enclosure are required only for accommodating the equipment. The equipment is cooled by the forced air flow.

Calculate the minimum required volume of ventilating air from:

$$V = \frac{3kP}{T_{int} - T_{ext}}$$

Where:

V Air-flow in m<sup>3</sup> per hour (1 m<sup>3</sup>/hr = 0.59 ft<sup>3</sup>/min)

T<sub>ext</sub> Maximum expected temperature in °C *outside* the enclosure

T<sub>int</sub> Maximum permissible temperature in °C *inside* the enclosure

P Power in Watts dissipated by *all* heat sources in the

k Ratio of  $\frac{P_o}{P_I}$ 

Where:

P<sub>0</sub> is the air pressure at sea level

P<sub>I</sub> is the air pressure at the installation

Typically use a factor of 1.2 to 1.3, to allow also for pressure-drops in dirty air-filters.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	lecillical data	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

#### Example

To calculate the size of an enclosure for the following:

- · Three drives operating at the Normal Duty rating
- · External EMC filter for each drive
- Braking resistors are to be mounted outside the enclosure
- Maximum ambient temperature inside the enclosure: 40 °C
- Maximum ambient temperature outside the enclosure: 30 °C

For example, dissipation of each drive: 101 W and dissipation of each external EMC filter: 6.9 W (max).

Total dissipation: 3 x (101 + 6.9) = 323.7 W

Insert the following values:

**T**<sub>int</sub> 40 °C **T**<sub>ext</sub> 30 °C **k** 1.3 **P** 323.7 W

Then:

$$V = \frac{3 \times 1.3 \times 323.7}{40 - 30}$$

= 126.2  $m^3/hr$  (74.5  $ft^3/min$ ) (1  $m^3/hr$  = 0.59  $ft^3/min$ )

# 3.7 Enclosure design and drive ambient temperature

Drive derating is required for operation in high ambient temperatures

Totally enclosing or through panel mounting the drive in either a sealed cabinet (no airflow) or in a well ventilated cabinet makes a significant difference on drive cooling.

The chosen method affects the ambient temperature value ( $T_{\text{rate}}$ ) which should be used for any necessary derating to ensure sufficient cooling for the whole of the drive.

The ambient temperature for the four different combinations is defined below:

- 1. Totally enclosed with no air flow (<2 m/s) over the drive  $T_{rate} = T_{int} + 5 \, ^{\circ}C$
- 2. Totally enclosed with air flow (>2 m/s) over the drive  $T_{\rm rate} = T_{\rm int}$
- Through panel mounted with no airflow (<2 m/s) over the drive T<sub>rate</sub> = the greater of T<sub>ext</sub> +5 °C, or T<sub>int</sub>
- 4. Through panel mounted with air flow (>2 m/s) over the drive  $T_{rate}$  = the greater of  $T_{ext}$  or  $T_{int}$

Where:

 $T_{ext}$  = Temperature outside the cabinet

T<sub>int</sub> = Temperature inside the cabinet

T<sub>rate</sub> = Temperature used to select current rating from tables in Chapter 11 *Technical data* on page 159.

### 3.8 Heatsink fan operation

The drive is ventilated by an internal heatsink fan. The fan channels air through the heatsink chamber.

Ensure the minimum clearances around the drive are maintained to allow air to flow freely.

The heatsink fan on all drive sizes is a variable speed fan. The drive controls the speed at which the fan runs based on the temperature of the heatsink and the drive's thermal model system. The maximum speed at which the fan operates can be limited in Pr **06.045**. This could incur an output current derating. Refer to section 3.12.1 *Fan removal procedure* on page 44 for information on fan removal. The size 6 is also installed with a variable speed fan to ventilate the capacitor bank. The heatsink fan on the size 5 to 6 is supplied internally by the drive.

Safety Product information information installation insta

# 3.9 Enclosing size 5 to 6 drive for high environmental protection

An explanation of the environmental protection rating is provided in section 11.1.9 *IP / UL Rating* on page 167.

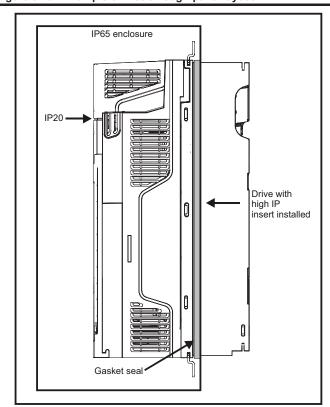
The standard drive is rated to IP20 pollution degree 2 (dry, non-conductive contamination only). However, it is possible to configure the size 5 to 6 drive to achieve IP65 rating at the rear of the heatsink for through-panel mounting (some current derating is required).

Refer to Table 11-3 on page 160.

This allows the front of the size 5 to 6 drive, along with the various switchgear, to be housed in an IP65 enclosure with the heatsink protruding through the panel to the external environment. The majority of the heat generated by the drive is dissipated outside the enclosure, thereby maintaining a reduced temperature inside the enclosure.

This relies on a good seal being made between the heatsink and the rear of the enclosure using the gaskets provided.

Figure 3-29 Example of IP65 through-panel layout



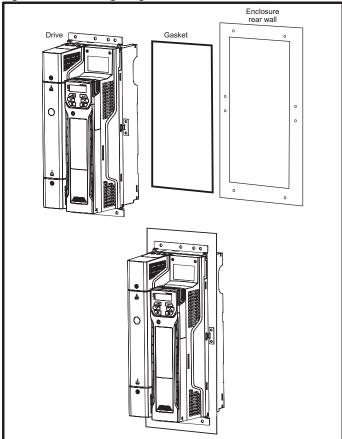
The main gasket should be installed as shown in Figure 3-30

In order to achieve the high IP rating on the size 5 drive, it is necessary to seal a heatsink vent by installing the high IP insert as shown in Figure 3-32

Table 3-5 Through-panel mounting kit part numbers

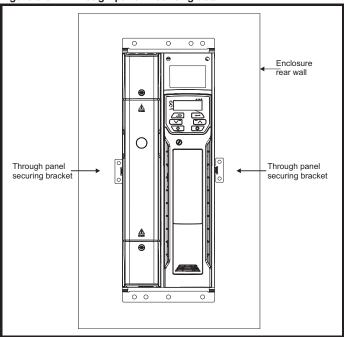
<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Size	CT part number
5	3470-0067
6	3470-0055

Figure 3-30 Installing the gasket



To seal the space between the drive and the backplate, use the two securing brackets as shown in Figure 3-30. The securing brackets, gasket and high IP inserts are included in the through-panel mounting kit. The part numbers are shown in Table 3-5.

Figure 3-31 Through-panel mounting detail



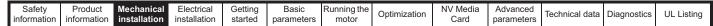
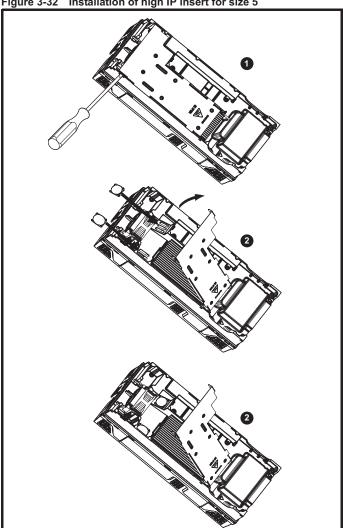


Figure 3-32 Installation of high IP insert for size 5



- To install the high IP insert, firstly place a flat head screwdriver into the slot highlighted (1).
- Pull the hinged baffle up to expose the ventilation holes, install the high IP inserts into the ventilation holes in the heatsink (2).
- Ensure the high IP inserts are securely installed by firmly pressing them into place (3).
- Close the hinged baffle as shown (1).

To remove the high IP inserts, reverse the above instructions.

The guidelines in Table 3-7 should be followed.

Table 3-6 Environmental considerations

Environment	High IP insert	Comments
Clean	Not installed	
Dry, dusty (non-conductive)	Installed	Regular cleaning
Dry, dusty (conductive)	Installed	recommended
IP65 compliance	Installed	rocommonaca

A current derating must be applied to the drive if the high IP insert is installed. Derating information is provided in section 11.1.1 Power and current ratings (Derating for switching frequency and temperature) on page 159.

Failure to do so may result in nuisance tripping.

When designing an IP65 enclosure, refer to Figure 3-29 on page 37 for an example of an IP65 through-panel layout. Consideration should be made with regard to the heat dissipation from the front of the drive.

Table 3-7 Power losses from the front of the drive when throughpanel mounted

Frame size	Power loss
5	
6	

	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listina
-	information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	recrimical data	Diagnostics	OL LISHING

# 3.10 External EMC filter

The external EMC filter details for each drive rating are provided in the table below.

Table 3-8 Drive and EMC filter cross reference

	Model	CT part number	We	eight
	Model	CT part number	kg	lb
200 V			•	
	05200250	4200-0312	5.5	12.13
	06200330 to 06200440	4200-2300	6.5	14.3
400 V				
	05400270 to 05400300	4200-0402	5.5	12.13
	06400350 to 06400470	4200-4800	6.7	14.8
575 V				
	05500030 to 05500069	4200-0122		
	06500100 to 06500350	4200-3690	7.0	15.4

Mount the external EMC filter following the guidelines in section 4.8.5 Compliance with generic emission standards on page 66.

Figure 3-33 Footprint mounting the EMC filter

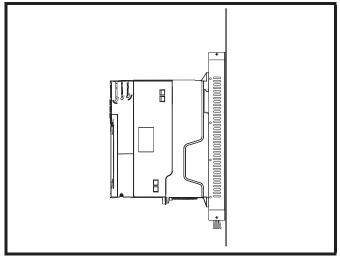
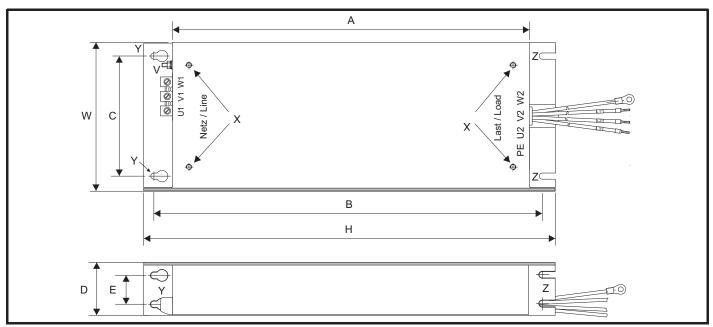


Figure 3-34 Bookcase mounting the EMC filter

Figure 3-35 Size 1 to 6 external EMC filter



V: Ground stud

- X: Threaded holes for footprint mounting of the drive
- CS: Cable size

Y: Footprint mounting hole diameter

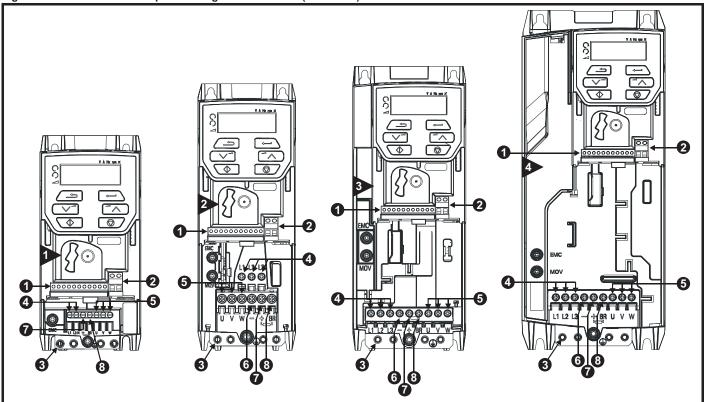
Z: Bookcase mounting slot diameter.

	formation ins	tallation ins	tallation sta	arted para		ning the notor	ptimization	NV Media Card	Advand parame		Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listing
CT part number	A	В	C	D	E	н	W	V	:	X	Υ	Z	cs
able 3-10	Size 2 exte	rnal EMC fil	lter dimens	ions									
CT part number	Α	В	С	D	E	Н	w	V		X	Y	Z	cs
able 3-11	Size 3 exte	rnal EMC fil	ter dimens	ions									
CT part number	Α	В	С	D	E	Н	W	V		х	Υ	Z	cs
able 3-12	Size 4 exte	rnal EMC fil	ter dimens	ions									
CT part number	A	В	С	D	E	н	w	V		х	Y	Z	cs
able 3-13	Size 5 exte	rnal EMC fil	ter dimens	ions									
CT part number	А	В	С	D	E	F	н	w	V	Х	Y	Z	cs
4200-0312 4200-0402 4200-0122	395 mm (15.55 in)	425 mm (16.73 in)	106 mm (4.17 in)	60 mm (2.36 in)	33 mm (1.30 in)	11.5 mm (0.45 in)	437 mm (17.2 in)	143 mm (5.63 in)	M6	M6	6.5 mm (0.26 in)	6.5 mm (0.26 in)	10 mm <sup>2</sup> (8 AWG 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (14 AWG
able 3-14	Size 6 exte	rnal EMC fil	ter dimens	ions				•	· '		· '		
CT part number	Α	В	С	D	E	F	Н	w	V	х	Y	Z	cs
			i		ı		1	1	i	1			

Safety information Mechanical installation Electrical installation NV Media Card Product Getting Running the Advanced Optimization Technical data Diagnostics **UL** Listing information started parameters motor parameters

### 3.11 **Electrical terminals**

3.11.1 Location of the power and ground terminals Figure 3-36 Locations of the power and ground terminals (size 1 to 4)



## Key:

- 1. Control terminals
- 2. Relay terminals
- 3. Ground connections

- 4. AC power terminals
- 5. Motor terminals
- 6. DC bus -

- 7. DC bus +
- 8. Brake terminal

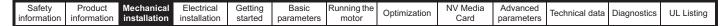
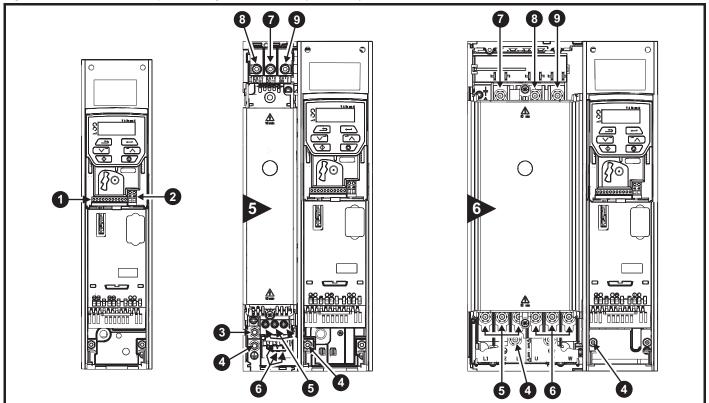


Figure 3-37 Locations of the power and ground terminals (size 5 to 6)



## Key

- 1. Control terminals
- 2. Relay terminals
- 3. Additional ground connection
- 4. Ground connections
- 5. AC power terminals
- 6. Motor terminals

- 7. DC bus -
- 8. DC bus +
- 9. Brake terminal

# 3.11.2 Terminal sizes and torque settings



To avoid a fire hazard and maintain validity of the UL listing, adhere to the specified tightening torques for the power and ground terminals. Refer to the following tables.

Table 3-15 Drive control terminal data

Model	Connection type	Torque setting
All	Screw terminals	0.2 N m (0.15 lb ft)

Table 3-16 Drive relay terminal data

Model	Connection type	Torque setting
All	Screw terminals	0.5 N m (0.4 lb ft)

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	Toominoar data	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

# Table 3-17 Drive power terminal data

Model	Model AC and motor terminals size Recommended Maximum		DC and b	aking	Ground terminal		
size			Recommended Maximum		Recommended	Maximum	
1	0.5 N m (0.4 lb ft)		0.5 N m (0.4 lb ft)				
2					1.5 N m (1.1 lb ft)		
3	1.4 N m (1 lb ft)		1.4 N m (1 lb ft)		1.5 14 111 (1.1 15 11)		
4							
5	Plug-in termi	nal block	M4 Nut (7 r	nm AF)	M5 Nut (8 r	nm AF)	
Ŭ	1.5 N m (1.1 lb ft)	1.8 N m (1.3 lb ft)	1.5 N m (1.1 lb ft)	2.5 N m (1.8 lb ft)	2.0 N m (1.4 lb ft)	5.0 N m (3.7 lb ft)	
6	M6 Nut (10 mm AF)		M6 Nut (10	mm AF)	M6 Nut (10	mm AF)	
	6.0 N m (4.4 lb ft)	8.0 N m (6.0 lb ft)	6.0 N m (4.4 lb ft)	8.0 N m (6.0 lb ft)	6.0 N m (4.4 lb ft)	8.0 N m (6.0 lb ft)	

# Table 3-18 Terminal block maximum cable sizes

Model size	Terminal block description	Max cable size
All	Control connector	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (16 AWG)
All	2-way relay connector	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (12 AWG)
	AC input power connector	6 mm <sup>2</sup> (10 AWG)
1 to 4	AC output power connector	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (12 AWG)
5	3-way AC power connector 3-way motor connector	8 mm <sup>2</sup> (8 AWG)

Table 3-19 External EMC filter terminal data

CT part		wer ctions		ound ections
number	Max cable size Max torque		Ground stud size	Max torque
4200-2300		2.3 N m		4.8 N m
4200-4800	16 mm <sup>2</sup>	(1.70 lb ft)	M6	(2.8 lb ft)
4200-3690		( 5 15 11)		(=:5 15 11)

# 3.12 Routine maintenance

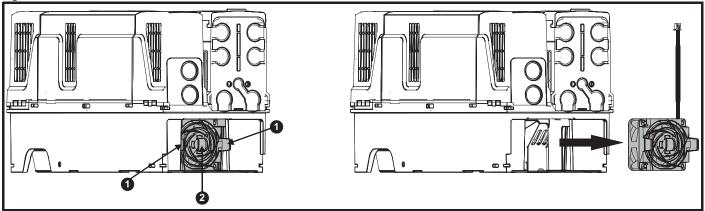
The drive should be installed in a cool, clean, well ventilated location. Contact with moisture and/or dust with the drive should be avoided.

Regular checks of the following should be carried out to ensure drive / installation reliability are maximized:

Environment	
Ambient temperature	Ensure the enclosure temperature remains at or below maximum specified
Dust	Ensure the drive remains dust free – check that the heatsink and drive fan are not gathering dust. The lifetime of the fan is reduced in dusty environments
Moisture	Ensure the drive enclosure shows no signs of condensation
Enclosure	
Enclosure door filters	Ensure filters are not blocked and that air is free to flow
Electrical	
Screw connections	Ensure all screw terminals remain tight
Crimp terminals	Ensure all crimp terminals remains tight – check for any discoloration which could indicate overheating
Cables	Check all cables for signs of damage

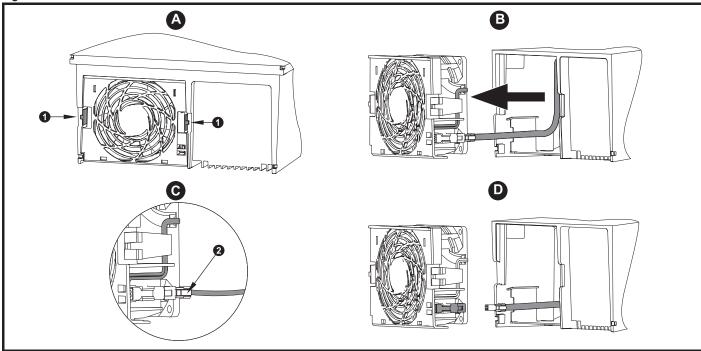
# 3.12.1 Fan removal procedure

# Figure 3-38 Removal of size 5 heatsink fan



- A: Press the tabs (1) inwards to release the fan assembly from the underside of the drive.
- **B**: Use the tabs (1) to withdraw the fan by pulling it away from the drive.
- C: Depress and hold the locking release on the fan cable lead as shown (2).
- D: With the locking release depressed (2), take hold of the fan supply cable and carefully pull to separate the connectors.

Figure 3-39 Removal of the size 6 heatsink fan



- A: Press the tabs (1) inwards to release the fan assembly from the underside of the drive.
- **B**: Use the tabs (1) to withdraw the fan by pulling it away from the drive.
- C: Depress and hold the locking release on the fan cable lead as shown (2).
- D: With the locking release depressed (2), take hold of the fan supply cable and carefully pull to separate the connectors.

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### 4 Electrical installation

Many cable management features have been incorporated into the product and accessories, this chapter shows how to optimize them. Key features include:

- Internal EMC filter
- EMC compliance with shielding / grounding accessories
- Product rating, fusing and cabling information
- Brake resistor details (selection / ratings)



### Electric shock risk

The voltages present in the following locations can cause severe electric shock and may be lethal:

- AC supply cables and connections
- DC and brake cables, and connections
- Output cables and connections
- Many internal parts of the drive, and external option units Unless otherwise indicated, control terminals are single insulated and must not be touched.



### Isolation device

The AC and / or DC power supply must be disconnected from the drive using an approved isolation device before any cover is removed from the drive or before any servicing work WARNING is performed.



### **STOP** function

The STOP function does not remove dangerous voltages from the drive, the motor or any external option units.



# Stored charge

The drive contains capacitors that remain charged to a potentially lethal voltage after the AC and / or DC power supply has been disconnected. If the drive has been energized, the AC and / or DC power supply must be isolated at least ten minutes before work may continue.

Normally, the capacitors are discharged by an internal resistor. Under certain, unusual fault conditions, it is possible that the capacitors may fail to discharge, or be prevented from being discharged by a voltage applied to the output terminals. If the drive has failed in a manner that causes the display to go blank immediately, it is possible the capacitors will not be discharged. In this case, consult Control Techniques or their authorized distributor.



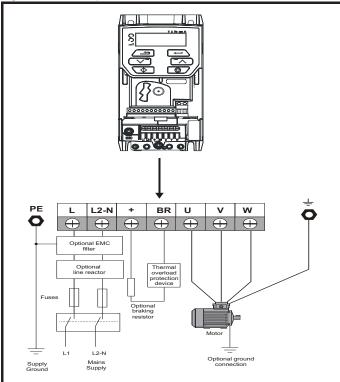
# Equipment supplied by plug and socket

Special attention must be given if the drive is installed in equipment which is connected to the AC supply by a plug and socket. The AC supply terminals of the drive are connected to the internal capacitors through rectifier diodes which are not intended to give safety isolation. If the plug terminals can be touched when the plug is disconnected from the socket, a means of automatically isolating the plug from the drive must be used (e.g. a latching relay).

### 4.1 Power connections

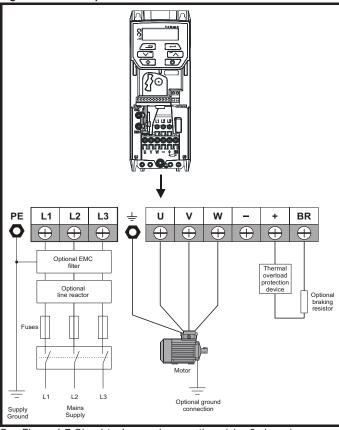
### 4.1.1 AC and DC connections

Figure 4-1 Size 1 power connections



See Figure 4-7 Size 1 to 4 ground connections (size 2 shown) on page 48 for further information on ground connections.

Figure 4-2 Size 2 power connections

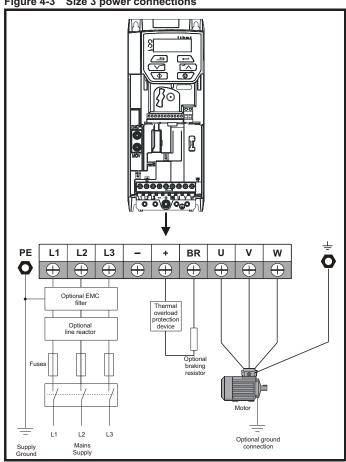


See Figure 4-7 Size 1 to 4 ground connections (size 2 shown) on page 48 for further information on ground connections.

Safety Product Mechanical Getting Running the NV Media Advanced Technical data UL Listing Optimization Diagnostics information information installation installation started parameters Card parameters

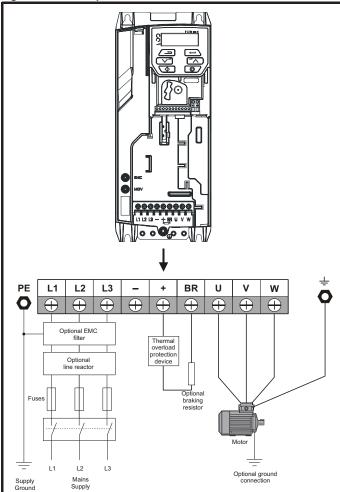
On the size 2 110 V drives, the supply should be connected L1 and L3. Also the DC bus (-) has no internal connection.

Figure 4-3 Size 3 power connections



See Figure 4-7 Size 1 to 4 ground connections (size 2 shown) on page 48 for further information on ground connections.

Figure 4-4 Size 4 power connections



See Figure 4-7 Size 1 to 4 ground connections (size 2 shown) on page 48 for further information on ground connections.

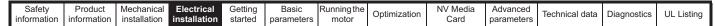
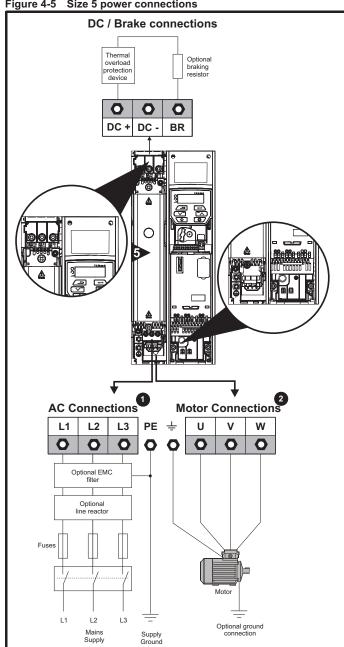
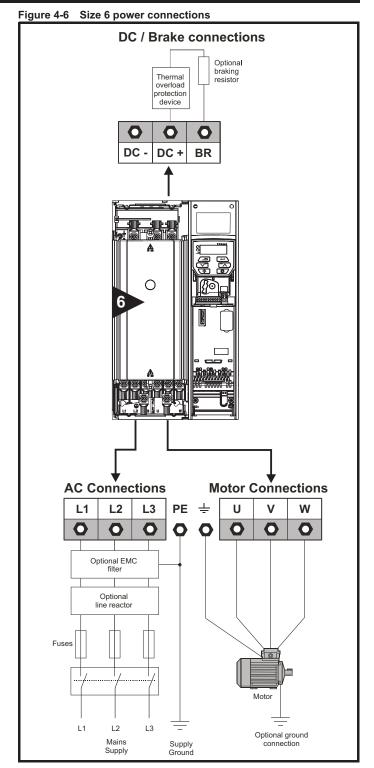


Figure 4-5 Size 5 power connections



The upper terminal block (1) is used for AC supply connection.

The lower terminal block (2) is used for Motor connection.



Safety NV Media Getting Running the Advanced Optimization Technical data Diagnostics **UL** Listina information information installation installation parameters Card parameters

### 4.1.2 Ground connections

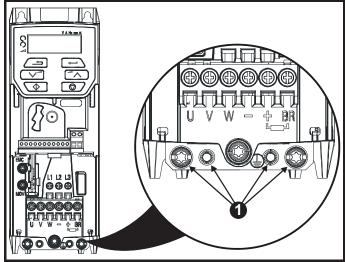


**Electrochemical corrosion of grounding terminals** Ensure that grounding terminals are protected against corrosion i.e. as could be caused by condensation.

### Size 1 to 4

On sizes 1 to 4, the supply and motor ground connections are made using the ground connections located at the bottom of the drive as shown in Figure 4-7.

Figure 4-7 Size 1 to 4 ground connections (size 2 shown)

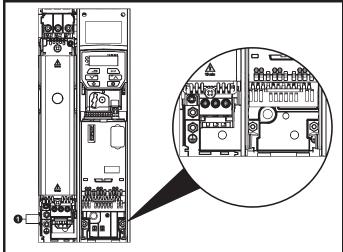


1: 4 x M4 threaded holes for the ground connection.

### Size 5

On size 5 the supply and motor ground connections are made using the M5 studs located near the plug-in power connector.

Figure 4-8 Size 5 ground connections

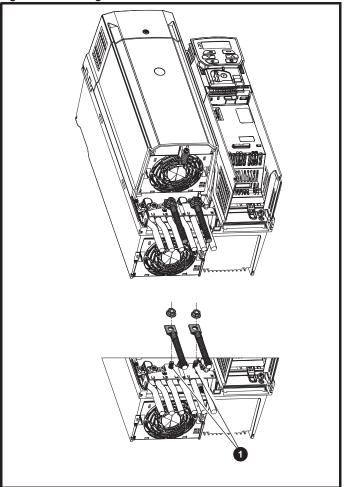


Ground connection studs.

## Size 6

On a size 6, the supply and motor ground connections are made using the M6 studs located above the supply and motor terminals. Refer to Figure 4-9 below.

Figure 4-9 Size 6 ground connections



### 1. Ground connection studs



The ground loop impedance must conform to the requirements of local safety regulations.

The drive must be grounded by a connection capable of carrying the prospective fault current until the protective device (fuse, etc.) disconnects the AC supply.

The ground connections must be inspected and tested at appropriate intervals.

Table 4-1 Protective ground cable ratings

Input phase conductor size	Minimum ground conductor size
≤ 10 mm <sup>2</sup>	Either 10 mm <sup>2</sup> or two conductors of the same cross-sectional area as the input phase conductor.
> 10 mm <sup>2</sup> and ≤ 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	The same cross-sectional area as the input phase conductor
$> 16 \text{ mm}^2 \text{ and } \le 35 \text{ mm}^2$	16 mm <sup>2</sup>
> 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	Half of the cross-sectional area of the input phase conductor

Safety Product Running the NV Media Advanced Optimization Technical data Diagnostics **UL** Listina installation motor information information installation parameter Card parameters

# 4.2 AC supply requirements

Voltage:

100 V drive: 100 V to 120 V ±10 % 200 V drive: 200 V to 240 V ±10 % 400 V drive: 380 V to 480 V ±10 % 575 V drive: 500 V to 575 V ±10 %

Number of phases: 3

Maximum supply imbalance: 2 % negative phase sequence (equivalent to 3 % voltage imbalance between phases).

Frequency range: 48 to 62 Hz

For UL compliance only, the maximum supply symmetrical fault current must be limited to 100 kA  $\,$ 

# 4.2.1 Supply types

All drives are suitable for use on any supply type i.e TN-S, TN-C-S, TT and  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{IT}}$ 

- Supplies with voltage up to 600 V may have grounding at any potential, i.e. neutral, centre or corner ("grounded delta")
- Supplies with voltage above 600 V may not have corner grounding

Drives are suitable for use on supplies of installation category III and lower, according to IEC60664-1. This means they may be connected permanently to the supply at its origin in a building, but for outdoor installation additional over-voltage suppression (transient voltage surge suppression) must be provided to reduce category IV to category III.



### Operation with IT (ungrounded) supplies:

Special attention is required when using internal or external EMC filters with ungrounded supplies, because in the event of a ground (earth) fault in the motor circuit the drive may not trip and the filter could be over-stressed. In this case, either the filter must not be used i.e. removed, or additional independent motor ground fault protection must be provided. For instructions on removal, refer to section 4.8.2 *Internal EMC filter* on page 63.

For details of ground fault protection contact the supplier of the drive.

A ground fault in the supply has no effect in any case. If the motor must continue to run with a ground fault in its own circuit, then an input isolating transformer must be provided, and if an EMC filter is required it must be located in the primary circuit.

Unusual hazards can occur on ungrounded supplies with more than one source, for example on ships. Contact the supplier of the drive for more information.

# 4.2.2 Supplies requiring line reactors

Input line reactors reduce the risk of damage to the drive resulting from poor phase balance or severe disturbances on the supply network.

Where line reactors are to be used, reactance values of approximately 2 % are recommended. Higher values may be used if necessary, but may result in a loss of drive output (reduced torque at high speed) because of the voltage drop.

For all drive ratings, 2 % line reactors permit drives to be used with a supply unbalance of up to 3.5 % negative phase sequence (equivalent to 5 % voltage imbalance between phases).

Severe disturbances may be caused by the following factors, for example:

- Power factor correction equipment connected close to the drive.
- Large DC drives having no or inadequate line reactors connected to the supply.
- Across the line (DOL) started motor(s) connected to the supply such that when any of these motors are started, the voltage dip exceeds 20 %.

Such disturbances may cause excessive peak currents to flow in the input power circuit of the drive. This may cause nuisance tripping, or in extreme cases, failure of the drive.

Drives of low power rating may also be susceptible to disturbance when connected to supplies with a high rated capacity.

Line reactors are particularly recommended for use with the following drive models when one of the above factors exists, or when the supply capacity exceeds 175 kVA. Size 1 to 3.

Model sizes 04200133 to 06500350 have an internal DC choke so they do not require AC line reactors except for cases of excessive phase unbalance or extreme supply conditions.

When required, each drive must have its own reactor(s). Three individual reactors or a single three-phase reactor should be used.

### Reactor current ratings

The current rating of the line reactors should be as follows:

Continuous current rating:

Not less than the continuous input current rating of the drive

Repetitive peak current rating:

Not less than twice the continuous input current rating of the drive

## 4.2.3 Input inductor calculation

To calculate the inductance required (at Y%), use the following equation:

$$L = \frac{Y}{100} \times \frac{V}{\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{1}{2\pi f I}$$

Where:

I = drive rated input current (A)

L = inductance (H)

f = supply frequency (Hz)

**V** = voltage between lines

Г	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runningthe	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listina
i	nformation	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	iconnicai data	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

# 4.2.4 Input line reactor specification for size 1 to 6

Table 4-2 AC line reactor values

Drives used with	Reactor part	Input phases	Inductance	Continuous rms current	Peak current	Weight		Dimensions (mm)	
With	number	pilases	mH	Α	Α	kg	L	D	Н
01200017	4402-0224	1	2.25	6.5	13	0.8	72	65	90
01200024	1102 0221			0.0		0.0		00	
01200033									
01200042	4400 0005		4.0	45.4	00.0		00	7.5	400
02200024 02200033	4402-0225	1	1.0	15.1	30.2	1.1	82	75	100
02200033									
02200042									
02200036	-								
03200100	4402-0226	1	0.5	26.2	52.4	1.5	82	90	105
04200133									
02200024									
02200033									
02200042									
02400013	4400 0007	0	0.0	7.0	45.0	0.5	450	00	450
02400018	4402-0227	3	2.0	7.9	15.8	3.5	150	90	150
02400023									
02400032	1								
02400041									
02200056									
02200075									
03200100									
03400056	4402-0228	3	1.0	15.4	47.4	3.8	150	90	150
03400073									
03400094 04200133									
04200133									
05200250	4402-0229	3	0.4	24.6	49.2	3.8	150	90	150
04200176			¥.1			3.0	.50	- 55	. 50
04400170					-,-		40.5	4.5	
05400270	4402-0232	3	0.6	27.4	54.8	6	180	100	190
05400300									
06200330									
06400350	4400-0240**	3	0.45	46	92	11	190	150	225
06400420									
06200440	4400-0241**	3	0.3	74	148	15	250	150	275
06400470	7700-0241	3	0.5	74	140	15	200	150	210

<sup>\*\*</sup>These input reactors are not stocked by Control Techniques. Contact your local Drive Centre.

# NOTE

The reactance values will be higher than 2 % with some of these drives, which may result in a loss of drive output (reduced torque at high speed) because of the voltage drop.

The AC line reactors for the 110 V and other size drives should be sourced locally.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runningthe	Ontimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	reciffical data	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

Figure 4-10 Input line reactor 4402-0224, 4402-0225 and 4402-0226

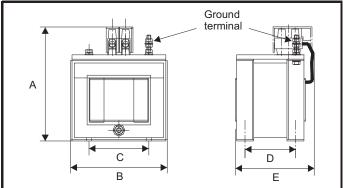


Table 4-3 Dimensions

Part No			Dime	nsions			Ground
T art ivo	Α	В	С	D	Е	Mounting hole	terminal
4402-0224	90 mm (3.54 in)	72 mm (2.84 in)	44.5 mm (1.75in)	35 mm (1.38 in)	65 mm (2.56 in)	0 200 14 4 200	
4402-0225	100 mm (3.94 in)	82 mm (3.23 in)	54 mm (2.13in)	40 mm (1.58 in)	75 mm (2.95 in)	8 mm x 4 mm (0.32 in x 0.16 in)	М3
4402-0226	105 mm (4.13 in)	02 11111 (3.23 111)	54 Hilli (2.15iii)	53 mm (2.09 in)	90 mm (3.54 in)	(0.02 117 0.10 111)	

Figure 4-11 Input line reactor 4402-0227, 4402-0228, 4402-0229

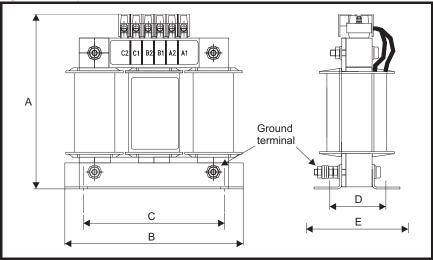


Table 4-4 Dimensions

Part No		Dimensions									
Tartito	Α	В	С	D	E	Mounting slot	terminal				
4402-0227						47 7					
4402-0228	150 mm (5.91in)	150 mm (5.91in)	120 mm (4.72 in)	47 mm (1.85 in)	90 mm (3.54in)	17 mm x 7 mm (0.67 in x 0.28 in)	M5				
4402-0229						(0.07 111 × 0.20 111)					

Safe	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runningthe	Ontimization	NV Media	Advanced	Tachnical data	Diagnostica	UL Listina
informa	on information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	lechnical data	Diagnostics	UL Listing

# 4.3 24 Vdc supply

The 24 Vdc supply connected to the +24 V supply terminals on the Al-Backup adaptor provides the following functions:

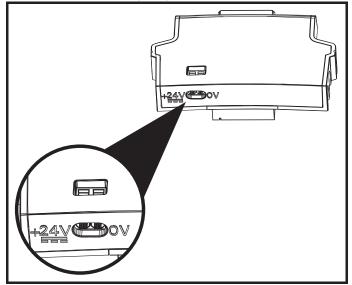
- It can be used as a back-up power supply to keep the control circuits
  of the drive powered up when the line power supply is removed. This
  allows any fieldbus modules or serial communications to continue to
  operate. If the line power supply is re-applied, then the normal
  operation can carry on after the drive automatically re-initializes the
  power board parameters.
- It can be used to clone or load parameters in order to pre-configure
  drives when the line power supply is not available. The keypad can
  be used to setup parameters if required. However, the drive will be in
  the Under Voltage state unless the line power supply is enabled,
  therefore diagnostics may not be possible. (Power down save
  parameters are not saved when using the 24 V back-up power
  supply input).

The working voltage range of the 24 V back-up power supply is as follows:

0 V	0 V								
+ 24 V	+ 24 V Backup supply input								
Nominal	operating voltage	24.0 Vdc							
Minimun	Minimum continuous operating voltage 19.2 V								
Maximu	n continuous operating voltage	30.0 V							
Minimum start up voltage 12.0 V									
Minimun	n power supply requirement at 24 V	20 W							
Recomm	nended fuse	1 A, 50 Vdc							

Minimum and maximum voltage values include ripple and noise. Ripple and noise values must not exceed 5 %.

Figure 4-12 Location of the 24 Vdc power supply connection on the Al-Backup adaptor



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runningthe	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	III Licting
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	recrimical data	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

# 4.4 Ratings

The input current is affected by the supply voltage and impedance.

### **Typical input current**

The values of typical input current are given to aid calculations for power flow and power loss.

The values of typical input current are stated for a balanced supply.

### Maximum continuous input current

The values of maximum continuous input current are given to aid the selection of cables and fuses. These values are stated for the worst case condition with the unusual combination of stiff supply with bad balance. The value stated for the maximum continuous input current would only be seen in one of the input phases. The current in the other two phases would be significantly lower.

The values of maximum input current are stated for a supply with a 2 % negative phase-sequence imbalance and rated at the supply fault current given in Table 4-5.

Table 4-5 Supply fault current used to calculate maximum input currents

Model	Symmetrical fault level (kA)
All	100



### Fuses

The AC supply to the drive must be installed with suitable protection against overload and short-circuits. Table 4-6, Table 4-7, Table 4-8 and Table 4-9 show the recommended fuse ratings. Failure to observe this requirement will cause risk of fire.

Table 4-6 AC Input current and fuse ratings (100 V)

	Tout and tour of	Maximum	Maximum	Fuse	rating
Model	Typical input current	continuous	overload input	IEC gG	Class CC or Class J
Wodel		input current	current	Maximum	Maximum
	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α
01100017	8.7	8.7		10	10
01100024	11.1	11.1		16	16
02100042	18.8	18.8		20	20
02100056	24.0	24.0		25	25

Table 4-7 AC Input current and fuse ratings (200 V)

		Maximum	Maximum				Fuse	rating			
	Typical input	continuous	overload		IEC	;			UL / U	SA	
Model	current	input current	input current	Nominal		mum A	Class	Nominal		mum A	Class
	Α	Α	Α	Α	1ph	3ph		Α	1ph	3ph	1
01200017	4.5	4.5			6				5		
01200024	5.3	5.3					aC		10		CC or J
01200033	8.3	8.3			10		gG		10		CCOIJ
01200042	10.4	10.4			16				16		
02200024	5.3/3.2	5.3/4.1			(	3			10	5	
02200033	8.3/4.3	8.3/6.7			1	0			1	0	1
02200042	10.4/5.4	10.4/7.5			16	10	gG		16	10	CC
02200056	14.9/7.4	14.9/11.3			20	16			20	16	or J
02200075	18.1/9.1	18.1/13.5			20	10			20	10	
03200100	23.9/12.8	23.9/17.7	30/25		25	20	gG		25	20	CC or J
04200133	23.7/13.5	23.7/16.9			25	20	_		25	20	СС
04200176	17.0	21.3				25	gG			25	or J
05200250	24	31	52	40		40	gG	40		40	CC or J
06200330	42	48	64	00		00	_	60		00	CC
06200440	49	56	85	63		63	gG	60		60	or J

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runningthe	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Toohnical data	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	lechnical data	Diagnostics	UL Listing

Table 4-8 AC Input current and fuse ratings (400 V)

	Typical	Maximum	Maximum			Fuse	rating		
Mandal	input	continuous input	overload input		IEC			UL / USA	
Model	current	current	current	Nominal	Maximum	Class	Nominal	Maximum	Class
	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Class	Α	Α	Class
02400013	2.1	2.4							
02400018	2.6	2.9			6			5	
02400023	3.1	3.5			0	gG		1	CC or J
02400032	4.7	5.1						10	
02400041	5.8	6.2			10	1		10	
03400056	8.3	8.7	13		10			10	
03400073	10.2	12.2	18		16	gG		16	CC or J
03400094	13.1	14.8	20.7		10			20	
04400135	14.0	16.3			20			20	00
04400170	18.5	20.7			25	gG		25	CC or J
05400270	26	29	52	40	40	0	35	35	00 1
05400300	27	30	58	40	40	gG	33	33	CC or J
06400350	32	36	67				40		
06400420	41	46	80	63	63	gG	50	60	CC or J
06400470	54	60	90				60		

Table 4-9 AC Input current and fuse ratings (575 V)

	Typical	Maximum	Maximum			Fuse	rating		
Model	input	continuous	overload input		IEC			UL / USA	
Wodei	current	input current	current	Nominal	Maximum	Class	Nominal	Maximum	Class
	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Class	Α	Α	Class
05500030	4	4	7	10			10	10	
05500040	6	7	9	1 10	20	gG	10	10	CC or J
05500069	9	11	15	20			20	20	
06500100	12	13	22	20			20		
06500150	17	19	33	32	40		25	30	
06500190	22	24	41	40		aG.	30		CC or J
06500230	26	29	50	50		gG	35		00013
06500290	33	37	63	30	63		40	50	
06500350	41	47	76	63			50		

# NOTE

Ensure cables used suit local wiring regulations.



The nominal cable sizes below are only a guide. The mounting and grouping of cables affects their current-carrying capacity, in some cases smaller cables may be acceptable but in other cases a larger cable is required to avoid excessive temperature or voltage drop. Refer to local wiring regulations for the correct size of cables.

Table 4-10 Cable ratings (100 V)

Model		Cable size (IE mı	C 60364-5-52) m <sup>2</sup>				(UL508C) VG		
Wodei	In	put	Ou	tput	In	put	Output		
	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum	
01100017	1	6	1	2.5	16	10	16	12	
01100024	1.5	O	1	2.5	14	10	10	12	
02100042	2.5	6	1	2.5	12	10	16	12	
02100056	4		1	2.0	10	10	10	12	

information   information   installation   installation   started   parameters   motor   Spanish   Card   parameters   started   parameters	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started		Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listi
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Table 4-11 Cable ratings (200 V)

Madal		•	C 60364-5-52) m <sup>2</sup>				e (UL508C) VG	
Model	In	put	Ou	tput	In	put	Ou	tput
	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum
01200017								
01200024	1	6	1	2.5	16	10	16	12
01200033	ı	0	'	2.5	10	10	10	12
01200042								
02200024								
02200033	1				16			
02200042		6	1	2.5		10	16	12
02200056	2.5/1.5				12/14			
02200075	2.5				12			
03200100	4	6	1.5	2.5	10/12	10	14	12
04200133	4/2.5	6	2.5	2.5	10	10	12	10
04200176	4	O	2.5	2.5	10	10	12	12
05200250	10	10	10	10	8	8	8	8
06200330	16	25	16	25	4	3	4	3
06200440	25	25	25	25	3	3	3	)

Table 4-12 Cable ratings (400 V)

Model			C 60364-5-52) m <sup>2</sup>				(UL508C) VG	
wodei	In	put	Ou	itput	In	put	Ou	itput
	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum
02400013								
02400018								
02400023	1	6	1	2.5	16	10	16	12
02400032								
02400041	1							
03400056	1		1		14		16	
03400073	1.5	6	1	2.5	12	10	16	12
03400094	2.5		1.5		12		14	
04400135	2.5	- 6	2.5	2.5	10	10	12	12
04400170	4		2.5	2.5	10	10	12	12
05400270	6	6	6	6	8	8	8	8
05400300	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
06400350	10		10		6		6	
06400420	16	25	16	25	4	3	4	3
06400470	25	1	25	1	3	1	3	1

Table 4-13 Cable ratings (575 V)

		Cable size (IE mı	C 60364-5-52) m <sup>2</sup>			Cable size AV	(UL508C) VG	
Model	In	put	0ι	ıtput	In	put	Output	
	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum
05500030	0.75		0.75		16		16	
05500040	1	1.5	1	1.5	14	16	14	16
05500069	1.5		1.5	1	14		14	
06500100	2.5		2.5		14		14	
06500150	4	]	4		10		10	1
06500190	6	25	6	25	10	3	10	3
06500230	10	] 23		25	8	]	8	_ 3
06500290	10		10		6	1	6	
06500350	16	1			0		0	

Safety			Electrical		Basic	Runningthe	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	III Lieting
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	recililical data	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

### NOTE

PVC insulated cable should be used.

### NOTE

Cable sizes are from IEC60364-5-52:2001 table A.52.C with correction factor for 40°C ambient of 0.87 (from table A52.14) for cable installation method B2 (multicore cable in conduit).

### Installation class (ref: IEC60364-5-52:2001)

B1 - Separate cables in conduit.

B2 - Multicore cable in conduit.

C - Multicore cable in free air.

Cable size may be reduced if a different installation method is used, or if the ambient temperature is lower.

### NOTE

The nominal output cable sizes assume that the motor maximum current matches that of the drive. Where a motor of reduced rating is used the cable rating may be chosen to match that of the motor. To ensure that the motor and cable are protected against overload, the drive must be programmed with the correct motor rated current.

A fuse or other protection must be included in all live connections to the AC supply.

### Fuse types

The fuse voltage rating must be suitable for the drive supply voltage.

### MCB

Do not use an MCB instead of the recommended fuses.

### **Ground connections**

The drive must be connected to the system ground of the AC supply. The ground wiring must conform to local regulations and codes of practice.

### NOTE

For information on ground cable sizes, refer to Table 4-1 Protective ground cable ratings on page 48.

### 4.4.1 Main AC supply contactor

The recommended AC supply contactor type for size 1 to 6 is AC1.

# 4.5 Output circuit and motor protection

The output circuit has fast-acting electronic short-circuit protection which limits the fault current to typically no more than 2.5 times the rated output current, and interrupts the current in approximately 20 µs. No additional short-circuit protection devices are required.

The drive provides overload protection for the motor and its cable. For this to be effective, Rated Current (00.006) must be set to suit the motor.



Motor Rated Current (00.006) must be set correctly to avoid a risk of fire in the event of motor overload.

There is also provision for the use of a motor thermistor to prevent over-heating of the motor, e.g. due to loss of cooling.

# 4.5.1 Cable types and lengths

Since capacitance in the motor cable causes loading on the output of the drive, ensure the cable length does not exceed the values given in Table 4-14, Table 4-15, Table 4-16 and Table 4-17.

Use 105 °C (221 °F) (UL 60/75 °C temp rise) PVC-insulated cable with copper conductors having a suitable voltage rating, for the following power connections:

- AC supply to external EMC filter (when used)
- · AC supply (or external EMC filter) to drive
- · Drive to motor
- · Drive to braking resistor

Table 4-14 Maximum motor cable lengths (100 V drives)

				100 V Non	ninal AC supp	oly voltage			
Model		Maximum p	ermissible m	otor cable ler	gth for each	of the followi	ng switching f	requencies	
	0.667 kHz	1 kHz	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
01100017		50 m (	164 ft)		37.5 m	25 m	18.75 m	12.5 m	9 m
01100024		30 111 (	104 11)		(123 ft)	(82 ft)	(61 ft)	(41 ft)	(30 ft)
02100042		100 m	(328 ft)		75 m	50 m	37.5 m	25 m	18 m
02100056	1	100 111	(320 11)		(246 ft)	(164 ft)	(123 ft)	(82 ft)	(59 ft)

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runningthe	Ontimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	reciffical data	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

Table 4-15 Maximum motor cable lengths (200 V drives)

	200 V Nominal AC supply voltage								
	Maximum permissible motor cable length for each of the following s							requencies	
Model	0.667 kHz	1 kHz	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
01200017				•					
01200024		50	m		37.5 m	25 m	18.75 m	12.5 m	9 m
01200033		(16	5 ft)		(122 ft)	(82.5 ft)	(61 ft)	(41 ft)	(30 ft)
01200042									
02200024									
02200033		400			75	50	07.5	05	40
02200042	100 m (330 ft)				75 m (245 ft)	50 m (165 ft)	37.5 m (122 ft)	25 m (82.5 ft)	18 m (60 ft)
02200056		(55)	0 11)		(24311)	(10011)	(122 11)	(02.5 11)	(00 11)
02200075									
03200100			0 m 0 ft)		75 m (245 ft)	50 m (165 ft)	37.5 m (122 ft)	25 m (82.5 ft)	18 m (60 ft)
04200133		100	) m		75 m	50 m	37.5 m	25 m	18 m
04200176	(330 ft)				(245 ft)	(165 ft)	(122 ft)	(82.5 ft)	(60 ft)
05200250	200 m (660 ft)				150 m (490 ft)	100 m (330 ft)	75 m (245 ft)	50 m (165 ft)	37 m (120 ft)
06200330			300 m	200 m	150 m	100 m	75 m	50 m	
06200440			(984 ft)	(660 ft)	(490 ft)	(330 ft)	(245 ft)	(165 ft)	

Table 4-16 Maximum motor cable lengths (400 V drives)

			400 \	/ Nominal AC	supply voltag	е				
		Maximum	permissible m	otor cable ler	ngth for each of the following switching frequencies					
Model	0.667 kHz	1 kHz	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz	
02400013			•	•						
02400018		40	0		75	50	07.5	05	40.05	
02400023			0 m 0 ft)		75 m (245 ft)	50 m (165 ft)	37.5 m (122 ft)	25 m (82.5 ft)	18.25 m (60 ft)	
02400032		(33	0 11)		(245 11)	(10311)	(12211)	(02.3 11)	(60 11)	
02400041										
03400056		40	0		75	50	07.5	05	40.05	
03400073	3		0 m 0 ft)		75 m (245 ft)	50 m (165 ft)	37.5 m (122 ft)	25 m (82.5 ft)	18.25 m (60 ft)	
03400094		(33	0 11)		(24011)	(100 11)	(122 11)	(02.5 11)	(00 11)	
04400135		10	0 m		75 m	50 m	37.5 m	25 m	18.25 m	
04400170		(33	0 ft)		(245 ft)	(165 ft)	(122 ft)	(82.5 ft)	(60 ft)	
05400270		200 m (660 ft)				100 m	75 m	50 m	37 m	
05400300						(330 ft)	(245 ft)	(165 ft)	(120 ft)	
06400350			000	000	450	400	75	50		
06400420			300 m (984 ft)	200 m (660 ft)	150 m (490 ft)	100 m (330 ft)	75 m (245 ft)	50 m (165 ft)		
06400470			(304 11)	(000 11)	(450 11)	(330 11)	(245 11)	(10511)		

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runningthe	Ontimization	NV Media	Advanced	Tachnical data	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	lechnical data	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

Table 4-17 Maximum motor cable lengths (575 V drives)

	575 V Nominal AC supply voltage								
		Maximum	permissible m	otor cable len	gth for each of the following switching frequencies				
Model	0.667 kHz	1 kHz	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
05500030			200	· · · · ·					
05500040				200 m (660 ft)					
05500069				0 11)					
06500100									
06500150			1						
06500190			300 m	200 m	150 m	100 m	75 m	50 m	
06500230			(984 ft)	(660 ft)	(490 ft)	(330 ft)	(245 ft)	(165 ft)	
06500290			7						
06500350			7						

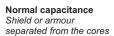
### 4.5.2 High-capacitance / reduced diameter cables

The maximum cable length is reduced from that shown in section 4.5.1 *Cable types and lengths* on page 56 capacitance or reduced diameter motor cables are used.

Most cables have an insulating jacket between the cores and the armor or shield; these cables have a low capacitance and are recommended. Cables that do not have an insulating jacket tend to have high capacitance; if a cable of this type is used, the maximum cable length is half that quoted in the tables, (Figure 4-13 shows how to identify the two types).

Figure 4-13 Cable construction influencing the capacitance







High capacitance Shield or armour close to the cores

The maximum motor cable lengths specified section 4.5.1 *Cable types* and *lengths* on page 56 is shielded and contains four cores. Typical capacitance for this type of cable is 130 pF/m (i.e. from one core to all others and the shield connected together).

# 4.5.3 Motor winding voltage

The PWM output voltage can adversely affect the inter-turn insulation in the motor. This is because of the high rate of change of voltage, in conjunction with the impedance of the motor cable and the distributed nature of the motor winding.

For normal operation with AC supplies up to 500 Vac and a standard motor with a good quality insulation system, there is no need for any special precautions. In case of doubt the motor supplier should be consulted. Special precautions are recommended under the following conditions, but only if the motor cable length exceeds 10 m:

- AC supply voltage exceeds 500 V
- DC supply voltage exceeds 670 V
- Operation of 400 V drive with continuous or very frequent sustained braking
- Multiple motors connected to a single drive

For multiple motors, the precautions given in section 4.5.4 *Multiple motors* on page 58 should be followed.

For the other cases listed, it is recommended that an inverter-rated motor be used taking into account the voltage rating of the inverter. This has a reinforced insulation system intended by the manufacturer for repetitive fast-rising pulsed voltage operation.

Users of 575 V NEMA rated motors should note that the specification for inverter-rated motors given in NEMA MG1 section 31 is sufficient for

motoring operation but not where the motor spends significant periods braking. In that case an insulation peak voltage rating of 2.2 kV is recommended.

If it is not practical to use an inverter-rated motor, an output choke (inductor) should be used. The recommended type is a simple iron-cored component with a reactance of about 2 %. The exact value is not critical. This operates in conjunction with the capacitance of the motor cable to increase the rise-time of the motor terminal voltage and prevent excessive electrical stress.

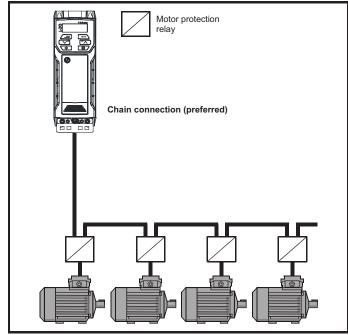
# 4.5.4 Multiple motors

# Open-loop only

If the drive is to control more than one motor, one of the fixed V/F modes should be selected (Pr **05.014** = Fixed or Squared). Make the motor connections as shown in Figure 4-14 and Figure 4-15. The maximum cable lengths in Table 4-14 to Table 4-17 apply to the sum of the total cable lengths from the drive to each motor.

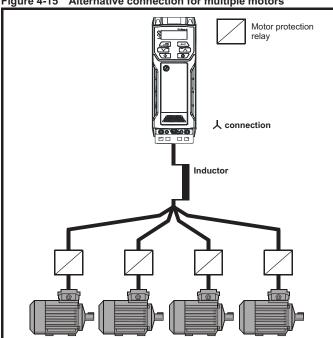
It is recommended that each motor is connected through a protection relay since the drive cannot protect each motor individually. For  $\lambda$  connection, a sinusoidal filter or an output inductor must be connected as shown in Figure 4-15, even when the cable lengths are less than the maximum permissible. For details of inductor sizes refer to the supplier of the drive.

Figure 4-14 Preferred chain connection for multiple motors



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Figure 4-15 Alternative connection for multiple motors



### 4.5.5 人 $/\Delta$ motor operation

The voltage rating for  $oldsymbol{\curlywedge}$  and  $\Delta$  connections of the motor should always be checked before attempting to run the motor.

The default setting of the motor rated voltage parameter is the same as the drive rated voltage, i.e.

400 V drive 400 V rated voltage 230 V drive 230 V rated voltage

A typical 3 phase motor would be connected in  $\curlywedge$  for 400 V operation or  $\Delta$  for 230 V operation, however, variations on this are common e.g.

人 690 V  $\Delta$  400 V.

Incorrect connection of the windings will cause severe under or over fluxing of the motor, leading to a very poor output torque or motor saturation and overheating respectively.

### 4.5.6 **Output contactor**



If the cable between the drive and the motor is to be interrupted by a contactor or circuit breaker, ensure that the drive is disabled before the contactor or circuit breaker is opened or closed. Severe arcing may occur if this circuit is interrupted with the motor running at high current and low

A contactor is sometimes required to be installed between the drive and motor for safety purposes.

The recommended motor contactor is the AC3 type.

Switching of an output contactor should only occur when the output of the drive is disabled.

Opening or closing of the contactor with the drive enabled will lead to:

- 1. Ol ac trips (which cannot be reset for 10 seconds)
- High levels of radio frequency noise emission
- Increased contactor wear and tear

### 4.6 Braking

Braking occurs when the drive is decelerating the motor, or is preventing the motor from gaining speed due to mechanical influences. During braking, energy is returned to the drive from the motor.

When motor braking is applied by the drive, the maximum regenerated power that the drive can absorb is equal to the power dissipation (losses) of the drive.

When the regenerated power is likely to exceed these losses, the DC bus voltage of the drive increases. Under default conditions, the drive brakes the motor under PI control, which extends the deceleration time as necessary in order to prevent the DC bus voltage from rising above a user defined set-point.

If the drive is expected to rapidly decelerate a load, or to hold back an overhauling load, a braking resistor must be installed.

Table 4-18 shows the default DC voltage level at which the drive turns on the braking transistor. However the braking resistor turn on and the turn off voltages are programmable with Braking IGBT Lower Threshold (06.073) and Braking IGBT Upper Threshold (06.074).

Table 4-18 Default braking transistor turn on voltage

Drive voltage rating	DC bus voltage level
100 & 200 V	390 V
400 V	780 V
575 V	930 V

When a braking resistor is used, Pr 02.004 should be set to Fast ramp mode.



### High temperatures

Braking resistors can reach high temperatures. Locate braking resistors so that damage cannot result. Use cable having insulation capable of withstanding high temperatures.



Braking resistor overload protection parameter settings Failure to observe the following information may damage the resistor.

The drive software contains an overload protection function for a braking resistor.

For more information on the braking resistor software overload protection, see Pr 10.030, Pr 10.031 and Pr 10.061 full descriptions in the Parameter Reference Guide.

### 4.6.1 External braking resistor



### Overload protection

When an external braking resistor is used, it is essential that an overload protection device is incorporated in the braking WARNING resistor circuit; this is described in Figure 4-16 on page 60.

<del>5</del>9

When a braking resistor is to be mounted outside the enclosure, ensure that it is mounted in a ventilated metal housing that will perform the following functions:

- Prevent inadvertent contact with the resistor
- Allow adequate ventilation for the resistor

When compliance with EMC emission standards is required, external connection requires the cable to be armored or shielded, since it is not fully contained in a metal enclosure. See section 4.8.5 Compliance with generic emission standards on page 66 for further details.

Internal connection does not require the cable to be armored or shielded.

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information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	· ·	Card	parameters			

# Minimum resistance values and peak power rating for the braking resistor at 40 °C (104 °F)

Table 4-19 Braking resistor resistance and power rating (100 V)

Model	Minimum resistance* Ω	Instantaneous power rating kW	Continuous power rating kW
01100017	130	1.2	
01100024	130	1.2	
02100042	68	2.2	
02100056	00	2.2	

Table 4-20 Braking resistor resistance and power rating (200 V)

Model	Minimum resistance* Ω	Instantaneous power rating kW	Continuous power rating kW
01200017			
01200024	130	1.2	
01200033	130	1.2	
01200042			
02200024			
02200033			
02200042	68	2.2	
02200056	00	2.2	
02200075			
03200100	45	3.4	2.2
04200133	22	6.9	
04200176	22	0.9	
05200250	16.5	10.3	8.6
06200330	8.6	19.7	12.6
06200440	0.0	10.1	16.4

Table 4-21 Braking resistor resistance and power rating (400 V)

Model	Minimum resistance* Ω	Instantaneous power rating kW	Continuous power rating kW
02400013			
02400018			
02400023	270	2.3	
02400032			
02400041			
03400056			2.2
03400073	100	6.1	3
03400094			4
04400135	50	12.2	
04400170	30	12.2	
05400270	31.5	21.5	16.2
05400300	18	37.5	19.6
06400350			21.6
06400420	17	39.8	25
06400470			32.7

Table 4-22 Braking resistor resistance and power rating (575 V)

Model	Minimum resistance* Ω	Instantaneous power rating kW	Continuous power rating kW
05500030			2.6
05500040	80	12.1	4.6
05500069			6.5
06500100			8.7
06500150			12.3
06500190	13	74	16.3
06500230	13	, 4	19.9
06500290			24.2
06500350			31.7

<sup>\*</sup> Resistor tolerance: ±10 %

For high-inertia loads or under continuous braking, the *continuous power* dissipated in the braking resistor may be as high as the power rating of the drive. The total *energy* dissipated in the braking resistor is dependent on the amount of energy to be extracted from the load.

The instantaneous power rating refers to the short-term maximum power dissipated during the *on* intervals of the pulse width modulated braking control cycle. The braking resistor must be able to withstand this dissipation for short intervals (milliseconds). Higher resistance values require proportionately lower instantaneous power ratings.

In most applications, braking occurs only occasionally. This allows the continuous power rating of the braking resistor to be much lower than the power rating of the drive. It is therefore essential that the instantaneous power rating and energy rating of the braking resistor are sufficient for the most extreme braking duty that is likely to be encountered.

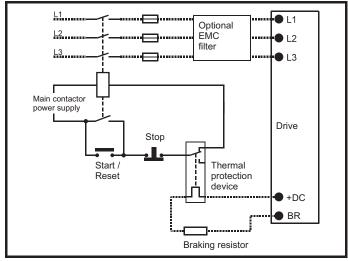
Optimization of the braking resistor requires careful consideration of the braking duty.

Select a value of resistance for the braking resistor that is not less than the specified minimum resistance. Larger resistance values may give a cost saving, as well as a safety benefit in the event of a fault in the braking system. Braking capability will then be reduced, which could cause the drive to trip during braking if the value chosen is too large.

# Thermal protection circuit for the braking resistor

The thermal protection circuit must disconnect the AC supply from the drive if the resistor becomes overloaded due to a fault. Figure 4-16 shows a typical circuit arrangement.

Figure 4-16 Typical protection circuit for a braking resistor



See Figure 4-1 on page 45 to Figure 4-6 on page 47 for the location of the +DC and braking resistor connections.

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# 4.6.2 Braking resistor software overload protection

The drive software contains an overload protection function for a braking resistor. In order to enable and set-up this function, it is necessary to enter three values into the drive:

- Braking Resistor Rated Power (10.030)
- Braking Resistor Thermal Time Constant (10.031)
- Braking Resistor Resistance (10.061)

This data should be obtained from the manufacturer of the braking resistors.

Pr 10.039 gives an indication of braking resistor temperature based on a simple thermal model. Zero indicates the resistor is close to ambient and 100 % is the maximum temperature the resistor can withstand. A 'br.rES' alarm is given if this parameter is above 75 % and the braking IGBT is active. An It.br trip will occur if Pr 10.039 reaches 100 %, when Pr 10.037 is set to 0 (default value) or 1.

If Pr 10.037 is equal to 2 or 3, an It.br trip will not occur when Pr 10.039 reaches 100 %, but instead the braking IGBT will be disabled until Pr 10.039 falls below 95 %. This option is intended for applications with parallel connected DC buses where there are several braking resistors, each of which cannot withstand full DC bus voltage continuously. With this type of application it is unlikely the braking energy will be shared equally between the resistors because of voltage measurement tolerances within the individual drives. Therefore with Pr 10.037 set to 2 or 3, then as soon as a resistor has reached its maximum temperature the drive will disable the braking IGBT, and another resistor on another drive will take up the braking energy. Once Pr 10.039 has fallen below 95 % the drive will allow the braking IGBT to operate again.

See the *Parameter Reference Guide* for more information on Pr **10.030**, Pr **10.031**, Pr **10.037** and Pr **10.039**.

This software overload protection should be used in addition to an external overload protection device.

# 4.7 Ground leakage

The ground leakage current depends upon whether the internal EMC filter is installed or not. The drive is supplied with the filter installed. Instructions for removing the internal filter are given in section 4.8.2 *Internal EMC filter* on page 63.

### With internal filter installed:

### Size 1:

2.5 mA\* AC at 230 V 50 Hz (line to line supply, star point ground) 9.2 mA\* AC at 230 V 50 Hz (line to neutral supply, star point ground)

### Size 2:

9.36 mA\* AC at 110 V, 50 Hz (2 phase, line to line supply, star point ground)

16.4 mA\* AC at 110 V, 50 Hz (1 phase, line to neutral supply, star point ground)

5.3 mA\* AC at 230 V, 50 Hz (3 phase supply, star point ground) 15.4 mA\* AC at 230 V, 50 Hz (1 phase, line to neutral supply, star point ground)

9.6 mA\* AC at 400 V, 50 Hz (3 phase supply, star point ground)

### Size 3

19.7 mA\* AC at 400 V 50 Hz (star point ground) 47.4 mA\* AC at 400 V 50 Hz (corner ground)

### Size 4.

21 mA\* AC at 230 V 50 Hz (3 phase, star point ground) 6.8 mA\* AC at 230 V 50 Hz (1 phase, line to line supply, star point ground)

30 mA\* AC at 230 V 50 Hz (1 phase, line to neutral supply, star point ground)

50 mA\* AC at 400 V 50 Hz (3 phase, star point ground)

\* Proportional to the supply voltage and frequency.

### With internal filter removed:

Size 1: <1.5 mA (line to line supply, star point ground)

<1 mA (line to neutral supply, star point ground)

Size 2: <1.7 mA (line to line supply, star point ground)

<1.9 mA (line to neutral supply, star point ground)

Size 3: <3.3 mA (star point ground)

<4.9 mA (corner ground)

Size 4: < 3.5 mA (star point ground)

### NOTE

The above leakage currents are just the leakage currents of the drive with the internal EMC filter connected and do not take into account any leakage currents of the motor or motor cable.



When the internal filter is installed the leakage current is high. In this case a permanent fixed ground connection must be provided, or other suitable measures taken to prevent a safety hazard occurring if the connection is lost.



When the leakage current exceeds 3.5 mA, a permanent fixed ground connection must be provided using two independent conductors each with a cross-section equal to or exceeding that of the supply conductors. The drive is provided with two ground connections to facilitate this. Both ground connections are necessary to meet EN 61800-5-1: 2007.

# 4.7.1 Use of residual current device (RCD)

There are three common types of ELCB / RCD:

- 1. AC detects AC fault currents
- A detects AC and pulsating DC fault currents (provided the DC current reaches zero at least once every half cycle)
- 3. B detects AC, pulsating DC and smooth DC fault currents
  - · Type AC should never be used with drives.
  - Type A can only be used with single phase drives
  - Type B must be used with three phase drives



Only type B ELCB / RCD are suitable for use with 3 phase inverter drives.

WARNING

If an external EMC filter is used, a delay of at least 50 ms should be incorporated to ensure spurious trips are not seen. The leakage current is likely to exceed the trip level if all of the phases are not energized simultaneously.

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### 4.8 EMC (Electromagnetic compatibility)

The requirements for EMC are divided into three levels in the following three sections:

Section 4.10.3, General requirements for all applications, to ensure reliable operation of the drive and minimise the risk of disturbing nearby equipment. The immunity standards specified in Chapter 11 Technical data on page 159 will be met, but no specific emission standards are applied. Note also the special requirements given in Surge immunity of control circuits - long cables and connections outside a building on page 68 for increased surge immunity of control circuits where control wiring is extended.

Section 4.8.4, Requirements for meeting the EMC standard for power drive systems, IEC61800-3 (EN 61800-3:2004).

Section 4.8.5, Requirements for meeting the generic emission standards for the industrial environment, IEC61000-6-4, EN 61000-6-4:2007.

The recommendations of section 4.8.3 General requirements for EMC on page 65 will usually be sufficient to avoid causing disturbance to adjacent equipment of industrial quality. If particularly sensitive equipment is to be used nearby, or in a non-industrial environment, then the recommendations of section 4.8.4 or section 4.8.5 should be followed to give reduced radio-frequency emission.

In order to ensure the installation meets the various emission standards described in:

- The EMC data sheet available from the supplier of the drive
- The Declaration of Conformity at the front of this manual
- Chapter 11 Technical data on page 159

The correct external EMC filter must be used and all of the guidelines in section 4.8.3 General requirements for EMC on page 65 and section 4.8.5 Compliance with generic emission standards on page 66 must be followed.

Table 4-23 Drive and EMC filter cross reference

Model	CT part number
200 V	
05200250	4200-0312
06200330 to 06200440	4200-2300
400 V	
05400270 to 05400300	4200-0402
06400350 to 06400470	4200-4800
575 V	
05500030 to 05500069	4200-0122
06500100 to 06500350	4200-3690



### High ground leakage current

When an EMC filter is used, a permanent fixed ground connection must be provided which does not pass through a connector or flexible power cord. This includes the internal WARNING EMC filter.

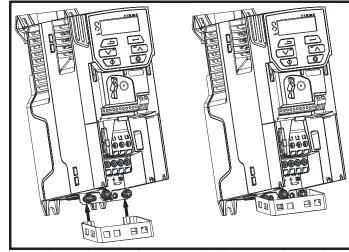
The installer of the drive is responsible for ensuring compliance with the EMC regulations that apply in the country in which the drive is to be used.

### 4.8.1 Grounding hardware

The drive is supplied with a grounding bracket / clamp to facilitate EMC compliance. This provides a convenient method for direct grounding of cable shields without the use of "pig-tails". Cable shields can be bared and clamped to the grounding bracket using metal clips or clamps<sup>1</sup> (not supplied) or cable ties. Note that the shield must in all cases be continued through the clamp to the intended terminal on the drive, in accordance with the connection details for the specific signal.

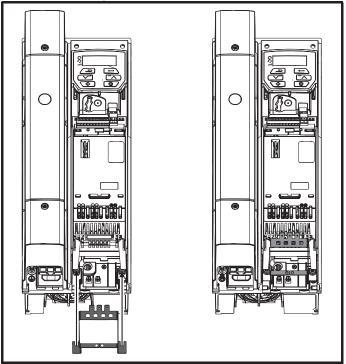
See Figure 4-17 for details regarding the installation of the grounding bracket.

Figure 4-17 Installation of grounding bracket (size 1 to 4)



Loosen the ground connection screws and slide the grounding bracket in the direction shown. Once in place, the ground connection screws should be tightened to a maximum torque of 1.5 N m (1.1 lb ft).

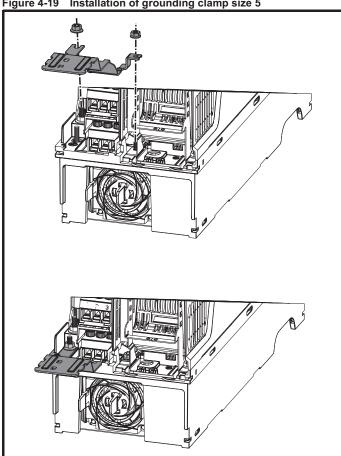
Figure 4-18 Installation of grounding bracket (size 5 to 6 - size 5 shown)



Loosen the ground connection nuts and slide the grounding bracket in the direction shown. Once in place, the ground connection nuts should be tightened to a maximum torque of 2.0 N m (1.47 lb ft).

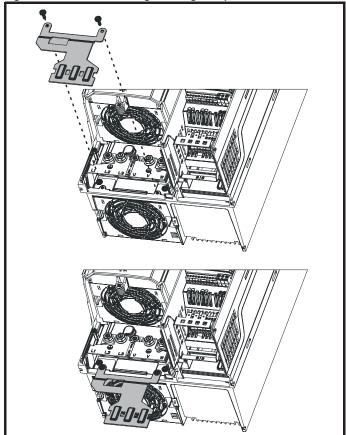
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A suitable clamp is the Phoenix DIN rail mounted SK14 cable clamp (for cables with a maximum outer diameter of 14 mm).

Installation of grounding clamp size 5



Loosen the ground connection nuts and slide the grounding clamp down onto the pillars in the direction shown. Once in place, the ground connection nuts should be tightened with a maximum torque of 2 N m (1.47 lb ft).

Figure 4-20 Installation of grounding clamp size 6



The grounding clamp is secured using the provided 2 x M4 x 10 mm fasteners. The fasteners should be tightened with the maximum torque of 2 N m (1.47 lb ft).

### 4.8.2 Internal EMC filter

It is recommended that the internal EMC filter be kept in place unless there is a specific reason for removing it. If the drive is used as a motoring drive as part of a regen system, then the internal EMC filter must be removed.

The internal EMC filter reduces radio-frequency emission into the line power supply. Where the motor cable is short, it permits the requirements of EN 61800-3:2004 to be met for the second environment - see section 4.8.4 Compliance with EN 61800-3:2004 (standard for Power Drive Systems) on page 66 and section on page 176. For longer motor cables the filter continues to provide a useful reduction in emission levels, and when used with any length of shielded motor cable up to the limit for the drive, it is unlikely that nearby industrial equipment will be disturbed. It is recommended that the filter be used in all applications unless the instructions given above require it to be removed, or where the ground leakage current of 9.2 mA for size 1 is unacceptable. As shown in Figure 4-21 the size 1 internal EMC filter is removed by removing the screw (1).



The supply must be disconnected before removing the internal EMC filter.

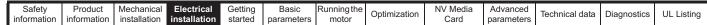
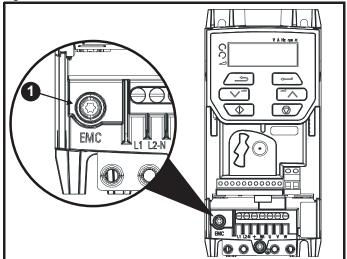
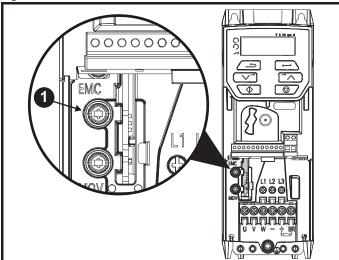


Figure 4-21 Removal of the size 1 internal EMC filter



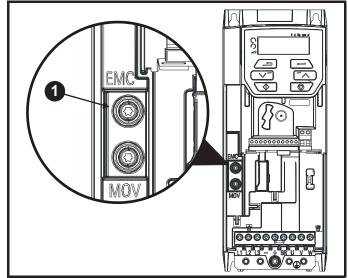
To electrically disconnect the internal EMC filter, remove the screw as shown above (1).

Figure 4-22 Removal of the size 2 internal EMC filter



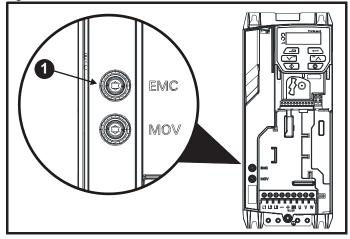
To electrically disconnect the internal EMC filter, remove the screw as shown above (1).

Figure 4-23 Removal of the size 3 internal EMC filter



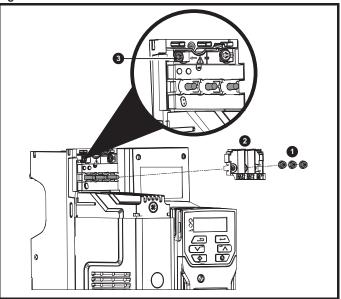
To electrically disconnect the internal EMC filter, remove the screw as shown above (1).

Figure 4-24 Removal of the size 4 internal EMC filter



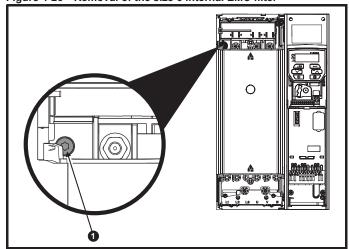
To electrically disconnect the internal EMC filter, remove the screw as shown above (1).

Figure 4-25 Removal of the size 5 internal EMC filter



Remove the three M4 terminal nuts (1). Lift away the cover (2) to expose the M4 Torx internal EMC filter removal screw. Finally remove the M4 Torx internal EMC filter removal screw (3) to electrically disconnect the internal EMC filter.

Figure 4-26 Removal of the size 6 internal EMC filter



To electrically disconnect the internal EMC filter, remove the screw as shown above (1).

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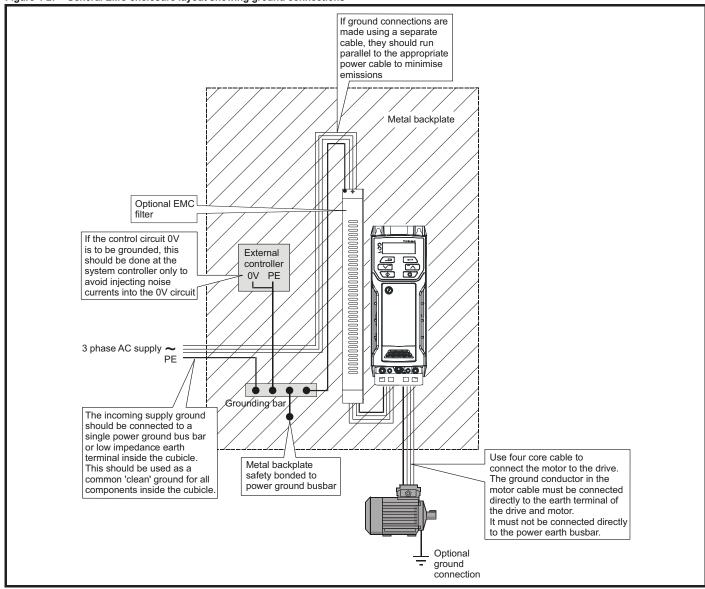
# 4.8.3 General requirements for EMC

## Ground (earth) connections

The grounding arrangements should be in accordance with Figure 4-27, which shows a single drive on a back-plate with or without an additional enclosure.

Figure 4-27 shows how to configure and minimise EMC when using unshielded motor cable. However shielded cable is a better option, in which case it should be installed as shown in section 4.8.5 *Compliance with generic emission standards* on page 66.

Figure 4-27 General EMC enclosure layout showing ground connections

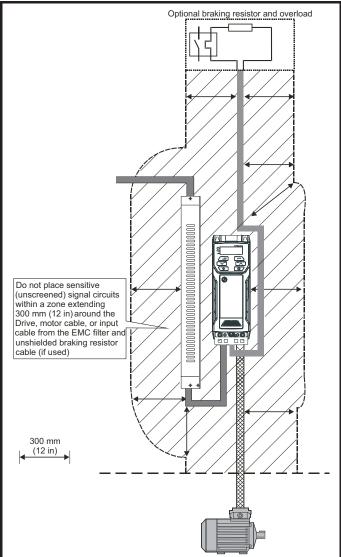


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### Cable layout

Figure 4-28 indicates the clearances which should be observed around the drive and related 'noisy' power cables by all sensitive control signals / equipment.

Figure 4-28 Drive cable clearances



### NOTE

Any signal cables which are carried inside the motor cable (i.e. motor thermistor, motor brake) will pick up large pulse currents via the cable capacitance. The shield of these signal cables must be connected to ground close to the motor cable, to avoid this noise current spreading through the control system.

# 4.8.4 Compliance with EN 61800-3:2004 (standard for Power Drive Systems)

Meeting the requirements of this standard depends on the environment that the drive is intended to operate in, as follows:

# Operation in the first environment

Observe the guidelines given in section 4.8.5 *Compliance with generic emission standards* on page 66. An external EMC filter will always be required.



This is a product of the restricted distribution class according to IEC 61800-3

In a residential environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

### Operation in the second environment

In all cases a shielded motor cable must be used, and an EMC filter is required for all drives with a rated input current of less than 100 A.

The drive contains an in-built filter for basic emission control. In some cases feeding the motor cables (U, V and W) once through a ferrite ring can maintain compliance for longer cable lengths.

For longer motor cables, an external filter is required. Where a filter is required, follow the guidelines in Section 4.8.5 *Compliance with generic emission standards*.

Where a filter is not required, follow the guidelines given in section 4.8.3 *General requirements for EMC* on page 65.



The second environment typically includes an industrial low-voltage power supply network which does not supply buildings used for residential purposes. Operating the drive in this environment without an external EMC filter may cause interference to nearby electronic equipment whose sensitivity has not been appreciated. The user must take remedial measures if this situation arises. If the consequences of unexpected disturbances are severe, it is recommended that the guidelines in Section 4.8.5 Compliance with generic emission standards be adhered to.

Refer to section 11.1.25 *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)* on page 176 for further information on compliance with EMC standards and definitions of environments.

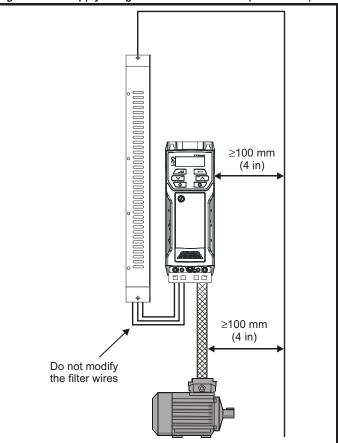
Detailed instructions and EMC information are given in the EMC Data Sheet which is available from the supplier of the drive.

# 4.8.5 Compliance with generic emission standards

The following information applies to frame sizes 1 to 6.

Use the recommended filter and shielded motor cable. Observe the layout rules given in Figure 4-29. Ensure the AC supply and ground cables are at least 100 mm from the power module and motor cable.

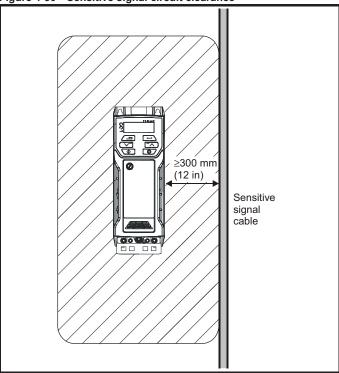
Figure 4-29 Supply and ground cable clearance (sizes 1 to 6)



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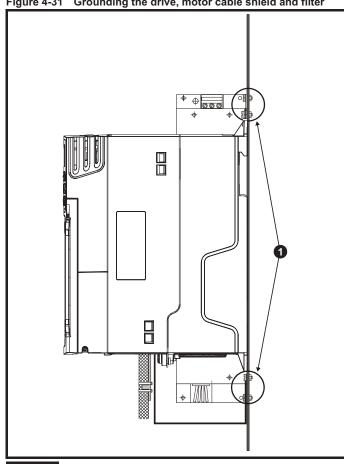
Avoid placing sensitive signal circuits in a zone 300 mm (12 in) in the area immediately surrounding the power module.

Figure 4-30 Sensitive signal circuit clearance



Ensure good EMC grounding.

Grounding the drive, motor cable shield and filter Figure 4-31



1: Ensure direct metal contact at the drive and filter mounting points. Any paint must be removed beforehand.

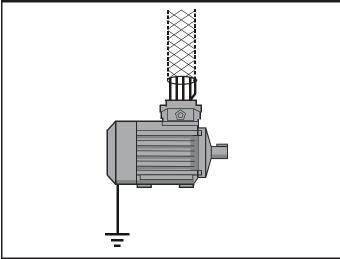
The unbroken motor cable shield (unbroken) electrically connected to and held in place by means of the grounding bracket.

Connect the shield of the motor cable to the ground terminal of the motor frame using a link that is as short as possible and not exceeding 50 mm

A complete 360° termination of the shield to the terminal housing of the motor is beneficial.

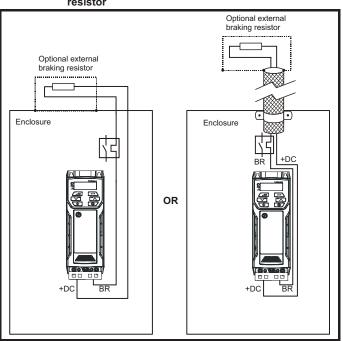
From an EMC consideration it is irrelevant whether the motor cable contains an internal (safety) ground core, or if there is a separate external ground conductor, or where grounding is through the shield alone. An internal ground core will carry a high noise current and therefore it must be terminated as close as possible to the shield termination.

Figure 4-32 Grounding the motor cable shield



Unshielded wiring to the optional braking resistor(s) may be used provided the wiring runs internally to the enclosure. Ensure a minimum spacing of 300 mm (12 in) from the signal wiring and the AC supply wiring to the external EMC filter. If this condition cannot be met then the wiring must be shielded.

Figure 4-33 Shielding requirements of optional external braking resistor



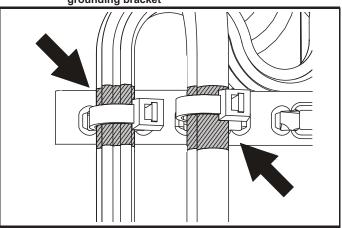
If the control wiring is to leave the enclosure, it must be shielded and the shield(s) clamped to the drive using the grounding bracket as shown in Figure 4-34.

Safety | Product information | Product infor

Remove the outer insulating cover of the cable to ensure the shield(s) make direct contact with the bracket, but keep the shield(s) intact until as close as possible to the terminals

Alternatively, wiring may be passed through a ferrite ring, part number 3225-1004.

Figure 4-34 Grounding of signal cable shields using the grounding bracket



# 4.8.6 Variations in the EMC wiring

# Interruptions to the motor cable

The motor cable should ideally be a single length of shielded or armored cable having no interruptions. In some situations it may be necessary to interrupt the cable, as in the following examples:

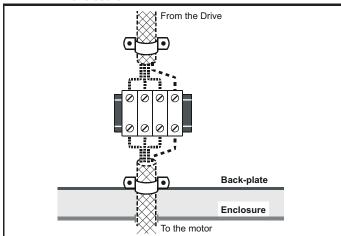
- Connecting the motor cable to a terminal block in the drive enclosure
- Installing a motor isolator / disconnect switch for safety when work is done on the motor

In these cases the following guidelines should be followed.

### Terminal block in the enclosure

The motor cable shields should be bonded to the back-plate using uninsulated metal cable-clamps which should be positioned as close as possible to the terminal block. Keep the length of power conductors to a minimum and ensure that all sensitive equipment and circuits are at least 0.3 m (12 in) away from the terminal block.

Figure 4-35 Connecting the motor cable to a terminal block in the enclosure



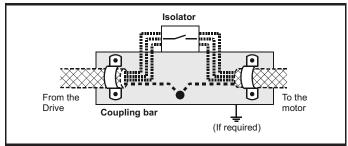
### Using a motor isolator / disconnect-switch

The motor cable shields should be connected by a very short conductor having a low inductance. The use of a flat metal coupling-bar is recommended; conventional wire is not suitable.

The shields should be bonded directly to the coupling-bar using uninsulated metal cable-clamps. Keep the length of the exposed power conductors to a minimum and ensure that all sensitive equipment and circuits are at least 0.3 m (12 in) away.

The coupling-bar may be grounded to a known low-impedance ground nearby, for example a large metallic structure which is connected closely to the drive ground.

Figure 4-36 Connecting the motor cable to an isolator / disconnect switch



# Surge immunity of control circuits - long cables and connections outside a building

The input/output ports for the control circuits are designed for general use within machines and small systems without any special precautions.

These circuits meet the requirements of EN 61000-6-2:2005 (1 kV surge) provided the 0 V connection is not grounded.

In applications where they may be exposed to high-energy voltage surges, some special measures may be required to prevent malfunction or damage. Surges may be caused by lightning or severe power faults in association with grounding arrangements which permit high transient voltages between nominally grounded points. This is a particular risk where the circuits extend outside the protection of a building.

As a general rule, if the circuits are to pass outside the building where the drive is located, or if cable runs within a building exceed 30 m, some additional precautions are advisable. One of the following techniques should be used:

- Galvanic isolation, i.e. do not connect the control 0 V terminal to ground. Avoid loops in the control wiring, i.e. ensure every control wire is accompanied by its return (0 V) wire.
- 2. Shielded cable with additional power ground bonding. The cable shield may be connected to ground at both ends, but in addition the ground conductors at both ends of the cable must be bonded together by a power ground cable (equipotential bonding cable) with cross-sectional area of at least 10 mm², or 10 times the area of the signal cable shield, or to suit the electrical safety requirements of the plant. This ensures that fault or surge current passes mainly through the ground cable and not in the signal cable shield. If the building or plant has a well-designed common bonded network this precaution is not necessary.
- Additional over-voltage suppression for the analog and digital inputs and outputs, a zener diode network or a commercially available surge suppressor may be connected in parallel with the input circuit as shown in Figure 4-37 and Figure 4-38.

If a digital port experiences a severe surge its protective trip may operate (O.Ld1 trip). For continued operation after such an event, the trip can be reset automatically by setting Pr 10.034 to 5.

Figure 4-37 Surge suppression for digital and unipolar inputs and outputs

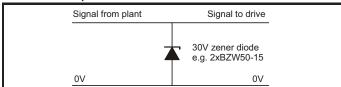
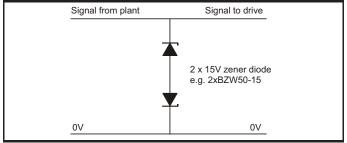


Figure 4-38 Surge suppression for analog and bipolar inputs and outputs



Surge suppression devices are available as rail-mounting modules, e.g. from Phoenix Contact:

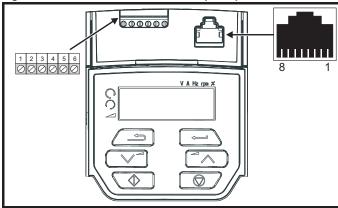
Unipolar TT-UKK5-D/24 DC Bipolar TT-UKK5-D/24 AC

These devices are not suitable for encoder signals or fast digital data networks because the capacitance of the diodes adversely affects the signal. Most encoders have galvanic isolation of the signal circuit from the motor frame, in which case no precautions are required. For data networks, follow the specific recommendations for the particular network.

# 4.9 Communications connections

Installing an Al-485 Adaptor provides the drive with a 2 wire 485 serial communications interface. This enables the drive set-up, operation and monitoring to be carried out with a PC or controller as required.

Figure 4-39 Location of the Al-485 Adaptor option



## 4.9.1 485 serial communications

The drive only supports Modbus RTU protocol. See Table 4-24 for the connection details.

### NOTE

Standard Ethernet cables are not recommended for use when connecting drives on a 485 network as they do not have the correct twisted pairs for the pinout of the serial comms port.

Table 4-24 Serial communication port pin-outs (RJ45)

Pin	Function
1	120 Ω Termination resistor
2	RX TX
3	0 V
4	+24 V (100 mA)
5	Not connected
6	TX enable
7	RX\ TX\
8	RX\ TX\ (if termination resistors are required, link to pin 1)

Minimum number of connections are 2, 3, 7 and shield.

Table 4-25 Serial communication port pin-outs (screw terminal block)

Pin	Function	
1	0 V	
2	RX\ TX\	
3	RX TX	
4	120 Ω Termination resistor	
5	TX Enable	
6	+24 V (100 mA)	

# 4.9.2 Isolation of the 485 serial communications port

The serial PC communications port is single insulated and meets the requirements for ELV.



When using the communications port with a personal computer or centralised controller e.g. PLC, an isolation device must be included with a rated voltage at least equal to the drive supply voltage. Ensure that the correct fuses are installed at the drive input, and that the drive is connected to the correct supply voltage.

If a serial communications converter other than the CT Comms cable is used to connect to other circuits classified as Safety Extra Low Voltage (SELV) (e.g. to a personal computer), then a safety isolating barrier must be included to maintain the SELV classification.

An isolated serial communications lead has been designed to connect the drive to IT equipment (such as laptop computers), and is available from the supplier of the drive. See below for details:

Table 4-26 Isolated serial comms lead details

Part number	Description
4500-0096	CT USB Comms cable

The "isolated serial communications" lead has reinforced insulation as defined in IEC60950 for altitudes up to 3,000 m.

### 4.10 Control connections

# 4.10.1 General

Table 4-27 The control connections consist of:

Function	Qty	Control parameters available	Terminal number
Single ended analog input	2	Mode, offset, invert, scaling, destination	2, 5
Analog output	1	Source, mode, scaling,	7
Digital input	4	Destination, invert	11, 12, 13, 14
Digital input / output	1	Input / output mode select, destination / source, invert	10
Relay	1	Source, invert	41, 42
Drive enable	1		11
+10 V User output	1		4
+24 V User output	1		9
0V common	1		1

# Key:

Destination parameter:	Indicates the parameter which is being controlled by the terminal / function
Source parameter:	Indicates the parameter being output by the terminal
Mode parameter:	Analog - indicates the mode of operation of the terminal, i.e. voltage 0-10 V, current 4-20 mA etc. Digital - indicates the mode of operation of the terminal, (the Drive Enable terminal is fixed in positive logic).

All analog terminal functions can be programmed in menu 7.

All digital terminal functions (including the relay) can be programmed in menu  $8. \,$ 



The control circuits are isolated from the power circuits in the drive by basic insulation (single insulation) only. The installer must ensure that the external control circuits are insulated from human contact by at least one layer of insulation (supplementary insulation) rated for use at the AC supply voltage.



If the control circuits are to be connected to other circuits classified as Safety Extra Low Voltage (SELV) (e.g. to a personal computer), an additional isolating barrier must be included in order to maintain the SELV classification.

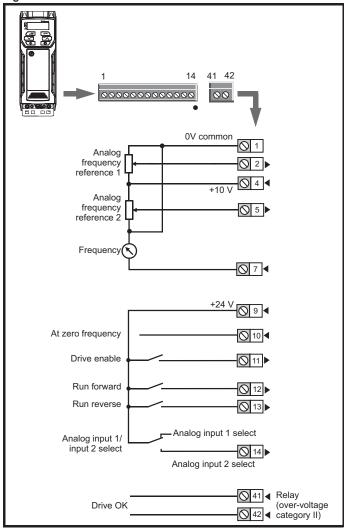


If any of the digital inputs (including the drive enable input) are connected in parallel with an inductive load (i.e. contactor or motor brake) then suitable suppression (i.e. diode or varistor) should be used on the coil of the load. If no suppression is used then over voltage spikes can cause damage to the digital inputs and outputs on the drive.

### NOTE

Any signal cables which are carried inside the motor cable (i.e. motor thermistor, motor brake) will pick up large pulse currents via the cable capacitance. The shield of these signal cables must be connected to ground close to the point of exit of the motor cable, to avoid this noise current spreading through the control system.

Figure 4-40 Default terminal functions



# 4.10.2 Control terminal specification

# 1 0V common Function | Common connection for all external devices

2 Analog input 1					
Default function	Frequency reference				
Type of input	Unipolar single-ended analog voltage or unipolar current				
Mode controlled by	Pr <b>07.007</b>				
Operating in voltage mode (default)					
Full scale voltage range	0 V to +10 V ±3 %				
Maximum offset	±30 mV				
Absolute maximum voltage range	-18 V to +30 V relative to 0 V				
Input resistance	100 kΩ				
Operating in current mode					
Current ranges	0 to 20 mA ±5 %, 20 to 0 mA ±5 %, 4 to 20 mA ±5 %, 20 to 4 mA ±5 %				
Maximum offset	250 μΑ				
Absolute maximum voltage (reverse bias)	-18 V to +30 V relative to 0 V				
Absolute maximum current	25 mA				
Equivalent input resistance	165 Ω				
Common to all modes					
Resolution	11 bits				
Sample / update	5 ms				

4	+10 V user output			
Default function		Supply for external analog devices		
Nominal voltage		10.2 V		
Voltage tolerance		±3 %		
Maximum output current		5 mA		

5 Analog input 2					
Default function	Frequency reference				
Type of input	Unipolar single-ended analog voltage or positive logic only digital input				
Mode controlled by	Pr <b>07.011</b>				
Operating in voltage mode (defau	lt)				
Full scale voltage range	0 V to +10 V ±3 %				
Maximum offset	±30 mV				
Absolute maximum voltage range	-18 V to +30 V relative to 0 V				
Input resistance	100 kΩ				
Resolution	11 bits				
Sample / update period	5 ms				
Operating in digital mode					
Absolute maximum applied voltage range	-18 V to +30 V relative to 0 V				
Impedance	6.8 kΩ				
Input threshold	10 V ±0.8 V from IEC 61131-2				
Sample / update period	2 ms when routed to destinations Pr <b>06.035</b> or Pr <b>06.036</b> , otherwise 6 ms.				

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7 Analog output 1					
Default function	Frequency output				
Type of output	Unipolar single-ended analog voltage				
Voltage range	+10 V				
Maximum offset	15 mV				
Load resistance	≥ 2 kΩ				
Protection	Short circuit relative to 0 V				
Resolution	0.1 %				
Sample / update period	5 ms				

9 +24 V user output	+24 V user output				
Default function	Supply for external digital devices				
Voltage tolerance	±20 %				
Maximum output current	100 mA				
Protection	Current limit and trip				

10 Digital I/O 1			
Default function	AT ZERO FREQUENCY output		
Туре	Positive logic digital input, positive logic voltage source output. PWM or frequency output modes can be selected.		
Input / output mode controlled by	Pr 08.031		
Operating as in input			
Absolute maximum applied voltage range	-8 V to +30 V relative to 0 V		
Impedance	6.8 kΩ		
Input threshold	10 V ±0.8 V from IEC 61131-2		
Operating as an output			
Nominal maximum output current	50 mA		
Maximum output current	100 mA (total including +24 Vout)		
Common to all modes			
Voltage range	0 V to +24 V		
Sample / update period	2 ms when routed to destinations Pr 06.035 or Pr 06.036, otherwise 6 ms		

11	Digital Input 2							
12	Digital Input 3							
13	Digital Input 4							
Termi	nal 11 default function	DRIVE ENABLE input						
Termi	nal 12 default function	RUN FORWARD input						
Terminal 13 default function		RUN REVERSE input						
Type		Positive logic only digital inputs						
Voltag	je range	0 V to +24 V						
Absol range	ute maximum applied voltage	-18 V to +30 V relative to 0 V						
Imped	lance	6.8 kΩ						
Input	threshold	10 V ±0.8 V from IEC 61131-2						
Samp	le / update period	2 ms when routed to destinations Pr <b>06.035</b> or Pr <b>06.036</b> , otherwise 6 ms.						

14 Digital Input 5							
Terminal 14 default function	Analog INPUT 1 / INPUT 2 select						
Туре	Positive logic only digital input. Frequency input or motor thermistor input (bias for DIN44081 ptc, KTY84, PT1000, PT2000 and other types) mode can be selected.						
Voltage range	0 V to +24 V						
Absolute maximum applied voltage range	-18 V to +30 V relative to 0 V						
Impedance	6.8 kΩ						
Input threshold	10 V ±0.8 V from IEC 61131-2						
Sample / update period	2 ms when routed to destinations Pr <b>06.035</b> or Pr <b>06.036</b> , otherwise 6 ms.						

41 42 Relay contacts	Relay contacts					
Default function	Drive OK indicator					
Contact voltage rating	240 Vac, Installation over-voltage category					
Contact maximum current rating	2 A AC 240 V 4 A DC 30 V resistive load 0.5 A DC 30 V inductive load (L/R = 40 ms)					
Contact minimum recommended rating	12 V 100 mA					
Contact type	Normally open					
Default contact condition	Closed when power applied and drive OK					
Update period	4 ms					



To prevent the risk of a fire hazard in the event of a fault, a fuse or other over-current protection must be installed in the relay circuit.

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# 5 Getting started

This chapter introduces the user interfaces, menu structure and security levels of the drive.

# 5.1 Understanding the display

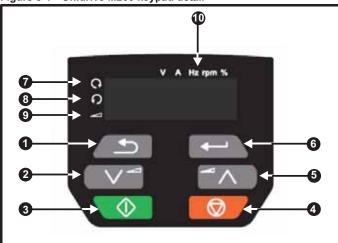
# 5.1.1 Keypad

The keypad display consists of a 6 digit LED display. The display shows the drive status or the menu and parameter number currently being edited

The option module Unidrive menu (S.mm.ppp) is only displayed if the option module is installed. Where S signifies the option module slot number and the mm.ppp signifies the menu and parameter number of the option module's internal menus and parameter.

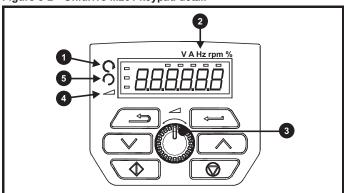
The display also includes LED indicators showing units and status as shown in Figure 5-1. When the drive is powered up, the display will show the power up parameter defined by *Parameter Displayed At Power-Up* (11.022).

Figure 5-1 Unidrive M200 keypad detail



- 1. Escape button
- 2. Down button
- 3. Start button
- 4. Stop / Reset button (red)
- 5. Up button
- 6. Enter button
- 7. Run forward indicator
- 8. Run reverse indicator
- 9. Keypad reference indicator
- 10. Unit indicators

Figure 5-2 Unidrive M201 keypad detail



- 1. Run forward indicator
- Unit indicators
- 3. Speed reference potentiometer
- 4. Keypad reference indicator
- 5. Run reverse indicator

# NOTE

The red stop button is also used to reset the drive.

The parameter value is correctly displayed on the keypad display as shown in Table 5-1.

On the *Unidrive M201*, the speed reference potentiometer is used to adjust the keypad reference.

Table 5-1 Keypad display formats

Display formats	Value					
Standard	100.99					
Date	31.12.11 or 12.31.11					
Time	12.34.56					
Character	ABCDEF					
Binary	5					
IP Address	192.168 88.1*					
MAC Address	01.02.03 04.05.06*					
Version number	01.23.45					

<sup>\*</sup>Alternate display

# 5.2 Keypad operation

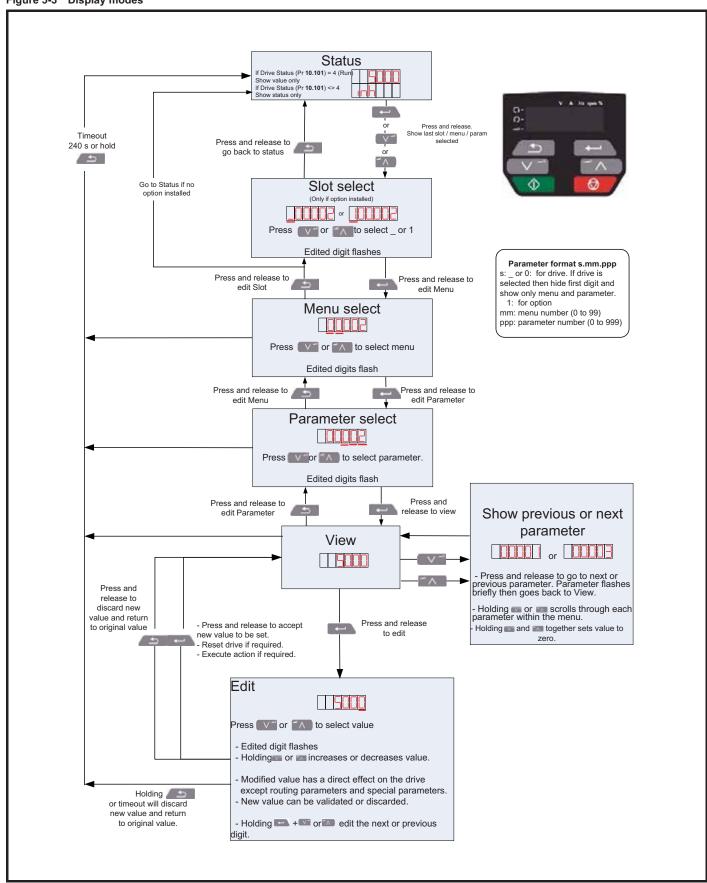
## 5.2.1 Control buttons

The keypad consists of:

- Up and down button Used to navigate the parameter structure and change parameter values.
- Enter button Used to toggle between parameter edit and view mode. This button can also be used to select between slot menu and parameter display.
- Escape button Used to exit from parameter edit or view mode. In parameter edit mode, if parameter values are edited and the escape button pressed, the parameter value will be restored to the value it had on entry to edit mode.
- Start button Used to provide a 'Run' command if keypad mode is selected.
- Stop / Reset button Used to reset the drive. In keypad mode can be used for 'Stop'.

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Figure 5-3 Display modes



NOTE

The up and down buttons can only be used to move between menus if Pr **00.010** has been set to show 'ALL'. Refer to section 5.9 *Parameter access level and security* on page 76.

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Figure 5-4 Mode examples



- 1 Parameter view mode: Read write or Read only
- 2 Status mode: Drive OK status

If the drive is ok and the parameters are not being edited or viewed, the display will show one of the following:

inh', 'rdy' or status mode parameter value.

3 Status mode: Trip status

When the drive is in trip condition, the display will indicate that the drive has tripped and the display will show the trip code. For further information regarding trip codes, refer to section 12.4 *Trips, Sub-trip numbers* on page 180.

4 Status mode: Alarm status

During an 'alarm' condition the display flashes between the drive status parameter value and the alarm.



Do not change parameter values without careful consideration; incorrect values may cause damage or a safety hazard.

#### NOTE

When changing the values of parameters, make a note of the new values in case they need to be entered again.

#### NOTE

For new parameter values to apply after the line power supply to the drive is interrupted, new values must be saved. Refer to section 5.7 *Saving parameters* on page 75.

## 5.3 Menu structure

The drive parameter structure consists of menus and parameters.

The drive initially powers up so that only Menu 0 can be viewed. The up and down arrow buttons are used to navigate between parameters and once Pr 00.010 has been set to 'All' the up and down buttons are used to navigate between menus.

For further information refer to section 5.9 Parameter access level and security on page 76.

The menus and parameters rollover in both directions i.e. if the last parameter is displayed, a further press will cause the display to rollover and show the first parameter.

When changing between menus, the drive remembers which parameter was last viewed in a particular menu and thus displays that parameter.

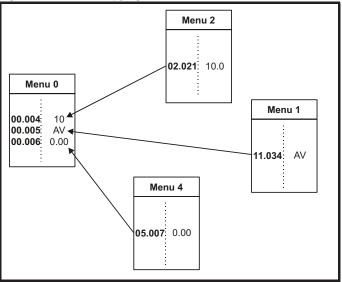
#### 5.4 Menu 0

Menu 0 is used to bring together various commonly used parameters for basic easy set up of the drive. The parameters displayed in Menu 0 can be configured in Menu 22.

Appropriate parameters are copied from the advanced menus into Menu 0 and thus exist in both locations.

For further information, refer to Chapter 6 Basic parameters on page 78.

Figure 5-5 Menu 0 copying



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## 5.5 Advanced menus

The advanced menus consist of groups or parameters appropriate to a specific function or feature of the drive. Menus 0 to 22 can be viewed on the Keypad.

The option module menu (S.mm.ppp) is only displayed if the option module is installed. Where S signifies the option module slot number and the mm.ppp signifies the menu and parameter number of the option module's internal menus and parameter.

Table 5-2 Advanced menu descriptions

Menu	Description
0	Commonly used basic set up parameters for quick / easy
	programming
1	Frequency reference
2	Ramps
3	Frequency control
4	Torque and current control
5	Motor control
6	Sequencer and clock
7	Analog I/O
8	Digital I/O
9	Programmable logic, motorized pot, binary sum, timers
10	Status and trips
11	Drive set-up and identification, serial communications
12	Threshold detectors and variable selectors
14	User PID controller
15	Option module slot 1 set-up menu
18	General option module application menu 1
20	General option module application menu 2
21	Second motor parameters
22	Menu 0 set-up
Slot 1	Slot 1 option menus*

<sup>\*</sup> Only displayed when the option module is installed.

## 5.5.1 Display messages

The following tables indicate the various possible mnemonics which can be displayed by the drive and their meaning.

Table 5-3 Status indications

String	Description	Drive output stage				
inh	The drive is inhibited and cannot be run. The Drive Enable signal is not applied to the drive enable terminal or Pr <b>06.015</b> is set to 0. The other conditions that can prevent the drive from enabling are shown as bits in <i>Enable Conditions</i> (06.010)	Disabled				
rdy	The drive is ready to run. The drive enable is active, but the drive inverter is not active because the final drive run is not active					
Stop	The drive is stopped / holding zero speed.	Enabled				
S.Loss	Supply loss condition has been detected	Enabled				
dc inj	The drive is applying dc injection braking	Enabled				
Er	The drive has tripped and no longer controlling the motor. The trip code appears on the display.	Disabled				
The drive is in the under voltage state either in low voltage or high voltage mode.						

### 5.5.2 Alarm indications

An alarm is an indication given on the display by alternating the alarm string with the drive status string on the display. Alarms strings are not displayed when a parameter is being edited.

Table 5-4 Alarm indications

Alarm string	Description						
br.res	Brake resistor overload. <i>Braking Resistor Thermal Accumulator</i> (10.039) in the drive has reached 75.0 % of the value at which the drive will trip.						
OV.Ld	Motor Protection Accumulator (04.019) in the drive has reached 75.0 % of the value at which the drive will trip and the load on the drive is >100 %.						
d.OV.Ld	Drive over temperature. <i>Percentage Of Drive Thermal Trip Level</i> (07.036) in the drive is greater than 90 %.						
tuning	The autotune procedure has been initialized and an autotune in progress.						
LS	Limit switch active. Indicates that a limit switch is active and that is causing the motor to be stopped.						
Opt.Al	Option slot alarm.						
Lo.AC	Low voltage mode. See Low AC Alarm (10.107).						
I.AC.Lt	Current limit active. See <i>Current Limit Active</i> (10.009).						

# 5.6 Changing the operating mode

#### **Procedure**

Use the following procedure only if a different operating mode is required:

- Ensure the drive is not enabled, i.e. terminal 11 is open or Pr 06.015 is OFF (0)
- Change the setting of Pr 00.079 as follows:

Pr 00.079 setting	Operating mode				
OPEn.LP	1	Open-loop			
rF[-A	2	RFC-A			

The figures in the second column apply when serial communications are used.

#### NOTE

When the operating mode is changed, a parameter save is carried out.

## 5.7 Saving parameters

When changing a parameter in Menu 0, the new value is saved when pressing the Enter button to return to parameter view mode from parameter edit mode.

If parameters have been changed in the advanced menus, then the change will not be saved automatically. A save function must be carried out.

#### **Procedure**

- Select 'Save'\* in Pr mm.000 (alternatively enter a value of 1000\* in Pr mm.000)
- 2. Either
- Press the red reset button
- Carry out a drive reset through serial communications by setting Pr 10.038 to 100
- \* If the drive is in the under voltage state (i.e. when the Al-Backup adaptor terminals are being supplied from a +24 Vdc supply) a value of 1001 must be entered into Pr **mm.000** to perform a save function.

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## 5.8 Restoring parameter defaults

Restoring parameter defaults by this method saves the default values in the drives memory. *User security status* (00.010) and *User security code* (00.025) are not affected by this procedure).

#### **Procedure**

- Ensure the drive is not enabled, i.e. terminal 11 is open or Pr 06.015 is OFF (0)
- Select 'Def.50' or 'Def.60' in Pr mm.000. (alternatively, enter 1233 (50 Hz settings) or 1244 (60 Hz settings) in Pr mm.000).
- Either
- Press the red reset button
- Carry out a drive reset through serial communications by setting Pr 10.038 to 100

## 5.9 Parameter access level and security

The parameter access level determines whether the user has access to Menu 0 only or to all the advanced menus (Menus 1 to 22) in addition to Menu 0.

The User Security determines whether the access to the user is read only or read write.

Both the User Security and Parameter Access Level can operate independently of each other as shown in table Table 5-5.

Table 5-5 Parameter access level and security

User security status (11.044)	Access level	Advanced menu status			
0	Menu 0	Open	RW	Not visible	
	Wicha o	Closed	RO	Not visible	
1	All Menus	Open	RW	RW	
'	All Wellus	Closed	RO	RO	
2	Read-only	Open	RO	Not visible	
	Menu 0	Closed	RO	Not visible	
3	Read-only	Open	RO	RO	
3	Reau-only	Closed	RO	RO	
4	Status only	Open	Not visible	Not visible	
4	Status Offiy	Closed	Not visible	Not visible	
5	No access	Open	Not visible	Not visible	
3	INU access	Closed	Not visible	Not visible	

The default settings of the drive are Parameter Access Level Menu 0 and user Security Open i.e. read / write access to Menu 0 with the advanced menus not visible.

## 5.9.1 User Security Level / Access Level

The drive provides a number of different levels of security that can be set by the user via *User Security Status* (11.044); these are shown in the table below.

User Security Status (Pr 11.044)	Description							
LEVEL.0 (0)	All writable parameters are available to be edited but only parameters in Menu 0 are visible							
ALL (1)	All parameters are visible and all writable parameters are available to be edited							
r.only.0 (2)	Access is limited to Menu 0 parameters only. All parameters are read-only							
r.only.A (3)	All parameters are read-only however all menus and parameters are visible							
Status (4)	The keypad remains in status mode and no parameters can be viewed or edited							
no.acc (5)	The keypad remains in status mode and no parameters can be viewed or edited. Drive parameters cannot be accessed via a comms/fieldbus interface in the drive or any option module							

# 5.9.2 Changing the User Security Level /Access Level

The security level is determined by the setting of Pr 00.010 or Pr 11.044. The Security Level can be changed through the keypad even if the User Security Code has been set.

## 5.9.3 User Security Code

The User Security Code, when set, prevents write access to any of the parameters in any menu.

## **Setting User Security Code**

Enter a value between 1 and 9999 in Pr 00.025 and press the button; the security code has now been set to this value. In order to activate the security, the Security level must be set to desired level in Pr 00.010. When the drive is reset, the security code will have been activated and the drive returns to Menu 0. The value of Pr 00.025 will return to 0 in order to hide the security code.

## **Unlocking User Security Code**

Select a parameter that need to be edited and press the button, the display will now show 'Co'. Use the arrow buttons to set the security code and press the button. With the correct security code entered, the display will revert to the parameter selected in edit mode.

If an incorrect security code is entered, the following message 'Co.Err' is displayed, and the display will revert to parameter view mode.

#### **Disabling User Security**

Unlock the previously set security code as detailed above. Set Pr 00.025 to 0 and press the button. The User Security has now been disabled, and will not have to be unlocked each time the drive is powered up to allow read / write access to the parameters.

# 5.10 Displaying parameters with nondefault values only

By selecting 'diff.d' in Pr mm.000 (Alternatively, enter 12000 in Pr mm.000), the only parameters that will be visible to the user will be those containing a non-default value. This function does not require a drive reset to become active. In order to deactivate this function, return to Pr mm.000 and select 'none' (alternatively enter a value of 0). Please note that this function can be affected by the access level enabled, refer to section 5.9 *Parameter access level and security* on page 76 for further information regarding access level.

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## 5.11 Displaying destination parameters only

By selecting 'dest' in Pr mm.000 (Alternatively enter 12001 in Pr mm.000), the only parameters that will be visible to the user will be destination parameters. This function does not require a drive reset to become active. In order to deactivate this function, return to Pr mm.000 and select 'none' (alternatively enter a value of 0).

Please note that this function can be affected by the access level enabled, refer to section 5.9 *Parameter access level and security* on page 76 for further information regarding access level.

## 5.12 Communications

Installing an Al-485 Adaptor provides the drive with a 2 wire 485 serial communications interface. This enables the drive set-up, operation and monitoring to be carried out with a PC or controller as required.

#### 5.12.1 485 Serial communications

Communication is via the RJ45 connector or screw terminals (parallel connection). The drive only supports Modbus RTU protocol.

The communications port applies a  $^{1}/_{4}$  unit load to the communications network.

#### **USB to EIA485 Communications**

An external USB hardware interface such as a PC cannot be used directly with the 2-wire EIA485 interface of the drive. Therefore a suitable converter is required.

A suitable USB to EIA485 isolated converter is available from Control Techniques as follows:

• CT USB Comms cable (CT Part No. 4500-0096)

When using one of the above converters or any other suitable converter with the drive, it is recommended that no terminating resistors be connected on the network. It may be necessary to 'link out' the terminating resistor within the converter depending on which type is used. The information on how to link out the terminating resistor will normally be contained in the user information supplied with the converter.

## Serial communications set-up parameters

The following parameters need to be set according to the system requirements.

Seria	l communicat <u>ions</u>	set-up parameters				
Serial Mode (11.024)	8 2 NP (0), 8 1 NP (1), 8 1 EP (2), 8 1 OP (3), 8 2 NP M (4), 8 1 NP M (5), 8 1 EP M (6), 8 1 OP M (7), 7 1 EP (8), 7 1 OP (9), 7 1 EP M (10), 7 1 OP M (11)	The drive only supports the Modbus RTU protocol and is always a slave. This parameter defines the supported data formats used by the 485 comms port (if installed) on the drive. This parameter can be changed via the drive keypad, via a option module or via the comms interface itself.				
Serial Baud Rate (11.025)	300 (0), 600 (1), 1200 (2), 2400 (3), 4800 (4), 9600 (5), 19200 (6), 38400 (7), 57600(8), 76800(9), 115200 (10)	This parameter can be changed via the drive keypad, via a option module or via the comms interface itself. If it is changed via the comms interface, the response to the command uses the original baud rate. The master should wait at least 20 ms before sending a new message using the new baud rate.				
Serial Address (11.023)	1 to 247	This parameter defines the serial address and an addresses between 1 and 247 are permitted.				

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# 6 Basic parameters

Menu 0 is used to bring together various commonly used parameters for basic easy set up of the drive. All the parameters in Menu 0 appear in other menus in the drive (denoted by {...}). Menus 22 can be used to configure the parameters in Menu 0.

# 6.1 Menu 0: Basic parameters

Parameter		Range	(\$)	Defa	ult (⇔)	Туре					
	i didilietei	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A	.,,,,,					
00.001	Minimum Reference Clamp	±VM_NEGATIVE_R	EF_CLAMP1 Hz	0.0	0 Hz	RW	Num				US
00.002	Maximum Reference Clamp	±VM_POSITIVE_F	REF_CLAMP Hz		ılt: 50.00 Hz ılt: 60.00 Hz	RW	Num				US
00.003	Acceleration Rate 1	±VM_ACCEI	_		0 s	RW	Num				US
00.004	Deceleration Rate 1	±VM_ACCEI	_RATE s	10	.0 s	RW	Num				US
00.005	Drive Configuration	AV (0), AI (1), AV.Pr (2), A (5), Pad.Ref (6), E.Pot (			(0)	RW	Txt			РТ	US
00.006	Motor Rated Current	±VM_RATED_0	CURRENT A	(11.0	ivy Duty Rating 32) A	RW	Num		RA		US
00.007	Motor Rated Speed	0.0 to 8000	0.0 rpm	50Hz default: 1500.0 rpm 60Hz default: 1800.0 rpm 50Hz default: 1750.0 rpm			Num				US
00.008	Motor Rated Voltage	±VM_AC_VOLT	AGE_SET V	110V drive: 230 V 200V drive: 230 V 400V drive 50 Hz: 400 V 400V drive 60 Hz: 460 V 575V drive: 575 V 690V drive: 690 V			Num		RA		US
00.009	Motor Rated Power Factor	0.00 to	1.00	0.	85	RW	Num		RA		US
00.010	User Security Status	LEVEL.0 (0), ALL (1), r.c Status (4), r		LEVE	L.0 (0)	RW	Num	ND	NC	PT	
00.015	Jog Reference	0.00 to 30	0 Hz	RW	Num				US		
00.016	Analog Input 1 Mode	4-20.S (-6), 20-4.S 20-4.L (-3), 4-20.H (-2), 20 (1), 4-20.tr (2), 20-4.tr (3), 4	-4.H (-1), 0-20 (0), 20-0	Volt (6)			Txt				US
00.017	Bipolar Reference Enable	Off (0) or	On (1)	Off	f (0)	RW	Bit				US
00.018	Preset Reference 1	±VM_SPEED_FI	REQ_REF Hz	0.00	0 Hz	RW	Num				US
	User Security Code	0 to 99	999		0	RW	Num	ND	NC	PT	US
00.027	Power-up Keypad Control Mode Reference	Reset (0), Last (	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		et (0)	RW RW	Txt				US
	Ramp Mode Select	Fast (0), Std (1), Std.		Std (1)			Txt			<u> </u>	US
	Ramp Enable	Name (O) at Ad (4). Door	Off (0) or On (1)	On (1)			Bit		NO	<u> </u>	US
00.030	Parameter Cloning	None (0), rEAd (1), Prog	. , , , , , , , ,	None (0)			Txt	ļ	NC	<u> </u>	08
00.031	Stop Mode	Coast (0), rp (1), rp.dc I ( dis (5), No		rp (1)			Txt				US
00.032	Dynamic V to F Select / Flux Optimization Select	0 to		0			Num				US
00.033	Catch A Spinning Motor	dis (0), Enable (1), Fr.0	3 ( ),	dis (0)			Txt			<u> </u>	US
00.034	Digital Input 5 Select Digital Output 1 Control	Input (0), th.Sct (1), th (			ut (0)	RW RW	Txt	<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>	US
	Analog Output 1 Control	0 to 2			0	RW		-	-	$\vdash$	US
00.037	Maximum Switching Frequency	0.667 (0), 1 (1), 2 (2), 3 (3), 4 (4), 6 (5), 8 (6), 12 (7), 16 (8) kHz	2 (2), 3 (3), 4 (4), 6 (5), 8 (6), 12 (7), 16 (8) kHz		) kHz	RW	Txt				US
00.038	Autotune	0 to 2	0 to 3		0	RW	Num		NC		US
00.039	Motor Rated Frequency	0.0 to VM_SPEED_FREG	REF_UNIPOLAR Hz		60.00 Hz 60.00 Hz	RW	Num		RA		US
00.040	Number of Motor Poles*	Auto (0) to	32 (16)	Au	to 0	RW	Num				US
00.041	Control Mode	Ur.S (0), Ur (1), Fd (2), Ur.Auto (3), Ur.I (4), SrE (5)		Ur.I (4)		RW	Txt				US
00.042	Low Frequency Voltage Boost	0.0 to 25	5.0 %	3.0	) %	RW	Num	T			US
00.043	Serial Baud Rate	300 (0), 600 (1), 1200 (2), 2 (5), 19200 (6), 38400 (7), 115200	57600 (8), 76800 (9),	19200 (6)		RW	Txt				US
00.044	Serial Address	1 to 2	47		RW	Num	T			US	
00.045	Reset Serial Communications	Off (0) or	` '	Off (0)				ND	NC		
00.046	Brake Release Current Threshold	0 to 20	0 %	50	) %	RW	Num				US

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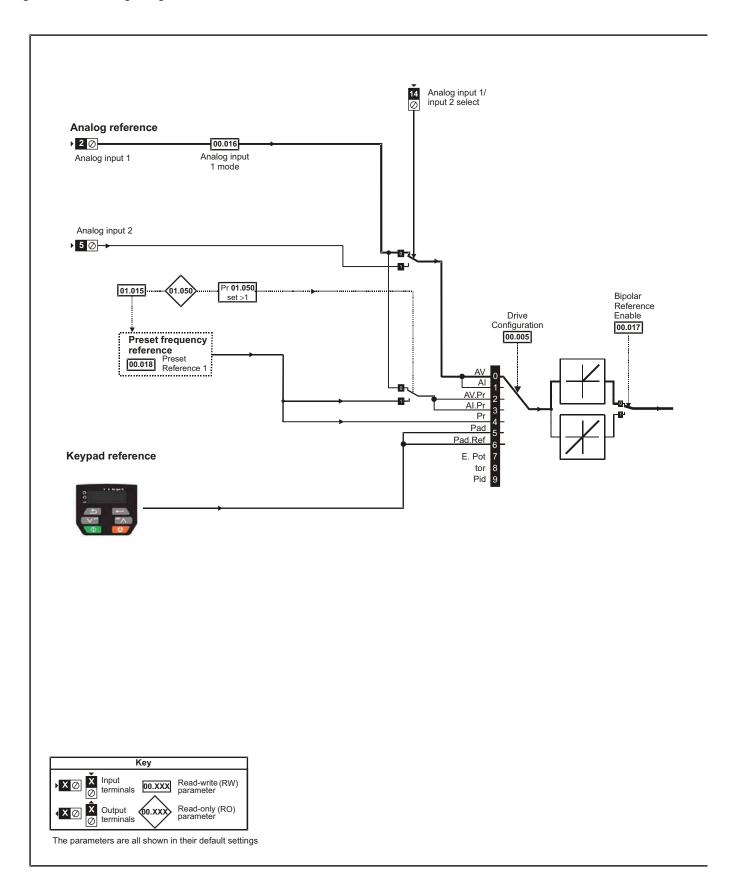
	Parameter	Range	÷ (\$)	Defa	ult (⇔)			Tun	_		
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A	Туре					
00.047	Brake Apply Current Threshold	0 to 20	0 %	10 %		RW					US
00.048	BC Brake Release Frequency	0.00 to 20	1.00	) Hz	RW	Num				US	
00.049	BC Brake Apply Frequency	0.00 to 20	).00 Hz	2.00	) Hz	RW	Num				US
00.050	BC Brake Delay	0.0 to 2	5.0 s	1.0	0 s	RW	Num				US
00.051	BC Post-brake Release Delay	0.0 to 2	5.0 s	1.0	0 s	RW	Num				US
00.053	BC Initial Direction	Ref (0), For (	1), Rev (2)	Ref	f (0)	RW	Txt				US
00.054	BC Brake Apply Through Zero Threshold	0.00 to 25	5.00 Hz	0.00 Hz			Num				US
00.055	BC Enable	dis (0), Relay (1), di	g IO (2), User (3)	dis	(0)	RW	Txt				US
00.065	Frequency Controller Proportional Gain Kp1		0.000 to 200.000 s/rad		0.100 s/rad	RW	Num				US
00.066	Frequency Controller Integral Gain Ki1		0.00 to 655.35 s <sup>2</sup> /rad		0.10 s <sup>2</sup> /rad	RW	Num				US
00.067	Sensorless Mode Filter		4 (0), 5 (1), 6 (2), 8 (3), 12 (4), 20 (5) ms		4 (0) ms	RW	Txt				US
00.069	Spin Start Boost	0.0 to	10.0	1	.0	RW					US
00.076	Action on Trip Detection	0 to	31	(	0	RW					US
00.077	Maximum Heavy Duty Current Rating	0.00 to 9999.99 A				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
00.078	Software Version	0 to 999999				RO		ND	NC	PT	
00.079	User Drive Mode	OPEn.LP (1),	RFC-A (2)	OPEn.LP (1)		RW	Txt	ND	NC	PT	US
00.080	User Security Status	LEVEL.0 (0), ALL (1), r.o Status (4), r		LEVEL	O. (0)	RW	Txt	ND		PT	

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

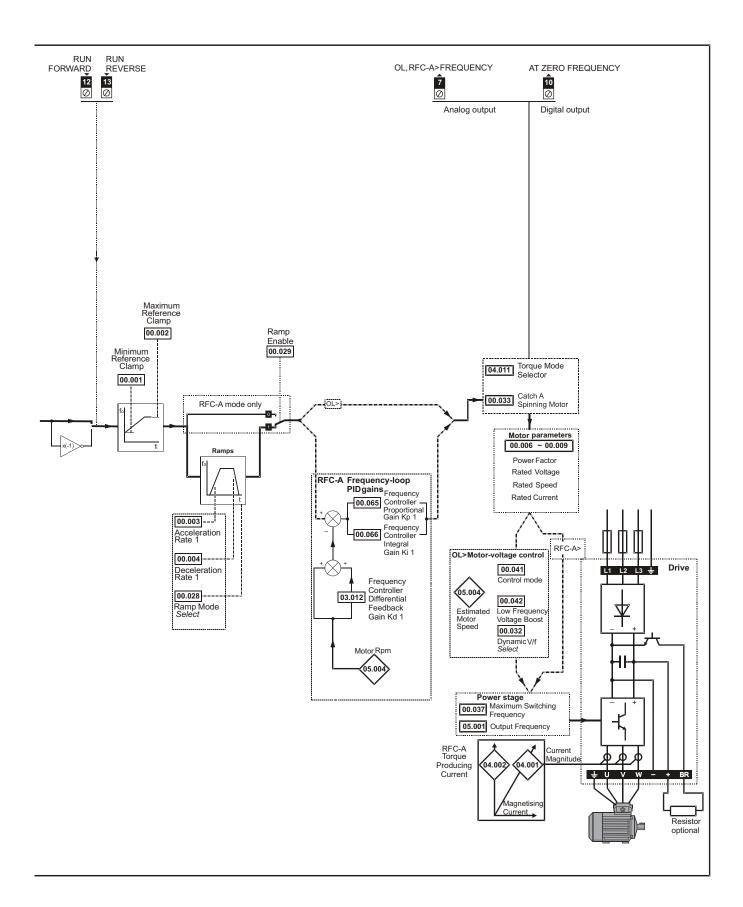
<sup>\*</sup> If this parameter is read via serial communications, it will show pole pairs.

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Figure 6-1 Menu 0 logic diagram



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# 6.2 Parameter descriptions

## 6.2.1 Pr mm.000

Pr mm.000 is available in all menus, commonly used functions are provided as text strings in Pr mm.000 shown in Table 6-1. The functions in Table 6-1 can also be selected by entering the appropriate numeric values (as shown in Table 6-2) in Pr mm.000. For example, enter 7001 in Pr mm.000 to store drive parameters on an NV media card.

Table 6-1 Commonly used functions in xx.000

Value	Equivalent value	String	Action
0	0	None	No action
1000	1	SAVE	Save drive parameters to non-volatile memory
6001	2	read1	Load the data from file 1 on a non-volatile media card into the drive provided it is a parameter file
4001	3	SAVE1	Store the drive parameters in file 1 on a non-volatile media card
6002	4	read2	Load the data from file 2 on a non-volatile media card into the drive provided it is a parameter file
4002	5	SAVE2	Store the drive parameters in file 2 on a non-volatile media card
6003	6	read3	Load the data from file 3 on a non-volatile media card into the drive provided it is a parameter file
4003	7	SAVE3	Store the drive parameters in file 3 on a non-volatile media card
12000	8	diff.d	Only display parameters that are different from their default value
12001	9	dest	Only display parameters that are used to set-up destinations
1233	10	def.50	Load 50 Hz defaults
1244	11	def.60	Load 60 Hz defaults
1070	12	rst.opt	Reset all option modules

Table 6-2 Functions in Pr mm.000

Value	Action
1000	Save parameters when Under Voltage Active (Pr 10.016) is not active.
1001	Save parameter under all conditions
1070	Reset option module
1233	Load standard (50 Hz) defaults
1234	Load standard (50 Hz) defaults to all menus except option module menu 15
1244	Load US (60 Hz) defaults
1245	Load US (60 Hz) defaults to all menus except option module menu 15
1299	Reset {St.HF} trip.
2001*	Create a boot file on a non-volatile media card based on the present drive parameters including all Menu 20 parameters
4yyy*	NV media card: Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file yyy
6ууу*	NV media card: Load the drive parameters from parameter file yyy
7ууу*	NV media card: Erase file yyy
8ууу*	NV Media card: Compare the data in the drive with file yyy
9555*	NV media card: Clear the warning suppression flag
9666*	NV media card: Set the warning suppression flag
9777*	NV media card: Clear the read-only flag
9888*	NV media card: Set the read-only flag
12000**	Only display parameters that are different from their default value. This action does not require a drive reset.
12001**	Only display parameters that are used to set-up destinations (i.e. DE format bit is 1). This action does not require a drive reset.
40ууу	Backup all drive data (parameter differences from defaults and miscellaneous option data), including the drive name; the store will occur to the  folder; if it does not exist, it will be created. Since the name is stored, this is a backup, rather than a clone. The command code will be cleared when all drive and option data have been saved.
60ууу	Load all drive data (parameter differences from defaults and miscellaneous option data); the load will come from the  folder. The command code will not be cleared until the drive and all option data have been loaded.

<sup>\*</sup> See Chapter 9 NV Media Card on page 97 for more information on these functions.

All other functions require a drive reset to initiate the function. Equivalent values and strings are also provided in the table above.

<sup>\*\*</sup> These functions do not require a drive reset to become active.

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# 7 Running the motor

This chapter takes the new user through all the essential steps to running a motor for the first time, in each of the possible operating modes.

For information on tuning the drive for the best performance, see Chapter 8 Optimization on page 89.



Ensure that no damage or safety hazard could arise from the motor starting unexpectedly.



The values of the motor parameters affect the protection of the motor.

The default values in the drive should not be relied upon. It is essential that the correct value is entered in Pr **00.006** *Motor Rated Current*. This affects the thermal protection of the motor.



If the drive is started using the keypad it will run to the speed defined by the keypad reference (Pr 01.017). This may not be acceptable depending on the application. The user must check in Pr 01.017 and ensure that the keypad reference has been set to 0.



If the intended maximum speed affects the safety of the machinery, additional independent over-speed protection must be used.

## 7.1 Quick start connections

#### 7.1.1 Basic requirements

This section shows the basic connections which must be made for the drive to run in the required mode. For minimal parameter settings to run in each mode please see the relevant part of section 7.3 *Quick start commissioning / start-up* on page 87.

Table 7-1 Minimum control connection requirements for each control mode

Drive control method	Requirements
Terminal mode	Drive enable Speed / Torque reference Run forward / Run reverse
Keypad mode	Drive enable
Serial communications	Drive enable Serial communications link

Table 7-2 Minimum control connection requirements for each mode of operation

Operating mode	Requirements
Open loop mode	Induction motor
RFC – A mode	Induction motor without speed
(without speed feedback)	feedback

# 7.2 Changing the operating mode

#### **Procedure**

Use the following procedure only if a different operating mode is required:

- Ensure that the drive is not enabled, i.e. terminal 11 is open or Pr 06.015 is OFF(0).
- 2. Change the setting of Pr 00.079 as follows:

Pr 00.079 setting	Pr 00.079 setting					
OPEn.LP	1	Open-loop				
rF[-A	2	RFC-A				

The figures in the second column apply when serial communications are used.

- 3. Either:
- Press the red reset button
- Carry out a drive reset through serial communications by setting Pr 10.038 to 100 (ensure that Pr. mm.000 returns to 0).

#### NOTE

When the operating mode is changed, a parameter save is carried out.

Figure 7-1 Minimum connections to get the motor running in any operating mode (size 1 to 4)

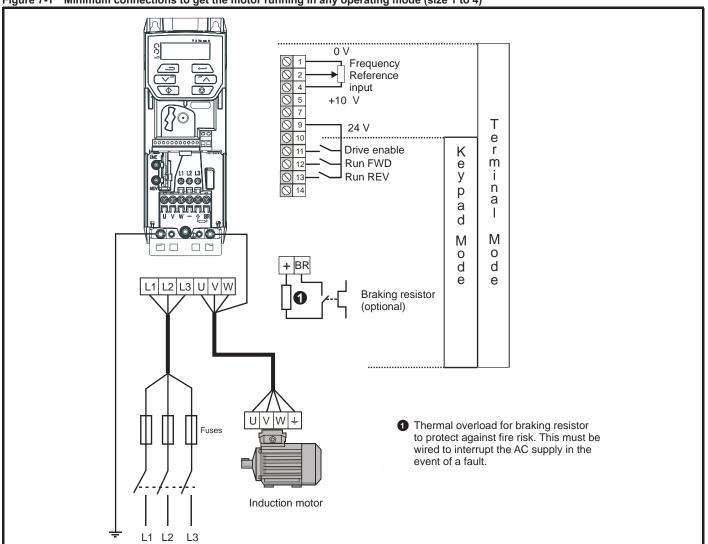




Figure 7-2 Minimum connections to get the motor running in any operating mode (size 5) Braking resistor (optional) Frequency Reference input +10 V Τ е 24 V m Drive enable Run FWD n Run REV а M K e y 0 d р а d M 0 L1 L2 L3 d е u v w 1 Thermal overload for braking resistor to protect against fire risk. This must be wired to interrupt the AC supply in the event of a fault. U|V|W|Open loop RFC-A L1 L2 L3 Sensorless

information information installation installation started parameters Card parameters Figure 7-3 Minimum connections to get the motor running in any operating mode (size 6) Braking resistor (optional) BR 0 V Frequency Reference input A +10 V Τ е 24 V 0 m Drive enable Run FWD n Run REV а M 0 e y d е р а d M L2 L3 0 d 1 Thermal overload for braking resistor to protect against fire risk. This must be wired to interrupt the AC supply in the event of a fault. U V W + Fuses

L1 L2

Open loop

RFC-A Sensorless Safety Product information installation inst

# 7.3 Quick start commissioning / start-up

# 7.3.1 Open loop

Action	Detail	
Before power-up	Ensure:     The drive enable signal is not given (terminal 11)     Run signal is not given     Motor is connected	X
Power-up the drive	Verify that open loop mode is displayed as the drive powers up.  If the mode is incorrect see section 5.6 Changing the operating mode on page 75.  Ensure:  Drive displays 'inh'  If the drive trips, see section 12 Diagnostics on page 179.	
Enter motor nameplate details	Enter:  • Motor rated frequency in Pr 00.039 (Hz)  • Motor rated current in Pr 00.006 (A)  • Motor rated speed in Pr 00.007 (rpm)  • Motor rated voltage in Pr 00.008 (V) - check if 人 or △ connection	Mot X XXXXXXXXX  No XXXXXXXXXX kg   P55   Lef = °C 40 s51   - V   Hz   min¹ kW   coso   A   - ∆ 20   50   1445   2.0   0.80   8.50   - ∆ 400   50   1445   2.0   0.76   8.50   - ∆ 415   50   1445   2.0   0.76   8.50   - ∆ 415   50   1445   2.0   0.78   8.50   - ∆ 415   50   1445   2.0   0.78   8.50   - ∆ 415   50   1445   2.0   0.78   8.50   - ∆ 415   50   1445   2.0   0.78   8.50   - ∆ 415   50   1445   2.0   0.78   8.50   - ∆ 415   50   1445   2.0   0.78   8.50   - ∆ 415   50   1445   2.0   0.78   8.50   - ∆ 415   50   1445   2.0   0.78   8.50   - ∆ 415   50   1445   2.0   0.78   8.50   - ∆ 415   50   1445   2.0   0.78   8.50   - ∆ 415   50   1445   2.0   0.78   8.50   - ∆ 415   50   1445   2.0   0.78   8.50   - ∆ 415   50   1445   2.0   0.78   8.50   - ∆ 415   50   1445   2.0   0.78   8.50   - ∆ 415   50   1445   2.0   0.78   8.50   - ∆ 415   50   1445   2.0   0.78   8.50   - ∆ 415   50   1445   2.0   0.78   8.50   - ∆ 415   50   1445   2.0   0.80   8.50   - ∆ 415   50   1445   2.0   0.78   8.50   - ∆ 415   50   1445   2.0   0.78   8.50   - ∆ 415   50   1445   2.0   0.78   8.50   - ∆ 415   50   1445   2.0   0.78   8.50   - ∆ 415   50   1445   2.0   0.78   8.50   - ∆ 415   50   1445   2.0   0.78   8.50   - ∆ 415   50   1445   2.0   0.78   8.50   - ∆ 415   50   1445   2.0   0.78   8.50   - ∆ 415   50   1445   2.0   0.78   8.50   - ∆ 415   50   1445   2.0   0.78   8.50   - ∆ 415   50   1445   2.0   0.78   8.50   - ∆ 415   50   1445   2.0   0.78   8.50   - ∆ 415   50   1445   2.0   0.78   8.50   - ∆ 415   50   1445   2.0   0.78   8.50   - ∆ 415   50   1445   2.0   0.78   0.80   - ∆ 415   50   1445   2.0   0.78   8.50   - ∆ 415   50   1445   2.0   0.78   8.50   - ∆ 415   50   1445   2.0   0.78   8.50   - ∆ 415   50   1445   2.0   0.78   8.50   - ∆ 415   50   1445   2.0   0.78   8.50   - ∆ 415   50   1445   2.0   0.78   8.50   - ∆ 415   50   1445   2.0   0.78   8.50   - ∆ 415   50   1445   2.0   0.78   8.50   - ∆ 415   50   1445   2.0   0.78   8.50   - ∆ 415   50   1445   2.0   0.78   8.50   - ∆ 415   50   1445
Set maximum frequency	Enter:  • Maximum frequency in Pr 00.002 (Hz)	0.02
Set acceleration / deceleration rates	<ul> <li>Enter:</li> <li>Acceleration rate in Pr 00.003 (s/100 Hz)</li> <li>Deceleration rate in Pr 00.004 (s/100 Hz) (If braking resistor installed, set Pr 00.028 = FAST. Also ensure Pr 10.030 and Pr 10.031 and Pr 10.061 are set correctly, otherwise premature 'It.br' trips may be seen).</li> </ul>	100Hz
Autotune	The drive is able to perform either a stationary or a rotating autotune. The motor must be at a standstill before an autotune is enabled. A rotating autotune should be used whenever possible so the measured value of power factor of the motor is used by the drive.  A rotating autotune will cause the motor to accelerate up to <sup>2</sup> / <sub>3</sub> base speed in the direction selected regardless of the reference provided. Once complete the motor will coast to a stop. The enable signal must be removed before the drive can be made to run at the required reference.  The drive can be stopped at any time by removing the run signal or removing the drive enable.  A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to uncouple the load from the motor shaft. A stationary autotune measures the stator resistance of the motor and the dead time compensation for the drive. These are required for good performance in vector	↑ cos Ø
Autotune	<ul> <li>control modes. A stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 00.009.</li> <li>A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is uncoupled. A rotating autotune first performs a stationary autotune before rotating the motor at <sup>2</sup>/<sub>3</sub> base speed in the direction selected. The rotating autotune measures the power factor of the motor.</li> <li>To perform an autotune:</li> <li>Set Pr 00.038 = 1 for a stationary autotune or set Pr 00.038 = 2 for a rotating autotune</li> <li>Close the Drive Enable signal (apply +24 V to terminal 11). The drive will display 'rdy'.</li> <li>Close the run signal (apply +24 V to terminal 12 or 13). The display will flash 'tuning' while the drive is performing the autotune.</li> <li>Wait for the drive to display 'inh' and for the motor to come to a standstill.</li> <li>If the drive trips, see Chapter 12 <i>Diagnostics</i> on page 179.</li> <li>Remove the drive enable and run signal from the drive.</li> </ul>	R <sub>3</sub> of L <sub>5</sub>
Save parameters	Select 'Save' in Pr mm.000 (alternatively enter a value of 1000 in Pr mm.000) and press the red reset button.	
Run	Drive is now ready to run	•

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# 7.3.2 RFC - A mode (without position feedback)

# Induction motor without position feedback

Action	Detail	
Before power-up	Ensure:  The drive enable signal is not given (terminal 11) Run signal is not given	*
Power-up the drive	Verify that RFC-A mode is displayed as the drive powers up.  If the mode is incorrect see section 5.6 Changing the operating mode on page 75.  Ensure:  Drive displays 'inh'  If the drive trips, see Chapter 12 Diagnostics on page 179.	7
Enter motor nameplate details	<ul> <li>Enter:</li> <li>Motor rated frequency in Pr 00.039 (Hz)</li> <li>Motor rated current in Pr 00.006 (A)</li> <li>Motor rated speed in Pr 00.007 (rpm)</li> <li>Motor rated voltage in Pr 00.008 (V) - check if</li></ul>	MA 2 750000000 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Set maximum frequency	Enter: • Maximum frequency in Pr 00.002 (Hz)	0.02
Set acceleration / deceleration rates	<ul> <li>Enter: <ul> <li>Acceleration rate in Pr 00.003 (s/100 Hz)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Deceleration rate in Pr 00.004 (s/100 Hz) (If the braking resistor is installed, set Pr 00.028 = FAST. Also ensure Pr 10.030, Pr 10.031 and Pr 10.061 are set correctly, otherwise premature 'It.br' trips may be seen).</li> </ul>	1000rpm
	The drive is able to perform either a stationary or a rotating autotune. The motor must be at a standstill before an autotune is enabled. A stationary autotune will give moderate performance whereas a rotating autotune will give improved performance as it measures the actual values of the motor parameters required by the drive.  A rotating autotune will cause the motor to accelerate up to $^2/_3$ base speed in the direction selected regardless of the reference provided. Once complete the motor will coast to a stop. The enable signal must be removed before the drive can be made to run at the required reference.  The drive can be stopped at any time by removing the run signal or removing the drive enable.  A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to uncouple the load from the motor shaft. The stationary autotune measures the stator resistance and transient inductance of	<b>↑</b> cos Ø
Autotune	<ul> <li>the motor. These are used to calculate the current loop gains, and at the end of the test the values in Pr 04.013 and Pr 04.014 are updated. A stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 00.009.</li> <li>A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is uncoupled. A rotating autotune first performs a stationary autotune before rotating the motor at <sup>2</sup>/<sub>3</sub> base speed in the direction selected. The rotating autotune measures the stator inductance of the motor and calculates the power factor.</li> <li>To perform an autotune:</li> <li>Set Pr 00.038 = 1 for a stationary autotune or set Pr 00.038 = 2 for a rotating autotune</li> <li>Close the drive enable signal (apply +24 V to terminal 11). The drive will display 'rdy'.</li> <li>Close the run signal (apply +24 V to terminal 12 or 13). The display will flash 'tuning' while the drive is performing the autotune.</li> <li>Wait for the drive to display 'inh' and for the motor to come to a standstill fithe drive trips, see Chapter 12 <i>Diagnostics</i> on page 179.</li> <li>Remove the drive enable and run signal from the drive.</li> </ul>	R <sub>s</sub> dL <sub>s</sub> Saturation break-points N rpm
Save parameters	Select 'Save' in Pr mm.000 (alternatively enter a value of 1000 in Pr mm.000) and press red reset button.	
Run	The drive is now ready to run	•••

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# 8 Optimization

This chapter takes the user through methods of optimizing the drive set-up and maximize the performance. The auto-tuning features of the drive simplify the optimization tasks.

## 8.1 Motor map parameters

## 8.1.1 Open loop motor control

## Pr 00.006 {05.007} Motor Rated Current

#### Defines the maximum continuous motor current

- · The rated current parameter must be set to the maximum continuous current of the motor. The motor rated current is used in the following:
- Current limits (see section section 8.3 *Current limits* on page 95, for more information)
- Motor thermal overload protection (see section section 8.4 Motor thermal protection on page 95, for more information)
- Vector mode voltage control (see Control Mode later in this table)
- Slip compensation (see Enable Slip Compensation (05.027), later in this table)
- Dynamic V/F control

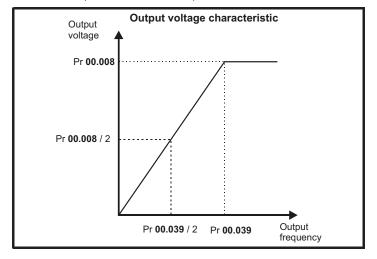
Pr 00.008 {05.009} Motor Rated Voltage

Pr 00.039 {05.006} Motor Rated Frequency

Defines the voltage applied to the motor at rated frequency

Defines the frequency at which rated voltage is applied

The Motor Rated Voltage (00.008) and the Motor Rated Frequency (00.039) are used to define the voltage to frequency characteristic applied to the motor (see Control Mode, later in this table). The Motor Rated Frequency is also used in conjunction with the motor rated speed to calculate the rated slip for slip compensation (see Motor Rated Speed, later in this table).



Pr 00.007 {05.008} Motor Rated Speed

Pr 00.040 {05.011} Number of Motor Poles

Defines the full load rated speed of the motor

Defines the number of motor poles

The motor rated speed and the number of poles are used with the motor rated frequency to calculate the rated slip of induction machines in Hz.

Rated slip (Hz) = Motor rated frequency - (Number of pole pairs x [Motor rated speed / 60]) =  $00.039 = \left(\frac{00.040}{2} \times \frac{00.007}{60}\right)$ 

If Pr 00.007 is set to 0 or to synchronous speed, slip compensation is disabled. If slip compensation is required this parameter should be set to the nameplate value, which should give the correct rpm for a hot machine. Sometimes it will be necessary to adjust this when the drive is commissioned because the nameplate value may be inaccurate. Slip compensation will operate correctly both below base speed and within the field-weakening region. Slip compensation is normally used to correct for the motor speed to prevent speed variation with load. The rated load rpm can be set higher than synchronous speed to deliberately introduce speed droop. This can be useful to aid load sharing with mechanically coupled motors.

Pr **00.040** is also used in the calculation of the motor speed display by the drive for a given output frequency. When Pr **00.040** is set to 'Auto', the number of motor poles is automatically calculated from the rated frequency Pr **00.039**, and the motor rated speed Pr **00.007**.

Number of poles = 120 x (Rated Frequency (00.039) / Rated Speed (00.007)) rounded to the nearest even number.

## Pr 00.043 {05.010} Motor Rated Power Factor

Defines the angle between the motor voltage and current

The power factor is the true power factor of the motor, i.e. the angle between the motor voltage and current. The power factor is used in conjunction with the *Motor Rated Current* (00.006), to calculate the rated active current and magnetising current of the motor. The rated active current is used extensively to control the drive, and the magnetising current is used in vector mode stator resistance compensation. It is important that this parameter is set up correctly. The drive can measure the motor rated power factor by performing a rotating autotune (see Autotune (Pr 00.038), below).

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### Pr 00.038 {05.012} Autotune

There are two autotune tests available in open loop mode, a stationary and a rotating test. A rotating autotune should be used whenever possible so the measured value of power factor of the motor is used by the drive.

- A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to remove the load from the motor shaft. The stationary test
  measures the Stator Resistance (05.017), Transient Inductance (05.024), Maximum Deadtime Compensation (05.059) and Current At
  Maximum Deadtime Compensation (05.060) which are required for good performance in vector control modes (see Control Mode later in this
  table). The stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into
  Pr 00.009. To perform a Stationary autotune, set Pr 00.038 to 1, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminal 11) and a run
  signal (on terminals 12 or 13).
- A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is unloaded. A rotating autotune first performs a stationary autotune, as above, then a rotating test is performed in which the motor is accelerated with currently selected ramps up to a frequency of *Motor Rated Frequency* (05.006) x 2/3, and the frequency is maintained at that level for 4 seconds. *Stator Inductance* (05.025) is measured and this value is used in conjunction with other motor parameters to calculate *Motor Rated Power Factor* (05.010). To perform a Rotating autotune, set Pr 00.038 to 2, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminal 11) and a run signal (on terminals 12 or 13).

Following the completion of an autotune test the drive will go into the inhibit state. The drive must be placed into a controlled disable condition before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be put in to a controlled disable condition by removing the signal from terminal 11, setting the *Drive Enable* (06.015) to OFF (0) or disabling the drive via the *Control Word* (06.042) and *Control Word Enable* (06.043).

#### Pr 00.041 {05.014} Control Mode

There are several voltage modes available which fall into two categories, vector control and fixed boost.

#### **Vector control**

Vector control mode provides the motor with a linear voltage characteristic from 0 Hz to *Motor Rated Frequency*, and then a constant voltage above motor rated frequency. When the drive operates between motor rated frequency/50 and motor rated frequency/4, full vector based stator resistance compensation is applied. When the drive operates between motor rated frequency/4 and motor rated frequency/2 the stator resistance compensation is gradually reduced to zero as the frequency increases. For the vector modes to operate correctly the *Motor Rated Power Factor*, *Stator Resistance* (05.017), *Maximum Deadtime Compensation* (05.059) and current at *Maximum Deadtime Compensation* (05.060) are all required to be set up accurately. The drive can be made to measure these by performing an autotune (see Pr **00.038** *Autotune*). The drive can also be made to measure the stator resistance automatically every time the drive is enabled or the first time the drive is enabled after it is powered up, by selecting one of the vector control voltage modes.

- (0) **Ur S** = The stator resistance is measured and the parameters for the selected motor map are over-written each time the drive is made to run. This test can only be done with a stationary motor where the flux has decayed to zero. Therefore this mode should only be used if the motor is guaranteed to be stationary each time the drive is made to run. To prevent the test from being done before the flux has decayed there is a period of 1 second after the drive has been in the ready state during which the test is not done if the drive is made to run again. In this case, previously measured values are used. Ur S mode ensures that the drive compensates for any change in motor parameters due to changes in temperature. The new value of stator resistance is not automatically saved to the drive's EEPROM.
- (4) **Ur I** = The stator resistance is measured when the drive is first made to run after each power-up. This test can only be done with a stationary motor. Therefore this mode should only be used if the motor is guaranteed to be stationary the first time the drive is made to run after each power-up. The new value of stator resistance is not automatically saved to the drive's EEPROM.
- (1) **Ur** = The stator resistance and voltage offset are not measured. The user can enter the motor and cabling resistance into the *Stator Resistance* (05.017). However this will not include resistance effects within the drive inverter. Therefore if this mode is to be used, it is best to use an autotune test initially to measure the stator resistance.
- (3) **Ur\_Auto**= The stator resistance is measured once, the first time the drive is made to run. After the test has been completed successfully the *Control Mode* (00.041) is changed to Ur mode. The *Stator Resistance* (05.017) parameter is written to, and along with the *Control Mode* (00.041), are saved in the drive's EEPROM. If the test fails, the voltage mode will stay set to Ur Auto and the test will be repeated next time the drive is made to run.

#### Fixed boost

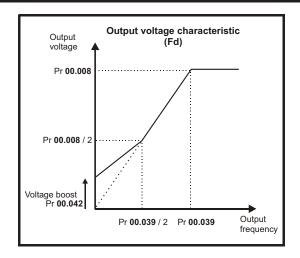
The stator resistance is not used in the control of the motor, instead a fixed characteristic with low frequency voltage boost as defined by Pr 00.042, is used. Fixed boost mode should be used when the drive is controlling multiple motors. There are two settings of fixed boost available:

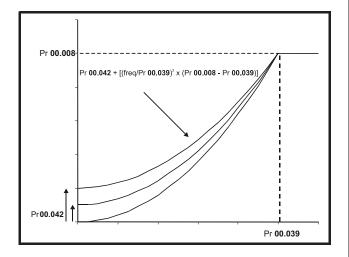
- (2) **Fixed** = This mode provides the motor with a linear voltage characteristic from 0 Hz to *Motor Rated Frequency* (00.039), and then a constant voltage above rated frequency.
- (5) **Square** = This mode provides the motor with a square law voltage characteristic from 0 Hz to *Motor Rated Frequency* (00.039), and then a constant voltage above rated frequency. This mode is suitable for variable torque applications like fans and pumps where the load is proportional to the square of the speed of the motor shaft. This mode should not be used if a high starting torque is required.

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## Pr 00.041 {05.014} Control Mode (cont)

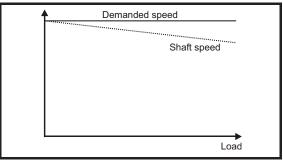
For both these modes, at low frequencies (from 0 Hz to ½ x Pr 00.039) a voltage boost is applied as defined by Pr 00.042 as shown below:





## Pr 05.027 Enable Slip Compensation

When a motor, being controlled in open loop mode, has load applied a characteristic of the motor is that the output speed droops in proportion to the load applied as shown:



In order to prevent the speed droop shown above slip compensation should be enabled. To enable slip compensation Pr **05.027** must be set to a 1 (this is the default setting), and the motor rated speed must be entered in Pr **00.007** (Pr **05.008**).

The motor rated speed parameter should be set to the synchronous speed of the motor minus the slip speed. This is normally displayed on the motor nameplate, i.e. for a typical 18.5 kW, 50 Hz, 4 pole motor, the motor rated speed would be approximately 1465 rpm. The synchronous speed for a 50 Hz, 4 pole motor is 1500 rpm, so therefore the slip speed would be 35 rpm. If the synchronous speed is entered in Pr 00.007, slip compensation will be disabled. If too small a value is entered in Pr 00.007, the motor will run faster than the demanded frequency. The synchronous speeds for 50 Hz motors with different numbers of poles are as follows:

2 pole = 3000 rpm, 4 pole = 1500 rpm, 6pole =1000 rpm, 8 pole = 750 rpm

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#### 8.1.2 RFC-A mode

#### Induction motor without Position feedback

#### Pr 00.006 {05.007} Motor Rated Current

#### Defines the maximum motor continuous current

The motor rated current parameter must be set to the maximum continuous current of the motor. The motor rated current is used in the following:

- Current limits (see section 8.3 Current limits on page 95, for more information).
- · Motor thermal overload protection (see section 8.4 Motor thermal protection on page 95, for more information)
- Vector control algorithm

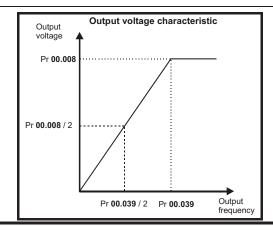
#### Pr 00.008 {05.009} Motor Rated Voltage

## Pr 00.039 {05.006} Motor Rated Frequency

The Motor Rated Voltage (00.008) and the Motor Rated Frequency (Pr 00.039) are used to define the voltage to frequency characteristic applied to the motor. The motor rated frequency is also used in conjunction with the motor rated speed to calculate the rated slip for slip compensation (see Motor Rated Speed (00.007), later in this table).

Defines the voltage applied to the motor at rated frequency

Defines the frequency at which rated voltage is applied



### Pr 00.007 {05.008} Motor Rated Speed

## Pr 00.040 {05.011} Number of Motor Poles

Defines the full load rated speed of the motor

Defines the number of motor poles

The motor rated speed and motor rated frequency are used to determine the full load slip of the motor which is used by the vector control algorithm. Incorrect setting of this parameter has the following effects:

- · Reduced efficiency of motor operation
- Reduction of maximum torque available from the motor
- Reduced transient performance
- Inaccurate control of absolute torque in torque control modes

The nameplate value is normally the value for a hot motor; however, some adjustment may be required when the drive is commissioned if the nameplate value is inaccurate. A fixed value can be entered in this parameter.

When Pr **00.040** is set to 'Auto', the number of motor poles is automatically calculated from the *Motor Rated Frequency* (00.039), and the *Motor Rated Speed* (00.007).

Number of poles = 120 x (Motor Rated Frequency (00.039 / Motor Rated Speed (00.007) rounded to the nearest even number.

#### Pr 00.009 {5.10} Motor Rated Power Factor

#### Defines the angle between the motor voltage and current

The power factor is the true power factor of the motor, i.e. the angle between the motor voltage and current. If the *Stator Inductance* (05.025) is set to zero then the power factor is used in conjunction with the *Motor Rated Current* (00.006) and other motor parameters to calculate the rated active and magnetising currents of the motor, which are used in the vector control algorithm. If the stator inductance has a non-zero value this parameter is not used by the drive, but is continuously written with a calculated value of power factor. The stator inductance can be measured by the drive by performing a rotating autotune (see *Autotune* (Pr **00.038**), later in this table).

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### Pr 00.038 {05.012} Autotune

There are three autotune tests available in RFC-A mode, a stationary test, a rotating test and an inertia measurement test. A stationary autotune will give moderate performance whereas a rotating autotune will give improved performance as it measures the actual values of the motor parameters required by the drive. An inertia measurement test should be performed separately to a stationary or rotating autotune.

#### NOTE

It is highly recommended that a rotating autotune is performed (Pr 00.038 set to 2).

- A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to remove the load from the motor shaft. The stationary autotune measures the Stator Resistance (05.017) and Transient Inductance (05.024) of the motor. These are used to calculate the current loop gains, and at the end of the test the values in Pr 04.013 and Pr 04.014 are updated. A stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 00.009. To perform a Stationary autotune, set Pr 00.038 to 1, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminal 11) and a run signal (on terminal 12 or 13).
- A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is unloaded. A rotating autotune first performs a stationary autotune, a rotating test is then performed which the motor is accelerated with currently selected ramps up to a frequency of *Motor Rated Frequency* (05.006) x 2/3, and the frequency is maintained at the level for up to 40 s. During the rotating autotune the *Stator Inductance* (05.025), and the motor saturation breakpoints (Pr 05.029, Pr 05.030, Pr 05.062 and Pr 05.063) are modified by the drive. The power factor is also modified for user information only, but is not used after this point as the stator inductance is used in the vector control algorithm instead. To perform a Rotating autotune, set Pr 00.038 to 2, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminal 11) and a run signal (on terminal 12 or 13).
- The inertia measurement test can measure the total inertia of the load and the motor. This is used to set the speed loop gains (see Frequency loop gains) and to provide torque feed-forwards when required during acceleration. During the inertia measurement test motor is accelerated with the currently selected ramps up to a speed of *Motor Rated Speed* (05.008) / 4, and this speed is maintained at this level for 60 seconds. The *Motor And Load Inertia* (03.018) is measured. If the required speed is not achieved on the final attempt the test is aborted and an Autotune trip is initiated. To perform an Inertia measurement autotune, set Pr 00.038 to 3, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminal 11) and a run signal (on terminal 12 or 13). Following the completion of an autotune test the drive will go into the inhibit state. The drive must be placed into a controlled disable condition before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be put in to a controlled disable condition by removing the drive enable signal from terminal 11, setting the *Drive Enable* (06.015) to OFF (0) or disabling the drive via the control word (Pr 06.042 & Pr 06.043).

#### {04.013} / {04.014} Current Loop Gains

The current loop gains proportional (Kp) and integral (Ki) gains control the response of the current loop to a change in current (torque) demand. The default values give satisfactory operation with most motors. However, for optimal performance in dynamic applications it may be necessary to change the gains to improve the performance. The *Current Controller Kp Gain* (04.013) is the most critical value in controlling the performance. The values for the current loop gains can be calculated by performing a stationary or rotating autotune (see *Autotune Pr* **00.038** earlier in this table) the drive measures the *Stator Resistance* (05.017) and *Transient Inductance* (05.024) of the motor and calculates the current loop gains.

This will give a step response with minimum overshoot after a step change of current reference. The proportional gain can be increased by a factor of 1.5 giving a similar increase in bandwidth; however, this gives a step response with approximately 12.5 % overshoot. The equation for the integral gain gives a conservative value. In some applications where it is necessary for the reference frame used by the drive to dynamically follow the flux very closely (i.e. high speed Sensorless RFC-A induction motor applications) the integral gain may need to have a significantly higher value.

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# Frequency Loop Gains (00.065 {03.010}, Pr 00.066 {03.011}

The frequency loop gains control the response of the frequency controller to a change in frequency demand. The frequency controller includes proportional (Kp) and integral (Ki) feed forward terms, and a differential (Kd) feedback term. The drive holds two sets of these gains and either set may be selected for use by the frequency controller with Pr 03.016. If Pr 03.016 = 0, gains Kp1, Ki1 and Kd1 (Pr 03.010 to Pr 03.012) are used, and if Pr 03.016 = 1, gains Kp2, Ki2 and Kd2 (Pr 03.013 to Pr 03.015) are used. Pr 03.016 may be changed when the drive is enabled or disabled.

Frequency Controller Proportional Gain (Kp), Pr 00.007 {03.010} and Pr 03.013

If the proportional gain has a value and the integral gain is set to zero the controller will only have a proportional term, and there must be a frequency error to produce a torque reference. Therefore as the motor load increases there will be a difference between the reference and actual frequencies. This effect, called regulation, depends on the level of the proportional gain, the higher the gain the smaller the frequency error for a given load. If the proportional gain is too high either the acoustic noise produced by numerical quantization becomes unacceptable, or the stability limit is reached.

Frequency Controller Integral Gain (Ki), Pr 00.008 (03.011) and Pr 03.014

The integral gain is provided to prevent frequency regulation. The error is accumulated over a period of time and used to produce the necessary torque demand without any frequency error. Increasing the integral gain reduces the time taken for the frequency to reach the correct level and increases the stiffness of the system, i.e. it reduces the positional displacement produced by applying a load torque to the motor. Unfortunately increasing the integral gain also reduces the system damping giving overshoot after a transient. For a given integral gain the damping can be improved by increasing the proportional gain. A compromise must be reached where the system response, stiffness and damping are all adequate for the application. For RFC-A Sensorless mode, it is unlikely that the integral gain can be increased much above 0.50.

Differential Gain (Kd), Pr 03.012 and Pr 03.015

The differential gain is provided in the feedback of the frequency controller to give additional damping. The differential term is implemented in a way that does not introduce excessive noise normally associated with this type of function. Increasing the differential term reduces the overshoot produced by under-damping, however, for most applications the proportional and integral gains alone are sufficient.

Gain Change Threshold, Pr 03.017

If the Frequency Controller Gain Select (03.016) = 2, gains Kp1, Ki1 and Kd1 (Pr 03.010 to Pr 03.012) are used while the modulus of the frequency demand is less than the value held by Gain Change Threshold (03.017), else gains Kp2, Ki2 and Kd2 (Pr 03.013 to Pr 03.015) will be used.

Tuning the frequency loop gains:

This involves the connecting of an oscilloscope to analog output 1 to monitor the frequency feedback.

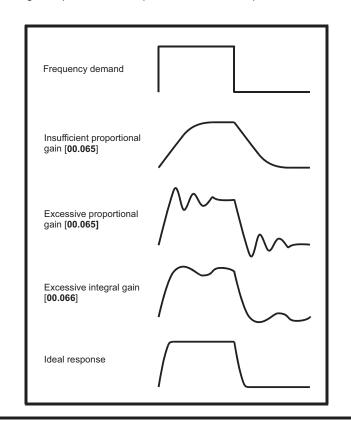
Give the drive a step change in frequency reference and monitor the response of the drive on the oscilloscope.

The proportional gain (Kp) should be set up initially. The value should be increased up to the point where the frequency overshoots and then reduced slightly.

The integral gain (Ki) should then be increased up to the point where the frequency becomes unstable and then reduced slightly.

It may now be possible to increase the proportional gain to a higher value and the process should be repeated until the system response approaches the ideal response as shown.

The diagram shows the effect of incorrect P and I gain settings as well as the ideal response.



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## 8.2 Maximum motor rated current

#### Size 1 to 4:

The maximum motor rated current is the *Maximum Heavy Duty Current Rating* (11.032).

The values for the Heavy Duty rating can be found in section 2.2 *Ratings* on page 10.

#### Size 5 onwards:

The maximum motor rated current allowed by the drive is greater than the *Maximum Heavy Duty Current Rating* (11.032). The ratio between the Normal Duty rating and the *Maximum Heavy Duty Current Rating* (11.032) varies between drive sizes. The values for the Normal and Heavy Duty rating can be found in section 2.2 *Ratings* on page 10. If the *Motor Rated Current* (00.006) is set above the *Maximum Heavy Duty Current Rating* (11.032), the current limits and the motor thermal protection scheme are modified (see section 8.3 *Current limits* on page 95 and section 8.4 *Motor thermal protection* below for further information).

## 8.3 Current limits

The default setting for the current limit parameters is:

- 165 % x motor rated current for open loop mode.
- 175 % x motor rated current for RFC-A mode.

There are three parameters which control the current limits:

- · Motoring current limit: power flowing from the drive to the motor
- Regen current limit: power flowing from the motor to the drive
- Symmetrical current limit: current limit for both motoring and regen operation

The lowest of either the motoring and regen current limit, or the symmetrical current limit applies.

The maximum setting of these parameters depends on the values of motor rated current, drive rated current and the power factor.

With size 5 upwards, increasing the motor rated current (Pr 00.006 / Pr 05.007) above the Heavy Duty rating (default value), will automatically reduce the current limits in Pr 04.005 to Pr 04.007. If the motor rated current is then set to or below the Heavy Duty rating, the current limits will be left at their reduced values.

The drive can be oversized to permit a higher current limit setting to provide higher accelerating torque as required up to a maximum of 1000 %.

# 8.4 Motor thermal protection

A time constant thermal model is provided to estimate the motor temperature as a percentage of its maximum allowed temperature.

The motor thermal protection is modelled using losses in the motor. The losses in the motor are calculated as a percentage value, so that under these conditions the *Motor Protection Accumulator* (04.019) would eventually reach 100 %.

Percentage losses = 100 % x [Load related losses]

Where:

Load related losses =  $I/(K_1 \times I_{Rated})^2$ 

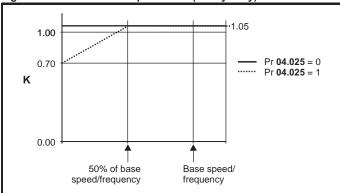
Where:

I = Current Magnitude (04.001)

I<sub>Rated</sub> = Motor Rated Current (05.007)

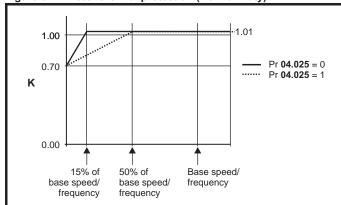
If Motor Rated Current (05.007) ≤ Maximum Heavy Duty Current (11.032)

Figure 8-1 Motor thermal protection (Heavy Duty)



If Pr **04.025** is 0 the characteristic is for a motor which can operate at rated current over the whole speed range. Induction motors with this type of characteristic normally have forced cooling. If Pr **04.025** is 1 the characteristic is intended for motors where the cooling effect of motor fan reduces with reduced motor speed below 50 % of base speed/ frequency. The maximum value for K1 is 1.05, so that above the knee of the characteristics the motor can operate continuously up to 105 % current.

Figure 8-2 Motor thermal protection (Normal Duty)



Both settings of Pr **04.025** are intended for motors where the cooling effect of the motor fan reduces with reduced motor speed, but with different speeds below which the cooling effect is reduced. If Pr **04.025** is 0 the characteristic is intended for motors where the cooling effect reduces with motor speed below 15 % of base speed/frequency. If Pr **04.025** is 1 the characteristic is intended for motors where the cooling effect reduces with motor speed below 50 % of base speed/frequency. The maximum value for K1 is 1.01, so that above the knee of the characteristics the motor can operate continuously up to 101 % current

When the estimated temperature in Pr 04.019 reaches 100 % the drive takes some action depending on the setting of Pr 04.016. If Pr 04.016 is 0, the drive trips when Pr 04.019 reaches 100 %. If Pr 04.016 is 1, the current limit is reduced to (K - 0.05) x 100 % when Pr 04.019 reaches 100 %.

The current limit is set back to the user defined level when Pr 04.019 falls below 95 %. The thermal model temperature accumulator is reset to zero at power-up and accumulates the temperature of the motor while the drive remains powered-up. If the rated current defined by Pr 05.007 is altered, the accumulator is reset to zero.

The default setting of the thermal time constant (Pr **04.015**) is 179 s which is equivalent to an overload of 150 % for 120 s from cold.

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## 8.5 Switching frequency

The default switching frequency is 3 kHz, however this can be increased up to a maximum of 16 kHz by Pr **05.018** (dependent on drive size). The available switching frequencies are shown below.

Table 8-1 Available switching frequencies

	Drive size	Model	0.667 kHz	1 kHz	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
ı	1 to 6	All	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	✓

If switching frequency is increased from 3 kHz the following apply:

- Increased heat loss in the drive, which means that derating to the output current must be applied.
   See the derating tables for switching frequency and ambient temperature in section 11.1.1 Power and current ratings (Derating)
- Reduced heating of the motor due to improved output waveform quality.

for switching frequency and temperature) on page 159.

- 3. Reduced acoustic noise generated by the motor.
- Increased sample rate on the speed and current controllers. A trade
  off must be made between motor heating, drive heating and the
  demands of the application with respect to the sample time required.

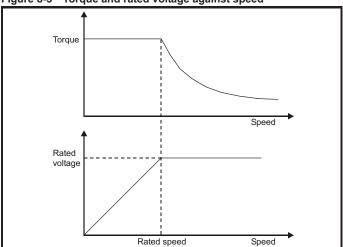
Table 8-2 Sample rates for various control tasks at each switching frequency

	0.667, 3, 6, 12 2, 4, 8, 16 1 kHz kHz kHz			Open loop	RFC-A	
Level 1	250 μs	167 μs	2 kHz = 250 μs 4 kHz = 125 μs 8 kHz = 125 μs 16 kHz = 125 μs	Peak limit	Current controllers	
Level 2		250	Current limit and ramps	Speed controller and ramps		
Level 3		1 r	ns	Voltage controller		
Level 4	4 ms			Time critical user interface		
Background				critical user rface		

### 8.5.1 Field weakening (constant power) operation

The drive can be used to run an induction machine above synchronous speed into the constant power region. The speed continues to increase and the available shaft torque reduces. The characteristics below show the torque and output voltage characteristics as the speed is increased above the rated value.

Figure 8-3 Torque and rated voltage against speed



Care must be taken to ensure the torque available above base speed is sufficient for the application to run satisfactorily.

The saturation breakpoint parameters (Pr 05.029, Pr 05.030, Pr 05.062 and Pr 05.063) found during the autotune in RFC-A mode ensure the magnetizing current is reduced in the correct proportion for the specific motor. (In open loop mode the magnetizing current is not actively controlled).

### 8.5.2 Maximum frequency

In all operating modes the maximum output frequency is limited to 550 Hz.

## 8.5.3 Over-modulation (open-loop only)

The maximum output voltage level of the drive is normally limited to an equivalent of the drive input voltage minus voltage drops within the drive (the drive will also retain a few percent of the voltage in order to maintain current control). If the motor rated voltage is set at the same level as the supply voltage, some pulse deletion will occur as the drive output voltage approaches the rated voltage level. If Pr 05.020 (Over-modulation enable) is set to 1 the modulator will allow over modulation, so that as the output frequency increases beyond the rated frequency the voltage continues to increase above the rated voltage. The modulation depth will increase beyond unity; first producing trapezoidal and then quasi-square waveforms.

This can be used for example:

 To obtain high output frequencies with a low switching frequency which would not be possible with space vector modulation limited to unity modulation depth,

or

 In order to maintain a higher output voltage with a low supply voltage.

The disadvantage is that the machine current will be distorted as the modulation depth increases above unity, and will contain a significant amount of low order odd harmonics of the fundamental output frequency. The additional low order harmonics cause increased losses and heating in the motor.

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# 9 NV Media Card

## 9.1 Introduction

The Non-Volatile Media Card feature enables simple configuration of parameters, parameter back-up and drive cloning using an SD card.

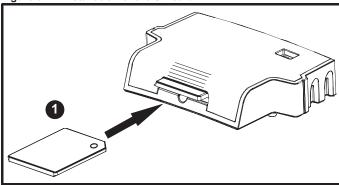
The SD card can be used for:

- · Parameter copying between drives
- Saving drive parameter sets

The NV Media Card (SD card) is located in the Al-Backup adaptor.

The drive only communicates with the NV Media Card when commanded to read or write, meaning the card may be "hot swapped".

Figure 9-1 Installation of the SD card



Installing the SD card

#### NOTE

A flat bladed screwdriver or similar tool is required in order to insert / remove the SD card fully into the Al-Backup adaptor.

Before inserting / removing the SD card into / from the Al-Backup adaptor, the Al-Backup adaptor must be removed from the drive.

## 9.2 SD card support

An SD memory card can be inserted in the Al-Backup Adaptor in order to transfer data to the drive, however the following limitations should be noted:

If a parameter from the source drive does not exist in the target drive then no data is transferred for that parameter.

If the data for the parameter in the target drive is out of range then the data is limited to the range of the target parameter.

If the target drive has a different rating to the source drive then the normal rules for this type of transfer apply as described later.

No checking is possible to determine if the source and target product types are the same, and so no warning is given if they are different.

If an SD card is used then the drive will recognise the following file types through the drive parameter interface.

File Type	Description
Parameter file	A file that contains all clonable user save parameters from the drive menus (1 to 30) in difference from default format
Macro file	The same as a parameter file, but defaults are not loaded before the data is transferred from the card

These files can be created on a card by the drive and then transferred to any other drive including derivatives. If the Drive Derivative (11.028) is different between the source and target drives then the data is transferred but a {C.Pr} trip is initiated.

It is possible for other data to be stored on the card, but this should not be stored in the <MCDF> folder and it will not be visible via the drive parameter interface.

## 9.2.1 Changing the drive mode

If the source drive mode is different from the target drive mode then the mode will be changed to the source drive mode before the parameters are transferred. If the required drive mode is outside the allowed range for the target then a {C.typ} trip is initiated and no data is transferred.

## 9.2.2 Different voltage ratings

If the voltage rating of the source and target drives is different then all parameters except those that are rating dependent (i.e. attribute RA=1) are transferred to the target drive. The rating dependent parameters are left at their default values. After the parameters have been transferred and saved to non-volatile memory a {C.rtg} trip is given as a warning. The table below gives a list of the rating dependent parameters.

Parameters	
Standard Ramp Voltage (02.008)	Ī
Motoring Current Limit (04.005)	Ī
M2 Motoring Current Limit (21.027)	
Regenerating Current Limit (04.006)	1
M2 Regenerating Current Limit (21.028)	
Symmetrical Current Limit (04.007)	Ī
M2 Symmetrical Current Limit (21.029)	
User Current Maximum Scaling (04.024)	
Motor Rated Current (05.007)	
M2 Motor Rated Current (21.007)	
Motor Rated Voltage (05.009)	Ī
M2 Motor Rated Voltage (21.009)	
Motor Rated Power Factor (05.010)	
M2 Motor Rated Power Factor (21.010)	
Stator Resistance (05.017)	
M2 Stator Resistance (21.012)	
Maximum Switching Frequency (05.018)	
Transient Inductance /Ld (05.024)	
M2 Transient Inductance /Ld (21.014)	
Stator Inductance (05.025)	٦
M2 Stator Inductance (21.024)	
Injection Braking Level (06.006)	٦

#### 9.2.3 Different option modules installed

Supply Loss Detection Level (06.048)

If the option module ID code (15.001) is different for any option module installed to the source drive compared to the destination drive, then the parameters for the set-up for that option module are not transferred, but and are instead set to their default values. After the parameters have been transferred and saved to non-volatile memory, a {C.OPt} trip is given as a warning.

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## 9.2.4 Different current ratings

If any of the current rating parameters (Maximum Heavy Duty Rating (11.032), Maximum Rated Current (11.060) or Full Scale Current Kc (11.061)) are different between the source and target then all parameters are still written to the target drive, but some may be limited by their allowed range. To give similar performance in the target compared to the source drive the frequency and current controller gains are modified as shown below. Note that this does not apply if the file identification number is larger than 500.

Gains	Multiplier
Frequency Controller Proportional Gain Kp1 (03.010)	[Source Full Scale Current Kc (11.061)] /
Frequency Controller Integral Gain Ki1 (03.011)	[Target Full Scale Current Kc (11.061)]
Frequency Controller Proportional Gain Kp2 (03.013)	
Frequency Controller Integral Gain Ki2 (03.014)	
M2 Frequency Controller Proportional Gain Kp (21.017)	
M2 Frequency Controller Integral Gain Ki (21.018)	
Current Controller Kp Gain (04.013)	[Source Full Scale Current Kc
Current Controller Ki Gain (04.014)	(11.061)] /
M2 Current Controller Kp Gain (21.022)	[Target Full Scale Current Kc (11.061)]
M2 Current Controller Ki Gain (21.023)	

#### 9.2.5 Different variable maximums

It should be noted that if ratings of the source and target drives are different, it is possible that some parameters with variable maximums may be limited and not have the same values as in the source drive.

### 9.2.6 Macro files

Macro files are created in the same way as parameter files except that *NV Media Card Create Special File* (11.072) must be set to 1 before the file is created on the NV media card. *NV Media Card Create Special File* (11.072) is set to zero after the file has been created or the transfer fails. When a macro file is transferred to a drive the drive mode is not changed even if the actual mode is different to that in the file and defaults are not loaded before the parameters are copied from the file to the drive.

The table below gives a summary of the values used in Pr mm.000 for NV media card operations. The yyy represents the file identification number.

Table 9-1 Functions in Pr mm.000

Value	Action
2001	Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file 001 and sets the block as bootable.  This will include the parameters from the attached option module.
4ууу	Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file yyy. This will include the parameters from attached option module.
5ууу	Transfer the onboard user program to onboard user program file yyy.
6ууу	Load the drive parameters from parameter file yyy or the onboard user program from onboard user program file yyy.
7ууу	Erase file yyy.
8ууу	Compare the data in the drive with the file yyy. The data in the drive is compared to the data in the file yyy. If the files are the same then <i>Pr</i> <b>mm.000</b> is simply reset to 0 when the compare is complete. If the files are different a {Card Compare} trip is initiated. All other NV media card trips also apply.
9555	Clear the warning suppression flag.
9666	Set the warning suppression flag.
9777	Clear the read-only flag.
9888	Set the read-only flag.
40ууу	Backup all drive data (parameter differences from defaults, an onboard user program and miscellaneous option data), including the drive name; the store will occur to the  folder; if it does not exist, it will be created. Since the name is stored, this is a backup, rather than a clone. The command value will be cleared when all drive and option data has been saved.
60ууу	Load all drive data (parameter differences from defaults, an onboard user program and miscellaneous option data); the load will come from the <fs driveyyy="" mcdf=""></fs> folder. The command value will not be cleared until the drive and all option data have been loaded.

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# 9.3 NV Media Card parameters

## Table 9-2 Key to parameter table coding

RW	Read / Write	ND	No default value
RO	Read only	NC	Not copied
Num	Number parameter	PT	Protected parameter
Bit	Bit parameter	RA	Rating dependant
Txt	Text string	US	User save
Bin	Binary parameter	PS	Power-down save
FI	Filtered	DE	Destination

11.036		NV Media Card File Previously Loaded					
RO	Num		NC	PT			
<b>Û</b>		0 to 999		$\Rightarrow$		0	

This parameter shows the number of the data block last transferred from an SD card to the drive. If defaults are subsequently reloaded this parameter is set to 0.

11.0	037	NV Media Card File Number					
RW	Num						
<b>Û</b>		0 to 999		$\Rightarrow$	(	0	

This parameter should have the data block number which the user would like the information displayed in Pr 11.038, Pr 11.039.

11.0	038	NV Medi	a Card Fi		
RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
<b>\$</b>		0 to 2			0

Displays the type of data block selected with Pr 11.037.

Pr 11.038	String	Type / mode
0	None	No file selected
1	Open-loop	Open loop mode parameter file
2	RFC-A	RFC-A mode parameter file

ı	11.0	039	NV Medi	a Card Fi	1	
ı	RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
ı	<b>Û</b>		0 to 9999		$\Rightarrow$	0

Displays the version number of the file selected in Pr 11.037.

1′	.042	Paramet	er Clonin	g	
RW	Txt		NC		US*
<b>\$</b>	,	0), Read ( 2), Auto (3 Boot (4)	, -	⇧	0

## 9.4 NV Media Card trips

After an attempt to read, write or erase data from a NV Media Card a trip is initiated if there has been a problem with the command.

See Chapter 12 *Diagnostics* on page 179 for more information on NV Media Card trips.

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# 10 Advanced parameters

This is a quick reference to all parameters in the drive showing units, ranges limits etc, with block diagrams to illustrate their function. Full descriptions of the parameters can be found in the Parameter Reference Guide.



These advanced parameters are listed for reference purposes only. The lists in this chapter do not include sufficient information for adjusting these parameters. Incorrect adjustment can affect the safety of the system, and damage the drive and or external equipment. Before attempting to adjust any of these parameters, refer to the *Parameter reference guide*.

Table 10-1 Menu descriptions

Menu	Description
0	Commonly used basic set up parameters for quick / easy
· ·	programming
1	Frequency reference
2	Ramps
3	Frequency control
4	Torque and current control
5	Motor control
6	Sequencer and clock
7	Analog I/O
8	Digital I/O
9	Programmable logic, motorized pot, binary sum, timers
10	Status and trips
11	Drive set-up and identification, serial communications
12	Threshold detectors and variable selectors
14	User PID controller
15	Option module slot 1 set-up menu
18	General option module application menu 1
20	General option module application menu 2
21	Second motor parameters
22	Menu 0 set-up
Slot 1	Slot 1 option menus**

<sup>\*\*</sup> Only displayed when the option module is installed.

#### Operation mode abbreviations:

Open-loop: Sensorless control for induction motors

RFC-A: Asynchronous Rotor Flux Control for induction motors

#### **Default abbreviations:**

Standard default value (50 Hz AC supply frequency)

USA default value (60 Hz AC supply frequency)

#### NOTE

Parameter numbers shown in brackets {...} are the equivalent Menu 0 parameters. Some Menu 0 parameters appear twice since their function depends on the operating mode.

In some cases, the function or range of a parameter is affected by the setting of another parameter. The information in the lists relates to the default condition of any parameters affected in this way.

Table 10-2 Key to parameter table coding

Coding	Attribute
RW	Read/Write: can be written by the user
RO	Read only: can only be read by the user
Bit	1 bit parameter. 'On' or 'Off' on the display
Num	Number: can be uni-polar or bi-polar
Txt	Text: the parameter uses text strings instead of numbers.
Bin	Binary parameter
IP	IP Address parameter
Mac	Mac Address parameter
Date	Date parameter
Time	Time parameter
Chr	Character parameter
FI	Filtered: some parameters which can have rapidly changing values are filtered when displayed on the drive keypad for easy viewing.
DE	Destination: This parameter selects the destination of an input or logic function.
RA	Rating dependent: this parameter is likely to have different values and ranges with drives of different voltage and current ratings. Parameters with this attribute will be transferred to the destination drive by non-volatile storage media when the rating of the destination drive is different from the source drive and the file is a parameter file. However, the values will be transferred if only the current rating is different and the file is a difference from default type file.
ND	No default: The parameter is not modified when defaults are loaded
NC	Not copied: not transferred to or from non-volatile media during copying.
PT	Protected: cannot be used as a destination.
US	User save: parameter saved in drive EEPROM when the user initiates a parameter save.
PS	Power-down save: parameter automatically saved in drive EEPROM when the under volts (UV) state occurs.

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Table 10-3 Feature look-up table

Features		Related parameters (Pr)											
Acceleration rates	02.010	02.011 1	to 02.019	02.032	02.033	02.034	02.002						
Analog I/O	Menu 7												
Analog input 1	07.001	07.007	07.008	07.009	07.010	07.028	07.051	07.030	07.061	07.062	07.063	07.064	
Analog input 2	07.002	07.011	07.012	07.013	07.014	07.028	07.031	07.052	07.065	07.066	07.067	07.068	
Analog output 1	07.019	07.020			07.055	07.099							
Analog reference 1	01.036	07.010	07.001	07.007	07.008	07.009	07.028	07.051	07.030	07.061	07.062	07.063	07.064
Analog reference 2	01.037	07.014	01.041	07.002	07.011	07.012	07.013	07.032	07.031	07.065	07.066	07.067	07.068
Application menu	Men	u 18			Men	u 20							
At frequency indicator bit	03.006	03.007	03.009	10.006	10.005	10.007							
Auto reset	10.034	10.035	10.036	10.001									
Autotune	05.012		05.017		05.024	05.025	05.010	05.029	05.030	05.062	05.063	05.059	05.060
Binary sum	09.029	09.030	09.031	09.032	09.033	09.034							
Bipolar reference	01.010												
Brake control	12.040 to	12.048		12.050	12.051								
Braking	10.011	10.010	10.030	10.031	06.001	02.004	02.002	10.012	10.039	10.040			
Catch a spinning motor	06.009	05.040											
Coast to stop	06.001												
Comms	11.023 to	o 11.027											
Copying	11.042	11.036	to 11.040										
Cost - per kWh electricity	06.016	06.017	06.024	06.025	06.026		06.027						
Current controller	04.013	04.014											
Current feedback	04.001	04.002	04.017	04.004		04.020		04.024	04.026	10.008	10.009	10.017	
Current limits	04.005	04.006	04.007	04.018	04.015	04.019	04.016	05.007	05.010	10.008	10.009	10.017	
DC bus voltage	05.005	02.008											
DC injection braking	06.006	06.007	06.001										
Deceleration rates	02.020	02.0211	to 02.029	02.004 02.035 to		0 02.037	02.002	02.008	06.001	10.030	10.031	10.039	02.009
Defaults	11.043	11.046											
Digital I/O	Menu 8												
Digital I/O read word	08.020												
Digital I/O T10	08.001	08.011	08.021	08.031	08.081	08.091	08.121						
Digital I/O T11	08.002	08.012	08.022		08.082	08.122							
Digital I/O T12	08.003	08.013	08.023		08.083	08.123							
Digital input T13	08.004	08.014	08.024	08.084	08.124								
Digital input T14	08.005	08.015	08.025		08.035	08.085	08.125						
Direction	10.013	06.030	06.031	01.003	10.014	02.001	03.002	08.003	08.004	10.040			
Drive active	10.002	10.040											
Drive derivative	11.028												
Drive OK	10.001	08.028	08.008	08.018	10.036	10.040							
Dynamic performance	05.026												
Dynamic V/F	05.013												
Enable	06.015				06.038								
Estimated frequency	03.002	03.003	03.004										
External trip	10.032												
Fan speed	06.045												
Field weakening - induction motor	05.029	05.030	01.006	05.028	05.062	05.063							
Filter change	06.019	06.018	06.021	06.022	06.023								1

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Features		Related parameters (Pr)											
Firmware version	11.029	11.035											
Frequency controller	03.010 to	03.017											
Frequency reference selection	01.014	01.015											
Frequency slaving	03.001	03.013	03.014	03.015	03.016	03.017	03.018						
Hard frequency reference	03.022	03.023											
Heavy duty rating	05.007	11.032											
High stability space vector modulation	05.019												
I/O sequencer	06.004	06.030	06.031	06.032	06.033	06.034	06.042	06.043	06.041				
Inertia compensation	02.038	05.012	04.022	03.018									
Jog reference	01.005	02.019	02.029										
Keypad reference	01.017	01.014	01.043	01.051	06.012	06.013							
Limit switches	06.035	06.036											
Line power supply loss	06.003	10.015	10.016	05.005									
Logic function 1	09.001	09.004	09.005	09.006	09.007	09.008	09.009	09.010					
Logic function 2	09.002	09.014	09.015	09.016	09.017	09.018	09.019	09.020					
Maximum frequency	01.006												
Menu 0 set-up				Menu 22									
Minimum frequency	01.007	10.004											
Motor map	05.006	05.007	05.008	05.009	05.010	05.011							
Motor map 2	Menu 21		11.45										
Motorized potentiometer	09.021	09.022	09.023	09.024	09.025	09.026	09.027	09.028	09.003				
NV media card	11.036 to	11.040		11.042									
Offset reference	01.004	01.038	01.009										
Open loop vector mode	05.014	05.017											
Operating mode		11.031		05.014									
Output	05.001	05.002	05.003	05.004									
Over frequency threshold	03.008												
Over modulation enable	05.020												
PID controller	Menu 14												
Power up parameter	11.022												
Preset speeds	01.015	01.021 t	o 01.028			01.014	01.042	01.045 t	o 01.047		01.050		
Programmable logic	Menu 9												
Ramp (accel / decel) mode	02.004	02.008	06.001	02.002	02.003	10.030	10.031	10.039					
Reference selection	01.014	01.015	01.049	01.050	01.001								
Regenerating	10.010	10.011	10.030	10.031	06.001	02.004	02.002	10.012	10.039	10.040			
Relay output	08.008	08.018	08.028										
Reset	10.033			10.034	10.035	10.036	10.001						
RFC mode			04.012	05.040									
S ramp	02.006	02.007											
Sample rates	05.018												
Security code	11.030	11.044											
Serial comms	11.023 to	11.027											
Skip speeds	01.029	01.030	01.031	01.032	01.033	01.034	01.035						
Slip compensation	05.027	05.008											
Status word	10.040												
Supply		05.005	06.046										
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Safety Product Mech information information instal			etting tarted pa	Basic Ru arameters	nning the motor	Optimization	NV Med Card		neters Te	chnical data	Diagno	stics	UL Listing
Features					F	Related par	rameters	(Pr)					
Switching frequency	05.018	05.035	07.034	07.035									T
Thermal protection - drive	05.018	05.035	07.004	07.005			07.035	10.018					
Thermal protection - motor	04.015	05.007	04.019	04.016	04.02	5	08.035						
Thermistor input			08.035	07.047	07.05	0							
Threshold detector 1	12.001	12.003	to 12.007	,									
Threshold detector 2	12.002	12.023	to 12.027	•									
Time - filter change	06.019	06.018	06.021	06.022	06.02	3							
Time - powered up log	06.020			06.019	06.01	7 06.018							
Time - run log				06.019	06.01	7 06.018							
Torque	04.003	04.026	05.032	!									
Torque mode	04.008	04.011											
Trip detection	10.037	10.038	10.020	0 to 10.029									
Trip log	10.020 t	o 10.029		10.041	to 10.060	)		10.0701	to 10.079				
Under voltage	05.005	10.016	10.015	;									
V/F mode	05.015	05.014											
Variable selector 1	12.008 t	o 12.016											
Variable selector 2	12.028 t	o 12.036											
Voltage controller	05.031												
Voltage mode	05.014	05.017		05.015									
Voltage rating	11.033	05.009	05.005										
Voltage supply		06.046	05.005										
Warning	10.019	10.012	10.017	10.018	10.04	0							
Zero frequency indicator bit	03.005	10.003											

## Parameter ranges and Variable minimum/maximums:

Some parameters in the drive have a variable range with a variable minimum and a variable maximum values which is dependent on one of the following:

- The settings of other parameters
- The drive rating
- The drive mode
- Combination of any of the above

The tables below give the definition of variable minimum/maximum and the maximum range of these.

VM_AC_\	<b>OLTAGE</b> Range applied to parameters showing AC voltage
Units	V
Range of [MIN]	0
Range of [MAX]	0 to the value listed below
Definition	VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MAX] is drive voltage rating dependent. See Table 10-4
Definition	VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MIN] = 0

VM_AC_VOI	TAGE_SET Range applied to the AC voltage set-up parameters
Units	V
Range of [MIN]	0
Range of [MAX]	0 to the value listed below
Definition	VM_AC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX] is drive voltage rating dependent. See Table 10-4
Deminion	VM_AC_VOLTAGE_SET[MIN] = 0

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Runningthe onformation installation installation started parameters Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Runningthe onformation of installation installation installation installation between the control of the control	n							Optimization	NV Media Card		Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listing
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VM_ACC	EL_RATE	Maximum applied to the ramp rate parameters
Units	s / 100 Hz	
Range of [MIN]	0.0	
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 3200.0	
Definition	VM_ACCEL_RATE[MIN] =	= 3200.0 9) = 1: = 3200.0 x Pr <b>01.006</b> / 100.00

VM_DC_V	<b>/OLTAGE</b> Range applied to parameters showing DC voltage
Units	V
Range of [MIN]	0
Range of [MAX]	0 to the value listed below
Definition	VM_DC_VOLTAGE[MAX] is the full scale d.c. link voltage feedback (over voltage trip level) for the drive. This level is drive voltage rating dependent. See Table 10-4
	VM_DC_VOLTAGE[MIN] = 0

VM_DC_VOI	LTAGE_SET	Range applied to DC voltage reference parameters
Units	V	
Range of [MIN]	0	
Range of [MAX]	0 to the value listed below	
Definition	VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[ VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[	MAX] is drive voltage rating dependent. See Table 10-4 [MIN] = 0

VM_DRIVE_	CURRENT	Range applied to parameters showing current in A
Units	Α	
Range of [MIN]	-9999.99 to 0.00	
Range of [MAX]	0.00 to 9999.99	
Definition	Scale Current Kc (11.061)	IAX] is equivalent to the full scale (over current trip level) for the drive and is given by Full  IIN] = - VM_DRIVE_CURRENT[MAX]

VM_DRIVE_CURF	RENT_UNIPOLAR Unipolar version of VM_DRIVE_CURRENT
Units	A
Range of [MIN]	0.00
Range of [MAX]	0.00 to 9999.99
Definition	VM_DRIVE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR[MAX] = VM_DRIVE_CURRENT[MAX]  VM_DRIVE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR[MIN] = 0.00

VM_HIGH_D	_VOLTAGE Range applied to parameters showing high DC voltage
Units	V
Range of [MIN]	0
Range of [MAX]	0 to 1500
Definition	VM_HIGH_DC_VOLTAGE[MAX] is the full scale d.c. link voltage feedback for the high d.c. link voltage measurement which can measure the voltage if it goes above the normal full scale value. This level is drive voltage rating dependent. See Table 10-4  VM_HIGH_DC_VOLTAGE[MIN] = 0

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	_CURRENT_LIMIT  _CURRENT_LIMIT  Range applied to current limit parameters
Units	%
Range of [MIN]	0.0
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.0
	VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[MIN] = 0.0
	Open-loop  VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX] = (I <sub>Tlimit</sub> / I <sub>Trated</sub> ) x 100 %  Where:  I <sub>Tlimit</sub> = I <sub>MaxRef</sub> x cos(sin <sup>-1</sup> (I <sub>Mrated</sub> / I <sub>MaxRef</sub> ))  I <sub>Mrated</sub> = Pr 05.007 sin φ  I <sub>Trated</sub> = Pr 05.007 x cos φ  cos φ = Pr 05.010  I <sub>MaxRef</sub> is 0.7 x Pr 11.061 when the motor rated current set in Pr 05.007 is less than or equal to Pr 11.032 (i.e. Heavy duty), otherwise it is the lower of 0.7 x Pr 11.061 or 1.1 x Pr 11.060 (i.e. Normal Duty).
Definition	RFC-A VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX] = $(I_{Tlimit} / I_{Trated}) \times 100 \%$ Where: $I_{Tlimit} = I_{MaxRef} \times \cos(\sin^{-1}(I_{Mrated} / I_{MaxRef}))$ $I_{Mrated} = Pr \ 05.007 \times \cos \phi_1$ $I_{Trated} = Pr \ 05.007 \times \sin \phi_1$ $\phi_1 = \cos^{-1}(Pr \ 05.010) + \phi_2$ . $\phi_1$ is calculated during an autotune. See the variable minimum / maximum calculations in the <i>Parameter Reference Guide</i> for more information regarding $\phi_2$ . $I_{MaxRef}$ is $0.9 \times Pr \ 11.061$ when the motor rated current set in $Pr \ 05.007$ is less than or equal to $Pr \ 11.032$ (i.e. Heavy duty), otherwise it is the lower of $0.9 \times Pr \ 11.061$ or $1.1 \times Pr \ 11.060$ (i.e. Normal Duty).

_		REF_CLAMP1 REF_CLAMP2	Limits applied t	o the negative frequency or speed clamp	
Units	ŀ	Hz			
Range of [MIN]	-	550.00 to 0.00			
Range of [MAX]	(	0.00 to 550.00			
		Negative Reference Clamp Enable (01.008)	Bipolar Reference Enable (01.010)	VM_NEGATIVE_REF_CLAMP1[MIN]	VM_NEGATIVE_REF_ CLAMP1[MAX]
Definition		0	0	0.00	Pr <b>01.006</b>
		0	1	0.00	0.00
		1	Х	- VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP[MAX]	0.00
	١	/M_NEGATIVE_RE	EF_CLAMP2 is defined	in the same way except that Pr 21.001 is u	used instead of Pr 01.006.

VM_POSITIVE	_REF_CLAMP Limits applied to the positive frequency or speed reference clamp
Units	Hz
Range of [MIN]	0.00
Range of [MAX]	550.00
Definition	In all modes VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP[MAX] is fixed at 550.00 In all modes VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP[MIN] is fixed at 0.0

Information Unformation Unstallation Unstall	ſ	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listing
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	VM_POWER	Range applied to parameters that either set or display power
Units	kW	
Range of [MIN]	-999.99 to 0.00	
Range of [MAX]	0.00 to 999.99	
Definition	with maximum a.c. output	ng dependent and is chosen to allow for the maximum power that can be output by the drive voltage, at maximum controlled current and unity power factor.  x VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MAX] x VM_DRIVE_CURRENT[MAX] / 1000
	VM_POWER[MIN] = -VM	_POWER[MAX]

VM_RATED	_CURRENT Range applied to rated current parameters
Units	A
Range of [MIN]	0.00
Range of [MAX]	0.00 to 9999.99
Definition	VM_RATED_CURRENT [MAX] = Maximum Rated Current (11.060) and is dependent on the drive rating.  VM_RATED_CURRENT [MIN] = 0.00

	VM_FREQ	Range applied to parameters showing frequency
Units	Hz	
Range of [MIN]	-550.00 to 0.00	
Range of [MAX]	0.00 to 550.00	
		mum/maximum defines the range of frequency monitoring parameters. To allow headroom for ge is set to twice the range of the frequency references.
Definition	VM_FREQ[MAX]	= 2 x VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]
	VM_FREQ[MIN] :	= 2 x VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MIN]

VM_FREQ_	UNIPOLAR Unipolar version of VM_FREQ	
Units	Hz	
Range of [MIN]	Open-loop, RFC-A: 0.00	
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop, RFC-A: 0.00 to 550.00	
Definition	VM_FREQ_UNIPOLAR[MAX] = VM_FREQ[MAX]  VM_FREQ_UNIPOLAR[MIN] = 0.00	

VM_SPEED_	FREQ_REF	Range applied to the frequency or speed reference parameters
Units	Hz	
Range of [MIN]	-550.00 to 0.00	
Range of [MAX]	0.00 to 550.00	
Definition	If Pr <b>01.008</b> = 1: VM_SPEI If the second motor map is Pr <b>01.007</b> .	ED_FREQ_REF[MAX] = Pr 01.006  ED_FREQ_REF[MAX] = Pr 01.006 or  Pr 01.007 , whichever is larger.  s selected (Pr 11.045 = 1) Pr 21.001 is used instead of Pr 01.006 and Pr 21.002 instead of  MIN] = -VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX].

VM_SPEED_FREQ	REF_UNIPOLAR Unipolar version of VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF
Units	Hz
Range of [MIN]	0.00
Range of [MAX]	0.00 to 550.00
Definition	VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF_UNIPOLAR[MAX] = VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]  VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF_UNIPOLAR[MIN] = 0.00

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VM_SPEED_	FREQ_USER_REFS	Range applied to some	e Menu 1 reference parameters			
Units	Hz	Hz				
Range of [MIN]	-550.00 to 0.00					
Range of [MAX]	0.00 to 550.00					
	VM_SPEED_FREQ_USER_	_REFS[MAX] = VM_S	PEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]			
	Negative Reference Clamp Enable (01.008)	Bipolar Reference Enable (01.010)	VM_SPEED_FREQ_USER_REFS [MIN]			
Definition	0	0	Pr 01.007			
Deminion	0	1	-VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]			
	1	0	0.00			
	1	1	-VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]			
	If the second motor map is s	selected (Pr <b>11.045</b> = 1	1) Pr <b>21.002</b> is used instead of Pr <b>01.007</b> .			

VM_STD_UN	Range applied the standard under-voltage threshold
Units	V
Range of [MIN]	0 to 1150
Range of [MAX]	0 to 1150
Definition	VM_STD_UNDER_VOLTS[MAX] = VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET VM_STD_UNDER_VOLTS[MIN] is voltage rating dependent. See Table 10-4

VM_SUPPLY_	LOSS_LEVEL Range applied to the supply loss threshold
Units	V
Range of [MIN]	0 to 1150
Range of [MAX]	0 to 1150
Definition	VM_SUPPLY_LOSS_LEVEL[MAX] = VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX]  VM_SUPPLY_LOSS_LEVEL[MIN] is drive voltage rating dependent. See Table 10-4

VM_TORQUE_CURRENT		Range applied to torque and	torque producing current parameters
Units	%		
Range of [MIN]	-1000.0 to 0.0		
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.0		
Definition	Select Mo	otor 2 Parameters (11.045)	VM_TORQUE_CURRENT [MAX]
		0	VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX]
		1	VM_MOTOR2_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX]
	VM_TORQUE_CUF	RRENT[MIN] = -VM_TORQUE_CUR	RENT[MAX]

VM_TORQUE_C	CURRENT_UNIPOLAR Unipolar version of VM_TORQUE_CURRENT
Units	%
Range of [MIN]	0.0
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.0
Definition	VM_TORQUE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR[MAX] = VM_TORQUE_CURRENT[MAX]  VM_TORQUE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR[MIN] =0.0

VM_USEF	R_CURRENT	Range applied to torque reference and percentage load parameters with one decimal place
Units	%	
Range of [MIN]	-1000.0 to 0.0	
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.0	
Definition		ENT[MAX] = User Current Maximum Scaling (04.024)  ENT[MIN] = -VM_USER_CURRENT[MAX]

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runningthe	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listina
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## Table 10-4 Voltage ratings dependant values

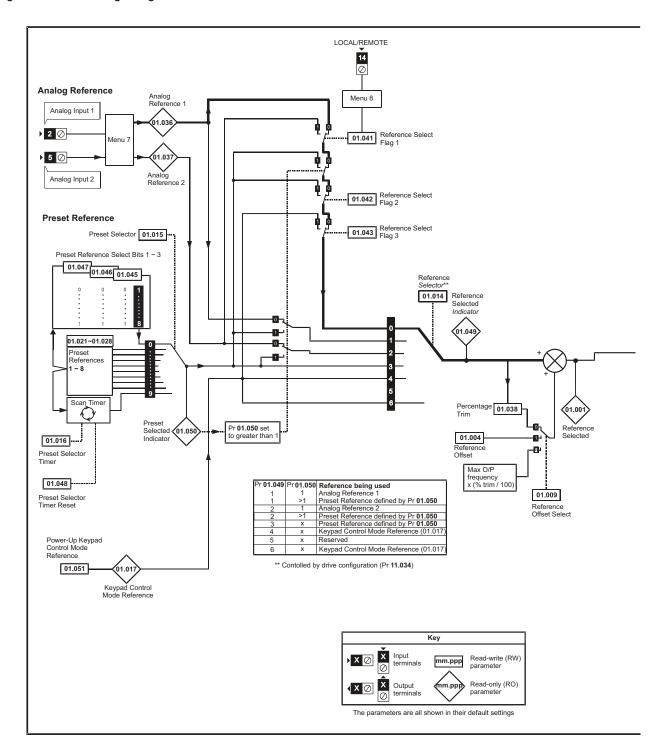
Variable min/max	Voltage level								
variable mill/max	100 V	200 V	400 V	575 V	690 V				
VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET(MAX)	410		800	955	1150				
VM_DC_VOLTAGE(MAX]	41	5	830	990	1190				
VM_AC_VOLTAGE_SET(MAX)	24	0	480	575	690				
VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MAX]	32	5	650	780	930				
VM_STD_UNDER_VOLTS[MIN]	17	5	330	435	435				
VM_SUPPLY_LOSS_LEVEL{MIN]	20	5	410	540	540				
VM_HIGH_DC_VOLTAGE	150	00	1500						

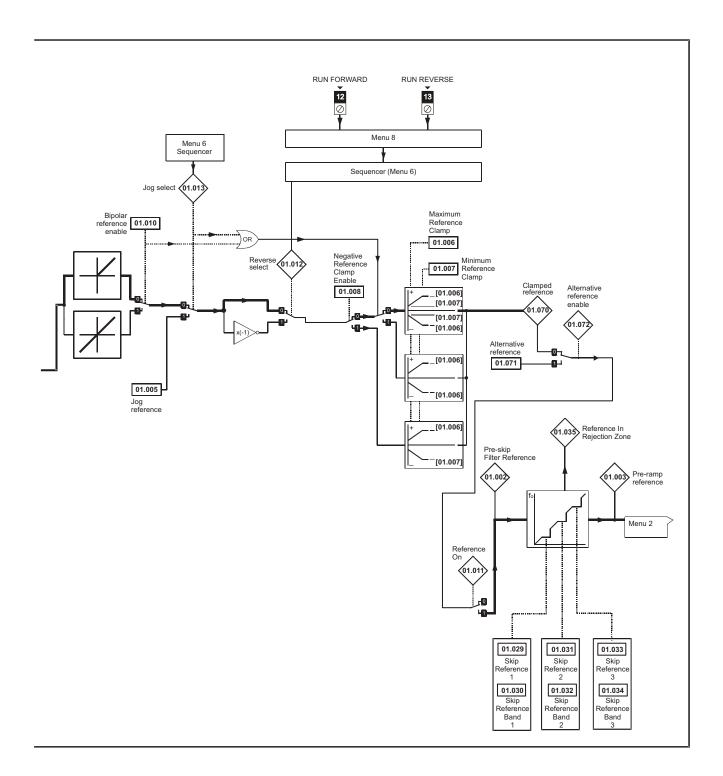
Safety information installation installation

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runningthe	Ontimization	NV Media	Advanced	Toohnical data	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	lechnical data	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

## 10.1 Menu 1: Frequency reference

Figure 10-1 Menu 1 logic diagram





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information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	recrimical data	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

		Ra	nge (‡)	Defa	ult (⇔)			_			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A			Тур	e		
01.001	Reference Selected	_	D_FREQ_REF Hz			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
01.002	Pre-skip Filter Reference	_	D_FREQ_REF Hz			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
01.003	Pre-ramp Reference	_	D_FREQ_REF Hz			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
01.004	Reference Offset	±VM_SPEE	D_FREQ_REF Hz	0.0	00 Hz	RW	Num				US
01.005	Jog Reference	0.00 t	o 300.00 Hz		50 Hz	RW	Num				US
01.006	Maximum Reference Clamp	±VM_POSITI\	/E_REF_CLAMP Hz		50.00 Hz 60.00 Hz	RW	Num				US
01.007	Minimum Reference Clamp	±VM_NEGATIV	/E_REF_CLAMP1 Hz	0.0	00 Hz	RW	Num				US
01.008	Negative Reference Clamp Enable	Off (0	0) or On (1)	0	ff (0)	RW	Bit				US
01.009	Reference Offset Select		0 to 2		0	RW	Num				US
01.010	Bipolar Reference Enable	Off (0	0) or On (1)	0	ff (0)	RW	Bit				US
01.011	Reference On	Off (0	0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
01.012	Reverse Select	Off (0	0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
01.013	Jog Select	Off (0	0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
01.014	Reference Selector		2.Pr (2), PrESEt (3), PAd (4), , PAd.rEF (6)	A1.	A2 (0)	RW	Txt				US
01.015	Preset Selector		0 to 9		0	RW	Num	1			US
01.016	Preset Selector Timer	0 t	o 400.0 s	1	0.0s	RW	Num				US
01.017	Keypad Control Mode Reference	±VM_SPEED_F	REQ_USER_REFS Hz	0.0	00 Hz	RO	Num	1	NC	PT	PS
01.021	Preset Reference 1	±VM SPEE	D FREQ REF Hz	0.0	00 Hz	RW	Num	1		<u> </u>	US
01.022	Preset Reference 2	±VM SPEE	D FREQ REF Hz	0.0	00 Hz	RW	Num			<del>                                     </del>	US
01.023	Preset Reference 3		D FREQ REF Hz	0.0	00 Hz	RW	Num			<del>                                     </del>	US
01.024	Preset Reference 4	±VM SPEE	D FREQ REF Hz	0.0	00 Hz	RW	Num			<b>-</b>	US
01.025	Preset Reference 5	_	D FREQ REF Hz	0.0	00 Hz	RW	Num				US
01.026	Preset Reference 6	±VM SPEE	0.0	00 Hz	RW	Num			<del>                                     </del>	US	
01.027	Preset Reference 7	±VM SPEE		00 Hz	RW	Num				US	
01.028	Preset Reference 8	±VM SPEE	0.0	00 Hz	RW	Num				US	
01.029	Skip Reference 1	0.00 to VM_SPEED_I	0.0	00 Hz	RW	Num			<del>                                     </del>	US	
01.030	Skip Reference Band 1	0.00		50 Hz	RW	Num	1		<del>                                     </del>	US	
01.031	Skip Reference 2		FREQ_REF_UNIPOLAR Hz	0.0	00 Hz	RW	Num			<del>                                     </del>	US
01.032	Skip Reference Band 2		to 25.00 Hz		50 Hz	RW	Num	1		<del>                                     </del>	US
01.033	Skip Reference 3		FREQ_REF_UNIPOLAR Hz		00 Hz	RW	Num	1		<del>                                     </del>	US
01.034	Skip Reference Band 3		to 25.00 Hz		50 Hz	RW	Num	1		<del>                                     </del>	US
01.035	Reference In Rejection Zone		0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	$\vdash$
01.036	Analog Reference 1	,	REQ USER REFS Hz	0.0	00 Hz	RO	Num	<u> </u>	NC	<del></del>	$\vdash$
01.037	Analog Reference 2		REQ USER REFS Hz		00 Hz	RO	Num		NC	<u> </u>	+
01.038	Percentage Trim		00.00 %		00 %	RW	Num	1	NC	$\vdash$	$\vdash \vdash$
01.041	Reference Select Flag 1		0) or On (1)		ff (0)	RW	Bit	<b> </b>	NC	$\vdash$	$\vdash \vdash$
01.042	Reference Select Flag 2	,	0) or On (1)		ff (0)	RW	Bit	1	NC	$\vdash$	$\vdash$
01.043	Reference Select Flag 3	,	0) or On (1)		ff (0)	RW	Bit	1	NC	$\vdash$	$\vdash$
01.045	Preset Select Flag 1		0) or On (1)		ff (0)	RW	Bit	1	NC	$\vdash$	$\vdash$
01.046	Preset Select Flag 2	Off ((		ff (0)	RW	Bit	<del>                                     </del>	NC	$\vdash$	$\vdash$	
01.047	Preset Select Flag 3	Off (	_	ff (0)	RW	Bit	1	NC	$\vdash$	$\vdash$	
01.048	Preset Selector Timer Reset			ff (0)	RW	Bit	<del>                                     </del>	NC	$\vdash$	$\vdash$	
01.049	Reference Selected Indicator	Off (0) or On (1) 1 to 6			\-/	RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	$\vdash$
01.050	Preset Selected Indicator	1 to 8				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	$\vdash$
01.051	Power-up Keypad Control Mode Reference		ASt (1), PrESEt (2)	rF.9	SEt (0)	RW	Txt	H	+	H	US
01.057	Force Reference Direction		For (1), rEv (2)		ne (0)	RW	Txt	<u> </u>	<del>                                     </del>	$\vdash$	+
01.069	Reference in rpm		D FREQ REF rpm	140	. (-/	RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	$\vdash$
01.070	Clamped Reference	±VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF Hz				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	$\vdash$
01.071	Alternative Reference	±VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF Hz			00 Hz	RW	Num	1,40	NC	PT	+-
01.071	Alternative Reference Enable	±VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF Hz Off (0) or On (1)			50112	RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	$\vdash$
01.072	Alternative Reference Enable	Off (C			KU	BIT	טא	NC	L		

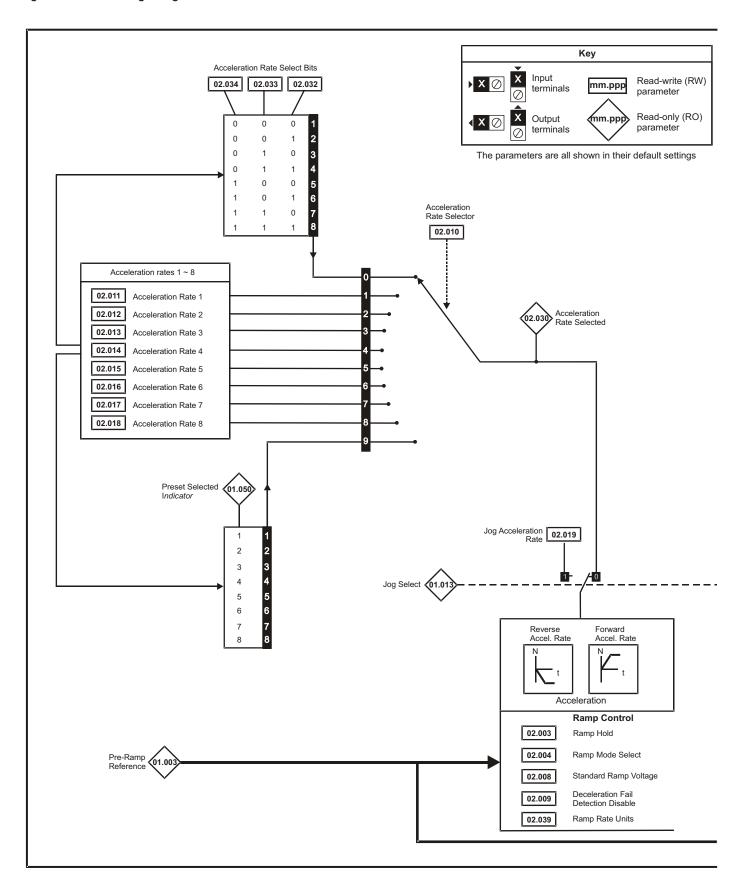
RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety information installation installation

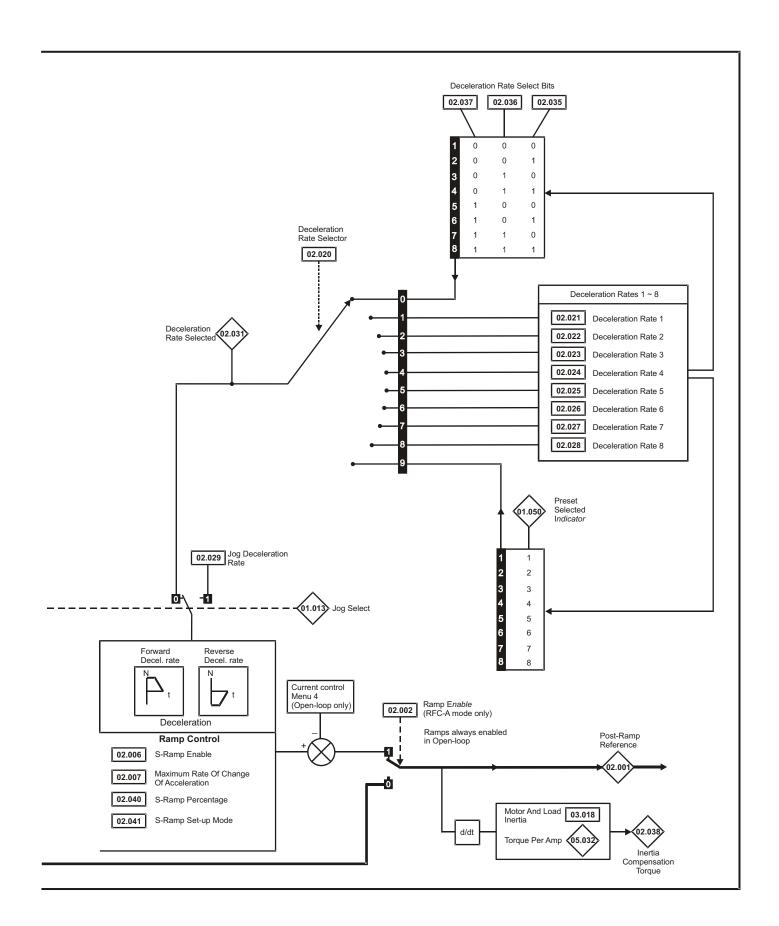
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runningthe	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	recrimical data	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

## 10.2 Menu 2: Ramps

Figure 10-2 Menu 2 logic diagram



Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running the NV Media Advanced **UL** Listing Optimization Technical data Diagnostics information information installation installation started parameters motor Card parameters



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runningthe	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	recrimical data	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

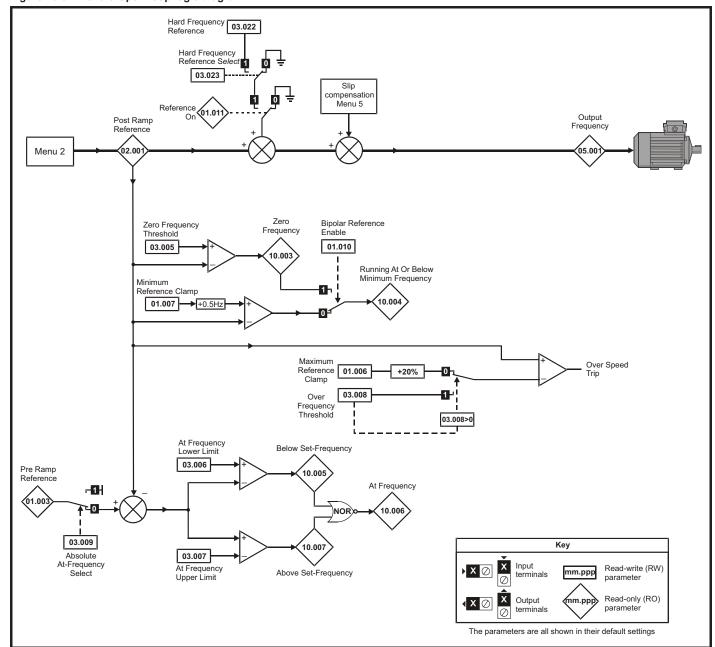
		Ran	ge (‡)	Defaul	t (⇔)						
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A	1		Тур	е		
02.001	Post Ramp Reference	±VM_SPEED_	FREQ_REF Hz			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
02.002	Ramp Enable		Off (0) or On (1)		On (1)	RW	Bit				US
02.003	Ramp Hold	Off (0)	or On (1)	Off (	0)	RW	Bit				US
02.004	Ramp Mode Select	FASt (0), Std (1), S	d.bSt (2), FSt.bSt (3)	Std (	1)	RW	Txt				US
02.005	Disable Ramp Output		Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
02.006	S Ramp Enable	Off (0)	or On (1)	Off (	0)	RW	Bit				US
02.007	Max Rate Of Change Of Acceleration	0.0 to 300	.0 s²/100Hz	3.1 s²/10	00 Hz	RW	Num				US
02.008	Standard Ramp Voltage	±VM_DC_VC	LTAGE_SET V	110 V drive 200 V drive 400 V drive 50 400 V drive 60 575 V drive 690 V drive	e: 375 V ) Hz: 750 V ) Hz: 775 V e: 895 V	RW	Num		RA		US
02.009	Deceleration Fail Detection Disable	Off (0)	or On (1)	Off (	0)	RW	Bit				US
02.010	Acceleration Rate Selector		to 9	0		RW	Num				US
02.011	Acceleration Rate 1	±VM_ACC	EL_RATE s	5.0	s	RW	Num				US
02.012	Acceleration Rate 2	±VM_ACC	EL_RATE s	5.0	s	RW	Num				US
02.013	Acceleration Rate 3	±VM_ACC	EL_RATE s	5.0	s	RW	Num				US
02.014	Acceleration Rate 4	±VM_ACC	EL_RATE s	5.0	s	RW	Num				US
02.015	Acceleration Rate 5	±VM_ACC	EL_RATE s	5.0	s	RW	Num				US
02.016	Acceleration Rate 6	±VM_ACC	EL_RATE s	5.0	s	RW	Num				US
02.017	Acceleration Rate 7	±VM_ACC	EL_RATE s	5.0	s	RW	Num				US
02.018	Acceleration Rate 8	±VM_ACC	EL_RATE s	5.0	s	RW	Num				US
02.019	Jog Acceleration Rate	±VM_ACC	EL_RATE s	0.2	s	RW	Num				US
02.020	Deceleration Rate Selector	0	0		RW	Num				US	
02.021	Deceleration Rate 1	±VM_ACC	10.0	s	RW	Num				US	
02.022	Deceleration Rate 2	±VM_ACC	10.0	S	RW	Num				US	
02.023	Deceleration Rate 3	±VM_ACC	EL_RATE s	10.0	s	RW	Num				US
02.024	Deceleration Rate 4	±VM_ACC	EL_RATE s	10.0	s	RW	Num				US
02.025	Deceleration Rate 5	±VM_ACC	EL_RATE s	10.0	S	RW	Num				US
02.026	Deceleration Rate 6	±VM_ACC	EL_RATE s	10.0	S	RW	Num				US
02.027	Deceleration Rate 7	±VM_ACC	EL_RATE s	10.0	S	RW	Num				US
02.028	Deceleration Rate 8	±VM_ACC	EL_RATE s	10.0	S	RW	Num				US
02.029	Jog Deceleration Rate	±VM_ACC	EL_RATE s	0.2	s	RW	Num				US
02.030	Acceleration Rate Selected		to 8			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
02.031	Deceleration Rate Selected	0	to 8			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
02.032	Acceleration Rate Select Bit 0	. ,	or On (1)	Off (	•	RW	Bit		NC		
02.033	Acceleration Rate Select Bit 1		or On (1)	Off (	0)	RW	Bit		NC		
02.034	Acceleration Rate Select Bit 2	. ,	or On (1)	Off (	,	RW	Bit		NC		
02.035	Deceleration Rate Select Bit 0	` '	or On (1)	Off (	0)	RW	Bit		NC		
02.036	Deceleration Rate Select Bit 1	Off (0) or On (1)			0)	RW	Bit		NC		
02.037	Deceleration Rate Select Bit 2	Off (0)	Off (	0)	RW	Bit		NC			
02.038	Inertia Compensation Torque				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT		
02.039	Ramp Rate Units	0	0		RW	Num				US	
02.040	S Ramp Percentage	0.0 to	0.0	%	RW	Num				US	
02.041	S Ramp Set-up Mode	0	0		RW	Num				US	
02.042	Maximum Rate Of Change Of Acceleration 1		0 s²/100 Hz	0.0 s <sup>2</sup> /10		RW	Num				US
02.043	Maximum Rate Of Change Of Acceleration 2				00 Hz	RW	Num				US
02.044	Maximum Rate Of Change Of Acceleration 3	ation 3 0.0 to 300.0 s²/100 Hz			00 Hz	RW	Num				US
02.045	Maximum Rate Of Change Of Acceleration 4	0.0 to 300	0 s²/100 Hz	0.0 s <sup>2</sup> /10	00 Hz	RW	Num				US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety Product Mechanical Getting Running the NV Media Advanced **UL** Listing Optimization Technical data Diagnostics information information installation installation started parameters motor Card

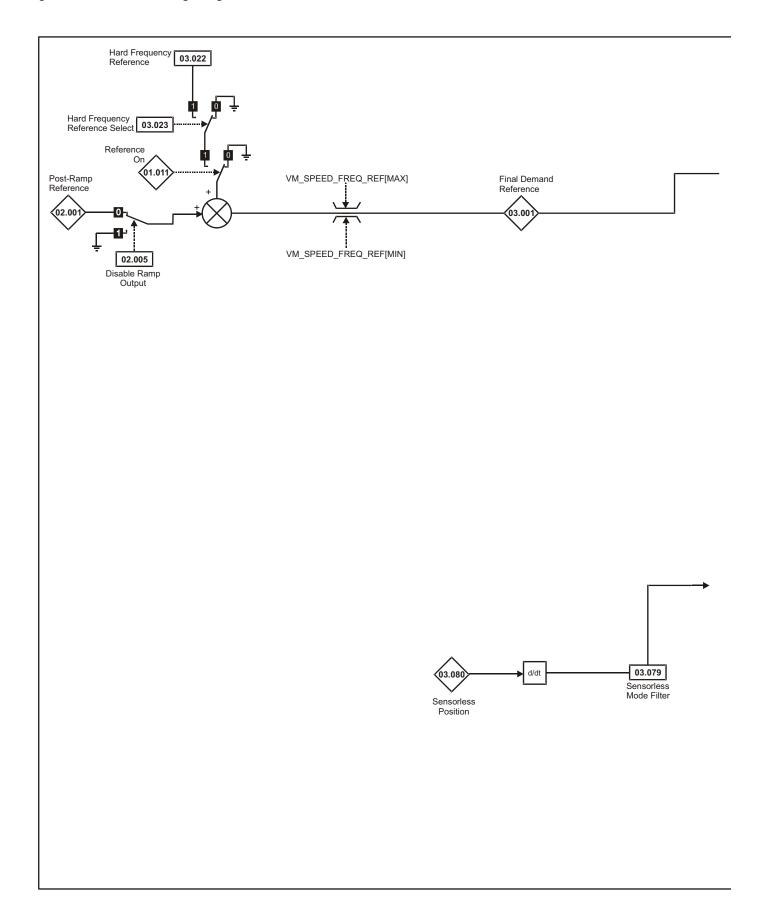
## 10.3 Menu 3: Frequency control

Figure 10-3 Menu 3 Open-loop logic diagram

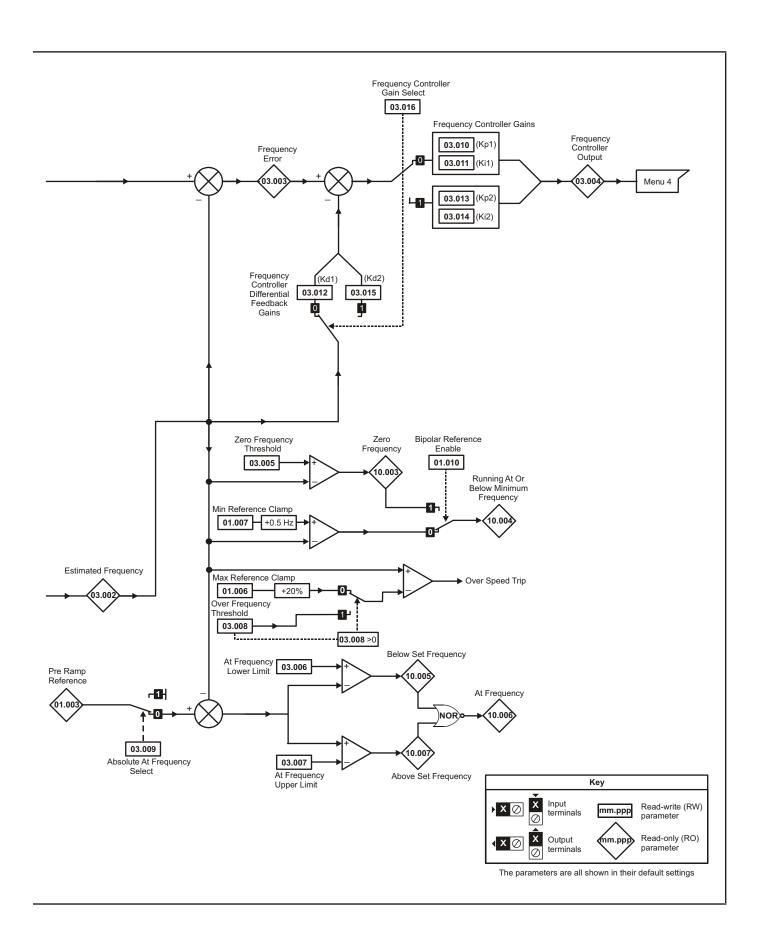


Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runningthe	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	recrimical data	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

Figure 10-4 Menu 3 RFC-A logic diagram



Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running the NV Media Advanced **UL** Listing Optimization Technical data Diagnostics information information installation installation started parameters motor Card parameters



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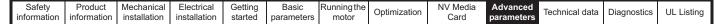
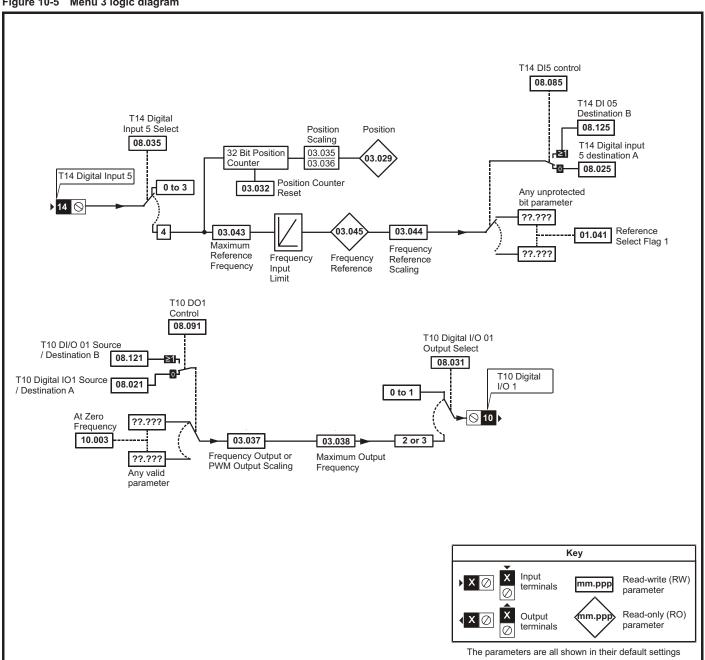


Figure 10-5 Menu 3 logic diagram



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runningthe	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	recrimical data	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

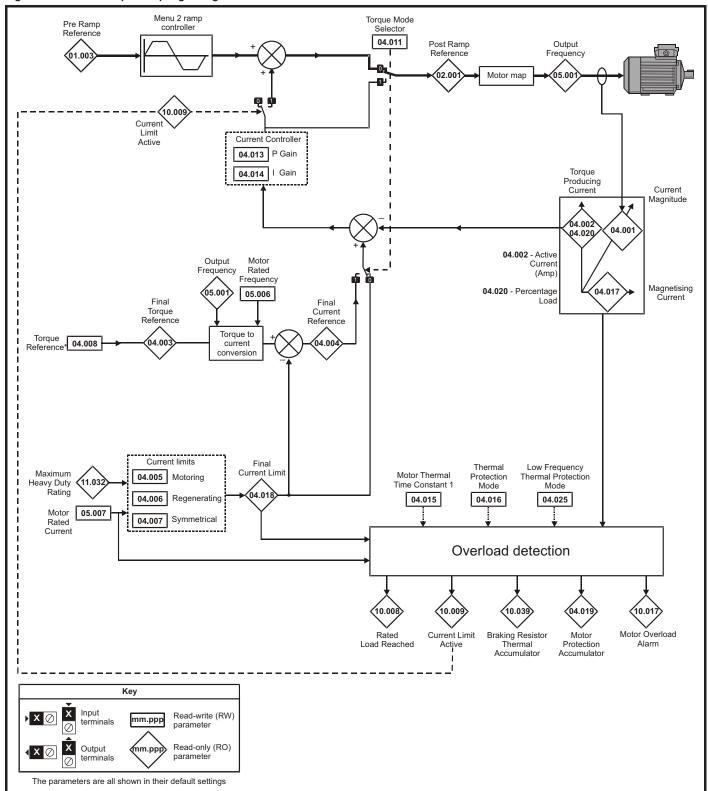
	Davamatav		Range (ၞ)	Defau	ılt (⇔)			т		*	
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A			Тур	е		
03.001	Final Demand Reference	±\	/M_FREQ Hz			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.002	Estimated Frequency		±VM_FREQ Hz			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.003	Frequency Error		±VM_FREQ Hz			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.004	Frequency Controller Output		±VM_TORQUE_CURRENT %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.005	Zero Frequency Threshold	0.0	00 to 20.00 Hz	2.00	) Hz	RW	Num				US
03.006	At Frequency Lower Limit	0.00 to VM_SPEED	D_FREQ_REF_UNIPOLAR Hz	1.00	) Hz	RW	Num				US
03.007	At Frequency Upper Limit	0.00 to VM_SPEED	D_FREQ_REF_UNIPOLAR Hz	1.00	) Hz	RW	Num				US
03.008	Over Frequency Threshold	0.00 to VM_SPEEI	D_FREQ_REF_UNIPOLAR Hz	0.00	) Hz	RW	Num				US
03.009	Absolute At Frequency Select	Of	ff (0) or On (1)	Off	(0)	RW	Bit				US
03.010	Frequency Controller Proportional Gain Kp1		0.000 to 200.000 s/rad		0.100 s/rad	RW	Num				US
03.011	Frequency Controller Integral GainKi1		0.00 to 655.35 s²/rad		0.10 s²/rad	RW	Num				US
03.012	Frequency Controller Differential Feedback Gain Kd1		0.00000 to 0.65535 1/rad		0.00000 1/rad	RW	Num				US
03.013	Frequency Controller Proportional Gain Kp2		0.000 to 200.000 s/rad		0.100 s/rad	RW	Num				US
03.014	Frequency Controller Integral GainKi2		0.00 to 655.35 s²/rad		0.10 s²/rad	RW	Num				US
03.015	Frequency Controller Differential Feedback Gain Kd2		0.00000 to 0.65535 1/rad		0.00000 1/rad	RW	Num				US
03.016	Frequency Controller Gain Select		0 to 2		0	RW	Num				US
03.017	Gain Change Threshold		0.00 to VM_FREQ_UNIPOLAR Hz		0.00 Hz	RW	Num				FI
03.018	Motor and Load Inertia		0.00 to 1000.00 kgm²		0.00 kgm²	RW	Num				US
03.022	Hard Frequency Reference	±VM_SP	EED_FREQ_REF Hz	0.00	) Hz	RW	Num				US
03.023	Hard Frequency Reference Select	Ot	ff (0) or On (1)	Off	(0)	RW	Bit				US
03.029	Position (T14)		0 to 65535			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.032	Position Counter Reset (T14)	Of	ff (0) or On (1)	Off	(0)	RW	Bit		NC		
03.035	Position Scaling Numerator (T14)	0	.000 to 1.000	1.0	000	RW	Num				US
03.036	Position Scaling Denominator (T14)	0.0	000 to 100.000	1.0	000	RW	Num				US
03.037	Frequency Output or PWM Output Scaling (T10)	0	.000 to 4.000	1.0	000	RW	Num				US
03.038	Maximum Output Frequency (T10)	1 (0), 2 (	(1), 5 (2), 10 (3) kHz	5 (2)	) kHz	RW	Txt				US
03.043	Maximum Reference Frequency (T14)	0.00	) to 100.00 kHz	10.00	) kHz	RW	Num				US
03.044	Frequency Reference Scaling (T14)	0	.000 to 4.000	1.0	000	RW	Num				US
03.045	Frequency Reference (T14)	0.0	00 to 100.00 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.047	Two Point Minimum Frequency (T14)	0.00 to 100.00 %			0 %	RW	Num	l			US
03.048	Drive Reference at Minimum Frequency (T14)	0.00 to 100.00 %			0 %	RW	Num				US
03.049	Two Point Maximum Frequency (T14)	0.00 to 100.00 %			00 %	RW	Num				US
03.050	Drive Reference at Maximum Frequency (T14)	0.0	00 to 100.00 %	100.	00 %	RW	Num				US
03.072	Motor Speed Percent		±150.0 %			RO		ND	NC	PT	FI
03.079	Sensorless Mode Filter	4 (0), 5 (1), 6 (2), 8 (3), 12 (4), 20 (5) ms			4 (0) ms	RW	Txt				US
03.080	Sensorless Position		0 to 65535			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runningthe	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Toohnical data	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	lechnical data	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

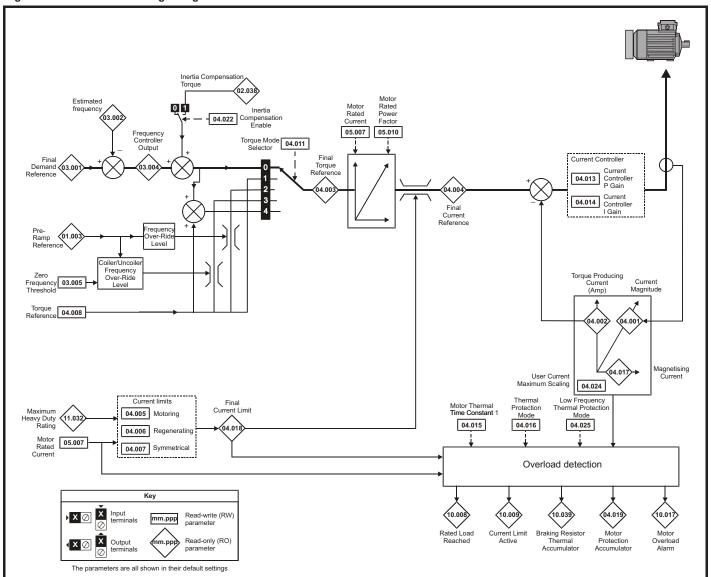
## 10.4 Menu 4: Torque and current control

Figure 10-6 Menu 4 Open loop logic diagram



Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running the NV Media Advanced UL Listing Technical data Optimization Diagnostics information information installation installation started parameters motor Card parameters

Figure 10-7 Menu 4 RFC-A logic diagram



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runningthe	Ontimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	III Lieting
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listing

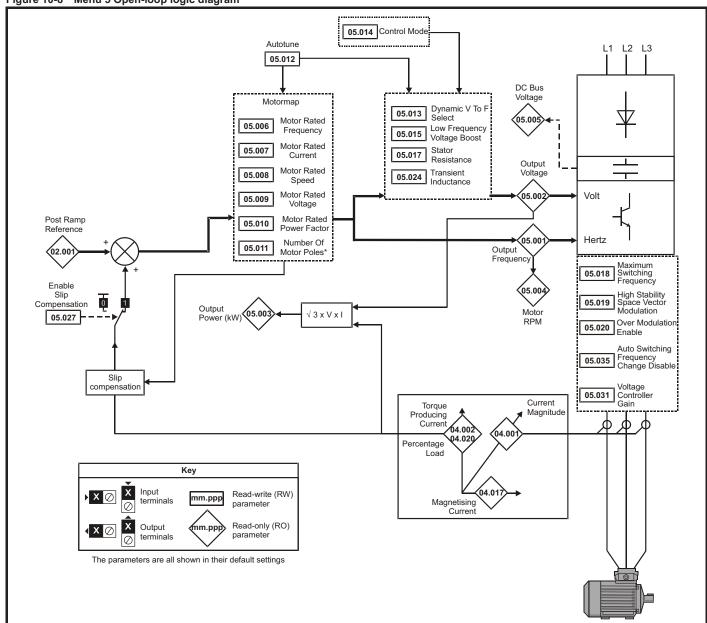
	Parameter	Range	(\$)	Defau	lt (⇔)			Т	_		
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A	1		Тур	е		
04.001	Current Magnitude	±VM_DRIVE_C	URRENT A			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.002	Torque Producing Current	±VM_DRIVE_C	URRENT A			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.003	Final Torque Reference	±VM_TORQUE_0	CURRENT %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.004	Final Current Reference	±VM_TORQUE_0	CURRENT %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.005	Motoring Current Limit	±VM_MOTOR1_CUF	RRENT_LIMIT %	165.0 %	175.0 %	RW	Num		RA		US
04.006	Regenerating Current Limit	±VM_MOTOR1_CUF	RRENT_LIMIT %	165.0 %	175.0 %	RW	Num		RA	US	П
04.007	Symmetrical Current Limit	±VM_MOTOR1_CUF	RRENT_LIMIT %	165.0 %	175.0 %	RW	Num		RA		US
04.008	Torque Reference	±VM_USER_CI	JRRENT %	0.0	%	RW	Num				US
04.011	Torque Mode Selector	0 to 1	0 to 5	C	)	RW	Num				US
04.013	Current Controller Kp Gain	0.00 to 40	00.00	20.	00	RW	Num				US
04.014	Current Controller Ki Gain	0.000 to 60	00.000	40.0	000	RW	Num				US
04.015	Motor Thermal Time Constant 1	1 to 300	00 s	179	9 s	RW	Num				US
04.016	Thermal Protection Mode	0 (0) to 3	3 (3)	0 (	0)	RW	Bin				US
04.017	Magnetising Current	±VM_DRIVE_C	URRENT A			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.018	Final Current Limit	±VM_TORQUE_0	CURRENT %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	$\Box$
04.019	Motor Protection Accumulator	0.0 to 100	0.0 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
04.020	Percentage Load	±VM_USER_C	JRRENT %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.022	Inertia Compensation Enable		Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
04.024	User Current Maximum Scaling	±VM_TORQUE_CURR	ENT_UNIPOLAR %	165.0 %	175.0 %	RW	Num		RA		US
04.025	Low Frequency Thermal Protection Mode	ode 0 to 1			)	RW	Num				US
04.026	Percentage Torque	±VM_USER_CURRENT %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.036	Motor Protection Accumulator Power-up Value	Pr.dn (0), 0 (1)	Pr.dr	า (0)	RW	Txt				US	
04.041	User Over Current Trip Level	0 to 100	100	) %	RW	Num		RA		US	

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running the NV Media Advanced Optimization Technical data Diagnostics **UL** Listing information information installation installation started parameters motor Card

#### 10.5 Menu 5: Motor control

Figure 10-8 Menu 5 Open-loop logic diagram



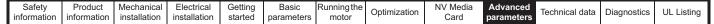
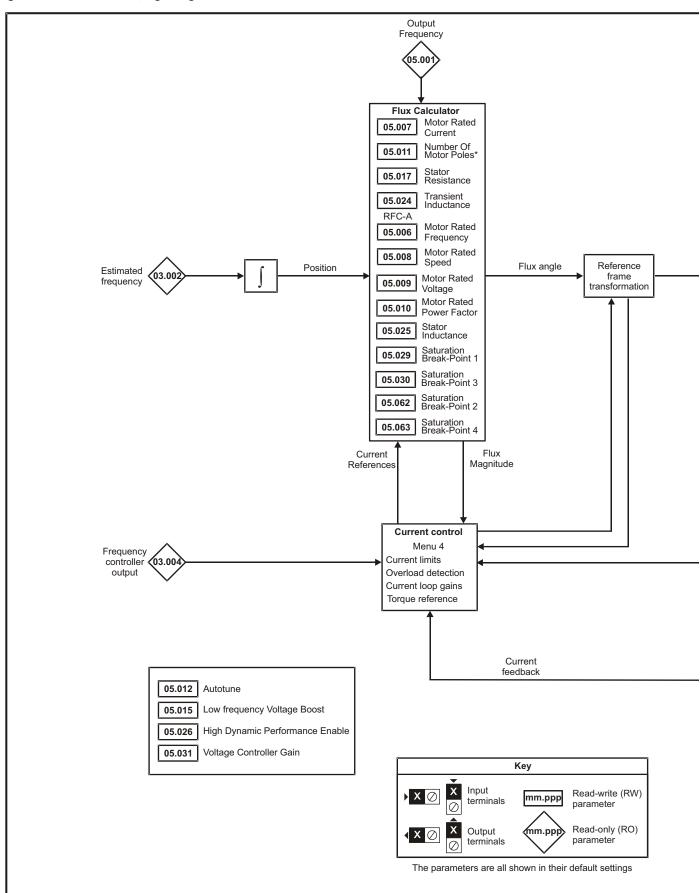
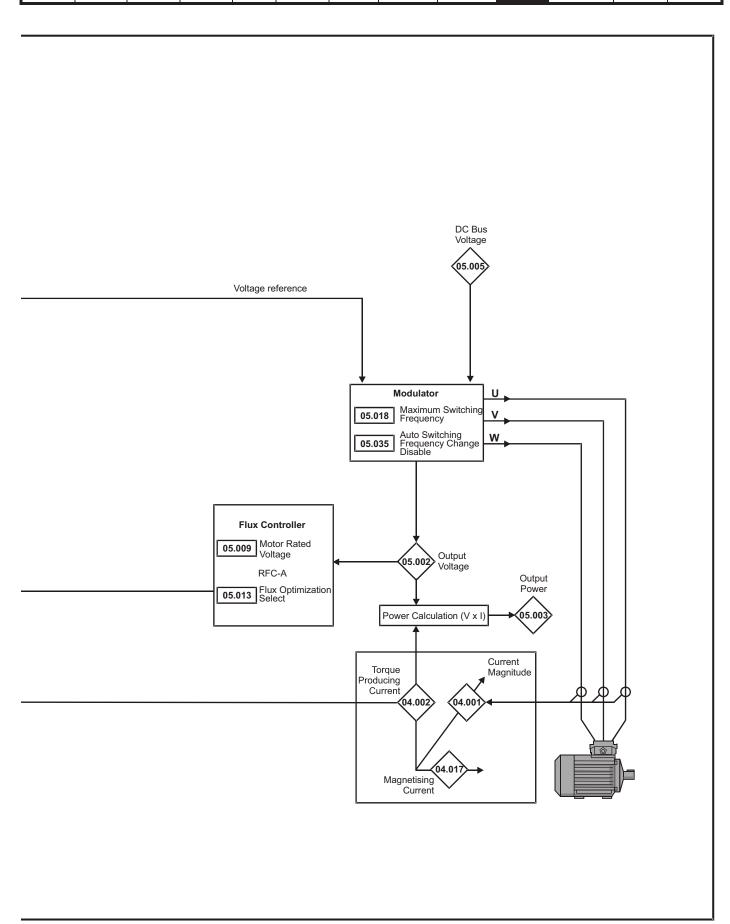


Figure 10-9 Menu 5 RFC-A, logic diagram



Getting started Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Basic Running the NV Media Advanced UL Listing Optimization Technical data Diagnostics information information Card installation installation parameters motor parameters



	_	Rang	ge (�)	Defau	ılt (⇔)			_			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A			Тур	е		
05.001	Output Frequency		FREQ_REF Hz			RO	Num	ND		PT	FI
05.002	Output Voltage		VOLTAGE V			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
05.003	Output Power		OWER kW			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
05.004	Motor Rpm		00 rpm			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
05.005	D.C. Bus Voltage		VOLTAGE V			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
05.006	Motor Rated Frequency		EQ_REF_UNIPOLAR Hz		60 Hz: 60.00 Hz	RW	Num		RA		US
05.007	Motor Rated Current	±VM_RATED	_CURRENT A	,	uty Rating (11.032)	RW	Num		RA		US
05.008	Motor Rated Speed	0.0 to 80	000.0 rpm	50 Hz: 1500.0 rpm 60 Hz: 1800.0 rpm	50 Hz: 1450.0 rpm 60 Hz: 1750.0 rpm 200 V drive: 230 V	RW	Num				US
05.009	Motor Rated Voltage	±VM_AC_VO	LTAGE_SET V	400 V drive 400 V drive	50Hz: 400 V 60Hz: 460 V ve: 575 V	RW	Num		RA		US
05.010	Motor Rated Power Factor	0.00	to 1.00	0.	85	RW	Num		RA		US
05.011	Number Of Motor Poles*	Auto (0)	to 32 (16)	Auto	0 (0)	RW	Num				US
05.012	Autotune	0 to 2	0 to 3	(	)	RW	Num		NC		
05.013	Dynamic V To F Select / Flux Optimization Select	0	to 1	1	)	RW	Num				US
05.014	Control Mode	Ur.S (0), Ur (1), Fd (2), Ur.Auto (3), Ur.I (4), SrE (5)		Ur.I (4)		RW	Txt				US
05.015	Low Frequency Voltage Boost	0.0 to	50.0 %	3.0	%	RW	Num				US
05.017	Stator Resistance	0.0000 to	99.9999 Ω	0.00	00 Ω	RW	Num		RA		US
05.018	Maximum Switching Frequency	0.667 (0), 1 (1), 2 (2), 3 (3), 4 (4), 6 (5), 8 (6), 12 (7), 16 (8) kHz	2 (2), 3 (3), 4 (4), 6 (5), 8 (6), 12 (7), 16 (8) kHz	3 (3)	kHz	RW	Txt		RA		US
05.019	High Stability Space Vector Modulation	Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
05.020	Over Modulation Enable	Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
05.024	Transient Inductance	0.000 to 5	00.000 mH	0.00	0 mH	RW	Num		RA		US
05.025	Stator Inductance	0.00 to 50	000.00 mH	0.00	mH	RW	Num		RA		US
05.026	High Dynamic Performance Enable		Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
05.027	Enable Slip Compensation	±150.0 %		100.0 %		RW	Num				US
05.028	Flux Control Compensation Disable	Off (0)	or On (1)	Off	(0)	RW	Bit				US
05.029	Saturation Breakpoint 1		0.0 to 100.0 %		50.0 %	RW	Num				US
05.030	Saturation Breakpoint 3		0.0 to 100.0 %		75.0 %	RW	Num				US
05.031	Voltage Controller Gain		o 30		1	RW	Num				US
05.032	Torque Per Amp		0.00 Nm/A			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
05.033	Slip Compensation Limit	0.00 to 10.00 Hz		5.00 Hz		RW	Num				US
05.034	Percentage Flux		0.0 to 150.0 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
05.035	Auto-switching Frequency Change Disable		to 2	'	)	RW	Num				US
05.036	Slip Compensation Filter	64 (0), 128 (1), 256 (2), 512 (3) ms		128 (1) ms		RW	Txt				US
05.037	Switching Frequency	0.667 (0), 1 (1), 2 (2), 3 (3), 4 (4), 6 (5), 8 (6), 12 (7), 16 (8) kHz	2 (2), 3 (3), 4 (4), 6 (5), 8 (6), 12 (7), 16 (8) kHz			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
05.040	Spin Start Boost	0.0 t	o 10.0	1	.0	RW	Num	L			US
05.042	Reverse Output Phase Sequence	` '	or On (1)	Off	(0)	RW	Bit				US
05.059	Maximum Deadtime Compensation		10.000 μs		0 μs	RO	Num		NC	PT	US
05.060	Current At Maximum Deadtime Compensation	0.00 to	100.00 %	0.0	0 %	RO	Num		NC	PT	US
05.061	Disable Deadtime Compensation	Off (0)	or On (1)	Off	(0)	RW	Bit				US
05.062	Saturation Breakpoint 2		0.0 to 100.0 %		0.0 %	RW	Num				US
05.063	Saturation Breakpoint 4		0.0 to 100.0 %		0.0 %	RW	Num				US
05.074	Boost End Voltage	0.0 to 100.0 %		50.0 %		RW	Num		L		US
05.075	Boost End Frequency	0.0 to 100.0 %		50.0 %		RW	Num				US
05.076	Second Point Voltage	0.0 to 100.0 %		55.0 %		RW	Num				US
05.077	Second Point Frequency	0.0 to 100.0 %		55.0 %		RW	Num				US
05.078	Third point voltage	0.0 to 100.0 %		75.0 %		RW	Num	$\vdash$			US
05.079	Third point frequency	0.0 to 100.0 %		75.0 %		RW	Num	<del>                                     </del>		-	US
05.080	Low acoustic noise enable	Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit	<del>                                     </del>			US
05.000		Oil (0) of Oil (1)		Oii (0)		FKVV	וום	<u> </u>			
05.081 05.082	Change to maximum drive switching frequency at low output current  Motor Rated Power		or On (1) OWER kW		(0) ) kW	RW	Bit Num		RA		US
05.083	Voltage Shelving Disable	Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit	<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>	-	US
05.084	Low Frequency Slip Boost	0.0 to 100.0 %		0.0 %		RW	Num	<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>	US
05.004	Low requericy only boost	0.0 to 100.0 %		0.0 %		FKVV	INUIN	1	1	1	US

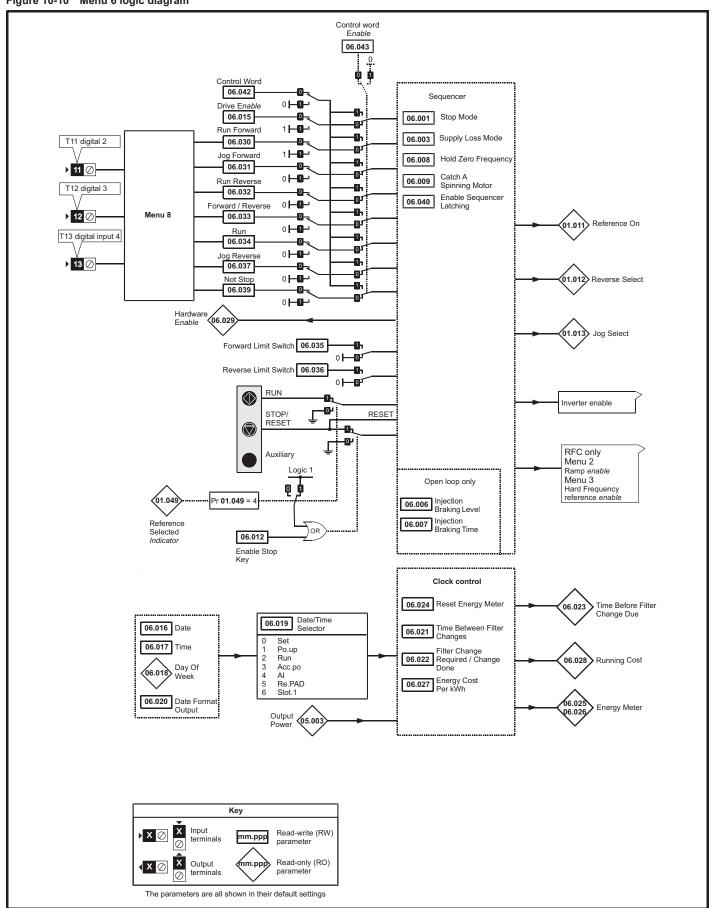
<sup>\*</sup> If this parameter is read via serial communications, it will show pole pairs.

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Running the NV Media Advanced **UL** Listing Optimization Technical data Diagnostics information information installation installation started parameters motor Card

### 10.6 Menu 6: Sequencer and clock

Figure 10-10 Menu 6 logic diagram



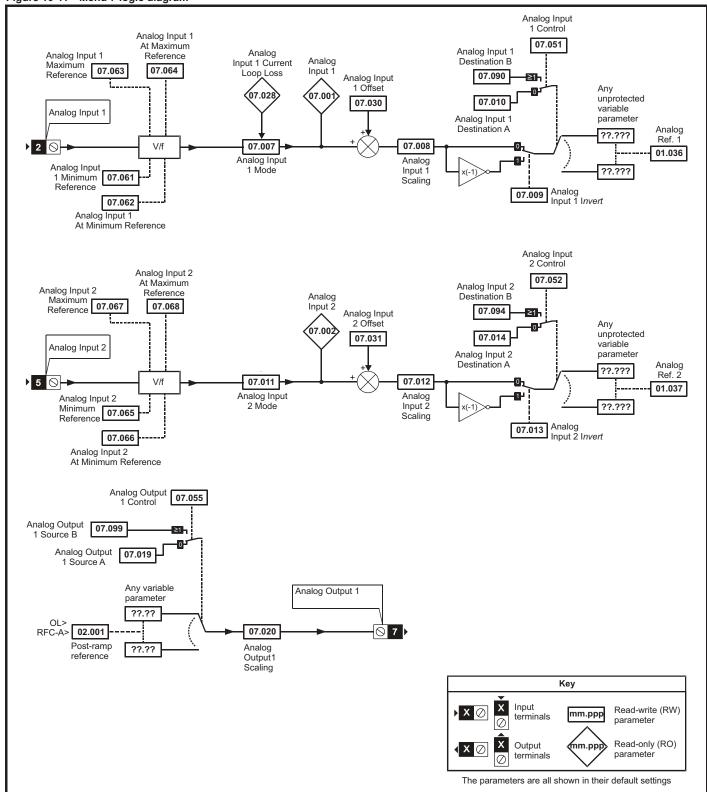
		Rand	ge (‡)	Defa	ıult(⇔)	I					$\neg$
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A	1		Тур	е		
06.001	Stop Mode		I (2), dc I (3), td.dc I (4), No.rP (6)	rF	P (1)	RW	Txt				US
06.002	Limit Switch Stop Mode		)), rP (1)	rF	P (1)	RW	Txt	1			US
06.003	Supply Loss Mode	,	ridE.th (2), Lt.StoP (3)		S (0)	RW	Txt				US
06.004	Start/Stop Logic Select	0	to 6	50 Hz: (	), 60 Hz: 4	RW	Num				US
06.006	Injection Braking Level	0.0 to	150.0 %	10	0.0 %	RW	Num		RA		US
06.007	Injection Braking Time	0.0 to	25.0 s	1	.0 s	RW	Num				US
06.008	Hold Zero Frequency	Off (0)	or On (1)	0	ff (0)	RW	Bit				US
06.009	Catch A Spinning Motor	diS (0), EnAbLE (1), F	Fr.OnLy (2), rv.OnLy (3)	di	S (0)	RW	Txt				US
06.010	Enable Conditions	0 to	4087			RO	Bin	ND	NC	PT	
06.011	Sequencer State Machine Inputs	0 to	127			RO	Bin	ND	NC	PT	
06.012	Enable Stop Key	Off (0)	or On (1)	0	ff (0)	RW	Bit				US
06.013	Enable Auxiliary Key	diS (0), Fd.	rv (1), rEv (2)	di	S (0)	RW	Txt				US
06.014	Disable Auto Reset On Enable	Off (0)	or On (1)	0	ff (0)	RW	Bit				US
06.015	Drive Enable	Off (0)	or On (1)	0	n (1)	RW	Bit				US
06.016	Date	00-00-00	to 31-12-99			RW	Date	ND	NC	PT	
06.017	Time	00:00:00	to 23:59:59			RW	Time	ND	NC	PT	$\vdash$
06.018	Day Of Week		E (2), UEd (3),thu (4), SAt (6)			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
06.019	Date/Time Selector		n (2), Acc.Po (3), Al (4), n, SLot.1 (6)	Po.	uP (1)	RW	Txt				US
06.020	Date Format	Std (0)	, US (1)	St	d (0)	RW	Txt	l			US
06.021	Time Between Filter Changes	0 to 300	00 Hours	0 H	Hours	RW	Num				US
06.022	Filter Change Required /Change Done	Off (0)	or On (1)			RW	Bit	ND	NC		
06.023	Time Before Filter Change Due	0 to 300	00 Hours			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
06.024	Reset Energy Meter	Off (0)	or On (1)	0	ff (0)	RW	Bit				
06.025	Energy Meter: MWh	±999.	9 MWh			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
06.026	Energy Meter: kWh	±99.9	9 kWh			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
06.027	Energy Cost Per kWh	0.0 to	600.0		0.0	RW	Num				US
06.028	Running Cost	±32	2000			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	$\Box$
06.029	Hardware Enable	Off (0)	or On (1)	0	n (1)	RO	Bit		NC		
06.030	Run Forward	Off (0)	or On (1)	0	ff (0)	RW	Bit		NC		Н
06.031	Jog Forward	Off (0)	or On (1)	0	ff (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
06.032	Run Reverse	Off (0)	or On (1)	0	ff (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
06.033	Forward/Reverse	Off (0)	or On (1)	0	ff (0)	RW	Bit		NC		Н
06.034	Run	Off (0)	or On (1)	0	ff (0)	RW	Bit		NC		Н
06.035	Forward Limit Switch	Off (0)	or On (1)	0	ff (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
06.036	Reverse Limit Switch	Off (0)	or On (1)	0	ff (0)	RW	Bit	1	NC		$\vdash$
06.037	Jog Reverse	Off (0)	or On (1)	0	ff (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
06.038	User Enable	Off (0)	or On (1)	0	ff (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
06.039	Not Stop	Off (0)	or On (1)	0	ff (0)	RW	Bit	1	NC		$\vdash$
06.040	Enable Sequencer Latching	Off (0)	or On (1)	0	ff (0)	RW	Bit	1			US
06.041	Drive Event Flags	0	to 3		0	RW	Bin		NC		Н
06.042	Control Word	0 to	32767		0	RW	Bin		NC		
06.043	Control Word Enable	0	to 1		0	RW	Num	l	NC		US
06.045	Cooling Fan control	0	to 5		2	RW	Num	l l	İ		US
06.046	Supply Loss Hold Disable	Off (0)	or On (1)	0	ff (0)	RW	Bit				US
06.047	Input Phase Loss Detection Mode	FuLL (0), rIPF	PLE (1), diS (2)	Fu	LL (0)	RW	Txt				US
06.048	Supply Loss Detection Level	0 to VM_SUPPLY	/_LOSS_LEVEL V	400 V drive: 410 V	/, 200 V drive: 205 V /, 575 V drive: 540 V rive: 540 V	RW	Num		RA		US
06.051	Allow Motoring Load	Off (0)	or On (1)		ff (0)	RW	Bit	1	NC		$\vdash\vdash$
06.051	Motor Pre-heat Current Magnitude	, ,	100 %		) %	RW	Num	1	INC		US
06.052	Output Phase Loss Detection Enable		or On (1)		ff (0)	RW	Bit	1	-	_	US
06.059	Standby Mode Enable	` '	or On (1)		ff (0)	RW	Bit	1	<u> </u>		US
06.060	Standby Mode Mask		o 15		0	RW	Bin	1	-		US
06.061	Slow Rectifier Charge Rate Enable		or On (1)	^	-	RW	Bit	1	-		US
06.073	Braking IGBT Lower Threshold		OLTAGE_SET V	Off (0)  110 V drive: 390 V, 200 V drive: 390 V 400 V drive: 780 V, 575 V drive: 930 V 690 V drive: 1120 V			Num				US
06.074	Braking IGBT Upper Threshold	0 to VM_DC_V	OLTAGE_SET V	110 V drive: 390 V, 200 V drive: 390 V 400 V drive: 780 V, 575 V drive: 930 V 690 V drive: 1120 V			Num				US
06.075	Low Voltage Braking IGBT Threshold	0 to VM DC V		) V	RW	Num	1	<u> </u>		US	
06.076	Low Voltage Braking IGBT Threshold Select	Off (0)		ff (0)	RW	Bit	₩	-	_	-55	
06.077	Low DC Link Operation	1 ,	or On (1)		ff (0)	RW	Bit	+	-		US
06.089	DC Injection Active	Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)	\-/	RO	Bit	<del>                                     </del>	NC	PT	US
00.009	DO INJOURDIT ACTIVE			<b>□</b> (0)		110	ווט	1	110		1 00

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety Product Mechanical Getting NV Media Running the Advanced UL Listing Optimization Technical data Diagnostics information information installation installation started parameters motor Card oarameters

#### 10.7 Menu 7: Analog I/O

Figure 10-11 Menu 7 logic diagram



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runningthe	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	recrimical data	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

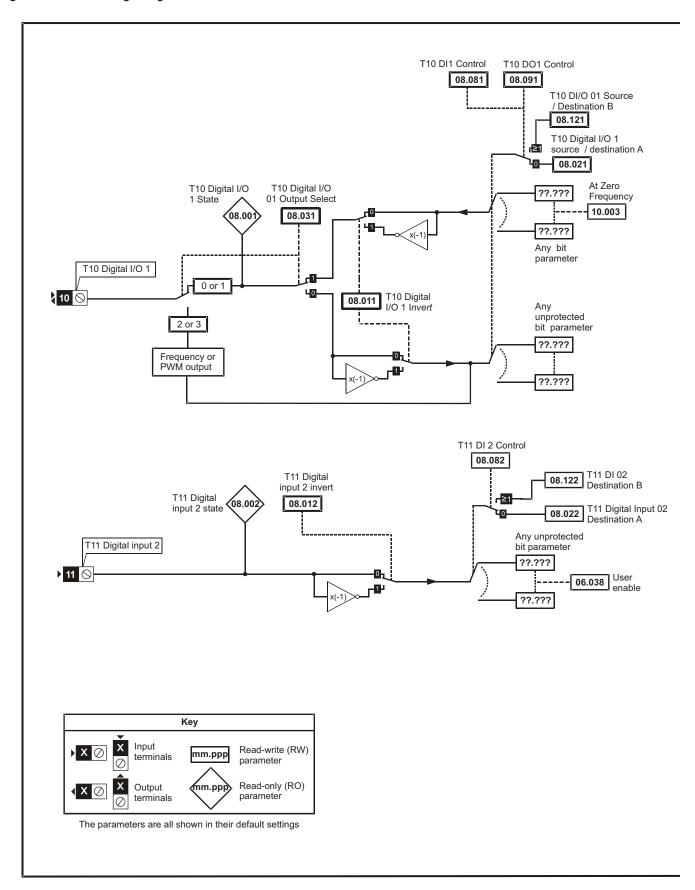
		Ran	ge (‡)	Defa	ult (⇔)			_			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A			Тур	е		
07.001	Analog Input 1 (T2)	±100	0.00 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
07.002	Analog Input 2 (T5)	0.00 to	100.00 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
07.004	Stack Temperature	±25	0 °C			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.005	Auxiliary Temperature	±25	0 °C			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.007	Analog Input 1 Mode (T2)	20-4.L (-3), 4-20. 0-20 (0), 20-0 (1), 4-2	S (-5), 4-20.L (-4), H (-2), 20-4.H (-1), 0.tr (2), 20-4.tr (3), 4-20 5), VoLt (6)	Vol	Lt (6)	RW	Txt				US
07.008	Analog Input 1 Scaling (T2)	0.000 t	o 10.000	1.	000	RW	Num				US
07.009	Analog Input 1 Invert (T2)	Off (0)	or On (1)	Of	f (0)	RW	Bit				US
07.010	Analog Input 1 Destination A (T2)	0.000 t	o 30.999	1.	036	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
07.011	Analog Input 2 Mode (T5)	VoLt (6	), dlg (7)	Vol	Lt (6)	RW	Txt				US
07.012	Analog Input 2 Scaling (T5)	0.000 t	o 10.000	1.	000	RW	Num				US
07.013	Analog Input 2 Invert (T5)	Off (0)	or On (1)	Of	f (0)	RW	Bit				US
07.014	Analog Input 2 Destination A (T5)	0.000 t	o 30.999	1.	037	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
07.019	Analog Output 1 Source A (T7)	0.000 t	o 30.999	2.	001	RW	Num			PT	US
07.020	Analog Output 1 Scaling (T7)	0.000 t	o 40.000	1.	000	RW	Num			<u> </u>	US
07.026	Analog Input 1 Preset on Current Loss (T2)	4.00 t	o 20.00	4	.00	RW	Num			<b>†</b>	US
07.028	Analog Input 1 Current Loop Loss (T2)	Off (0)	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
07.030	Analog Input 1 Offset (T2)	±100	0.00 %	0.0	00 %	RW	Num			<u> </u>	US
07.031	Analog Input 2 Offset (T5)	±100.00 % 0.00 %					Num			<b>†</b>	US
07.034	Inverter Temperature	±250 °C					Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.035	Percentage Of d.c. Link Thermal Trip Level	0 to	100 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.036	Percentage Of Drive Thermal Trip Level	0 to	100 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.037	Temperature Nearest To Trip Level	0 to	29999			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.046	Thermistor Type		(1), Pt1000 (2), B),othEr (4)	d440	081 (0)	RW	Txt				US
07.047	Thermistor Feedback	0 to 4	Ω 000			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
07.048	Thermistor Trip Threshold	0 to 4	1000 Ω	33	00 Ω	RW	Num				US
07.049	Thermistor Reset Threshold	0 to 4	1000 Ω	18	00 Ω	RW	Num				US
07.050	Thermistor Temperature	-50 to	300 °C			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
07.051	Analog Input 1 Control (T2)	0	to 5		0	RW	Num				US
07.052	Analog Input 2 Control (T5)	0	to 5		0	RW	Num				US
07.055	Analog Output 1 Control (T7)	0 t	o 15		0	RW	Num				US
07.061	Analog Input 1 Minimum Reference (T2)	0.00 to	100.00 %	0.0	00 %	RW	Num				US
07.062	Analog Input 1 At Minimum Reference (T2)	±100	0.00 %	0.0	00 %	RW	Num				US
07.063	Analog Input 1 Maximum Reference (T2)	0.00 to	100.00 %	100	.00 %	RW	Num				US
07.064	Analog Input 1 At Maximum Reference (T2)	±100	0.00 %	100.00 %			Num				US
07.065	Analog Input 2 Minimum Reference (T5)	0.00 to 100.00 % 0.00 %				RW	Num				US
07.066	Analog Input 2 At Minimum Reference (T5)	±100.00 % 0.00				RW	Num				US
07.067	Analog Input 2 Maximum Reference (T5)	0.00 to 100.00 %			.00 %	RW	Num				US
07.068	Analog Input 2 At Maximum Reference (T5)	±100.00 %			.00 %	RW	Num				US
07.090	Analog Input 1 Destination B (T2)	0.000 t			RO	Num	DE		PT	US	
07.094	Analog Input 2 Destination B (T5)	0.000 t			RO	Num	DE		PT	US	
07.099	Analog Output 1 Source B (T7)	0.000 t	o 30.999			RO	Num			PT	US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

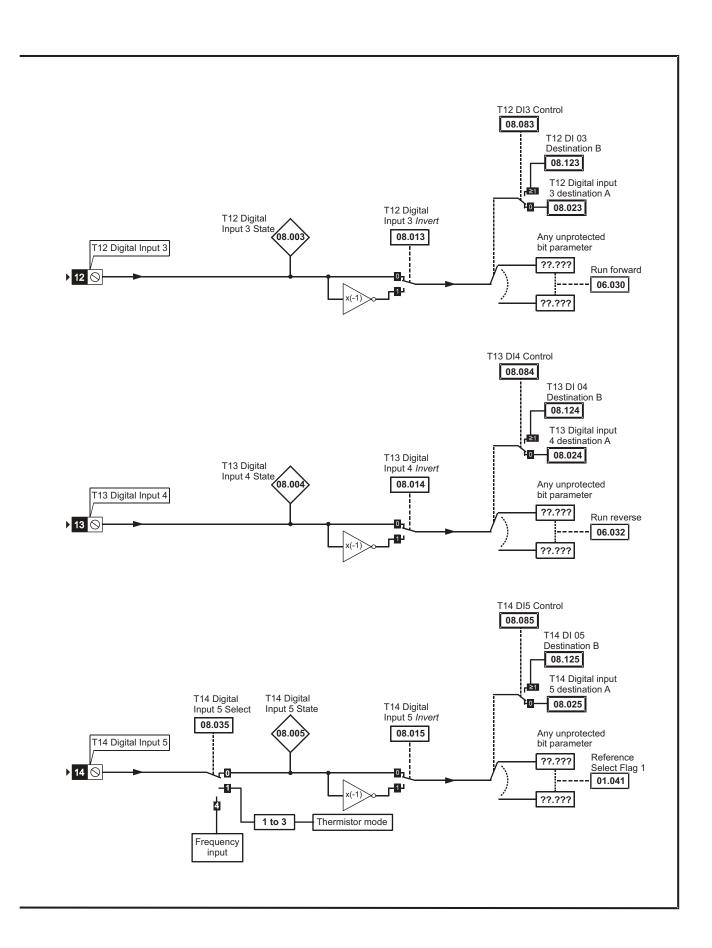
Safety information installation 
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runningthe	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Toohnical data	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	lechnical data	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

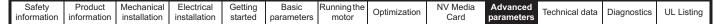
## 10.8 Menu 8: Digital I/O

Figure 10-12 Menu 8 logic diagram



Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running the NV Media Advanced **UL** Listing Optimization Technical data Diagnostics information information installation installation started parameters motor Card parameters





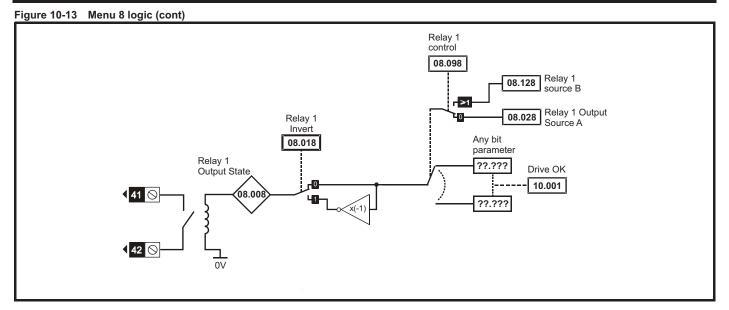
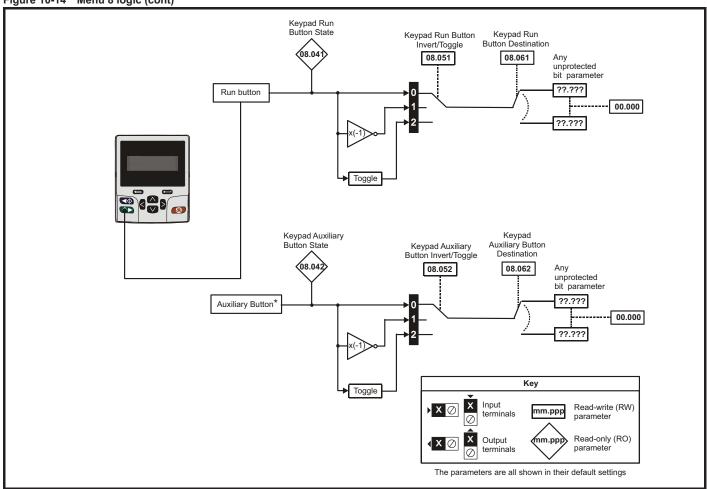


Figure 10-14 Menu 8 logic (cont)



<sup>\*</sup> The auxiliary button will be available with the future remote keypad.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runningthe	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	recrimical data	Diagnostics	OL LISHING

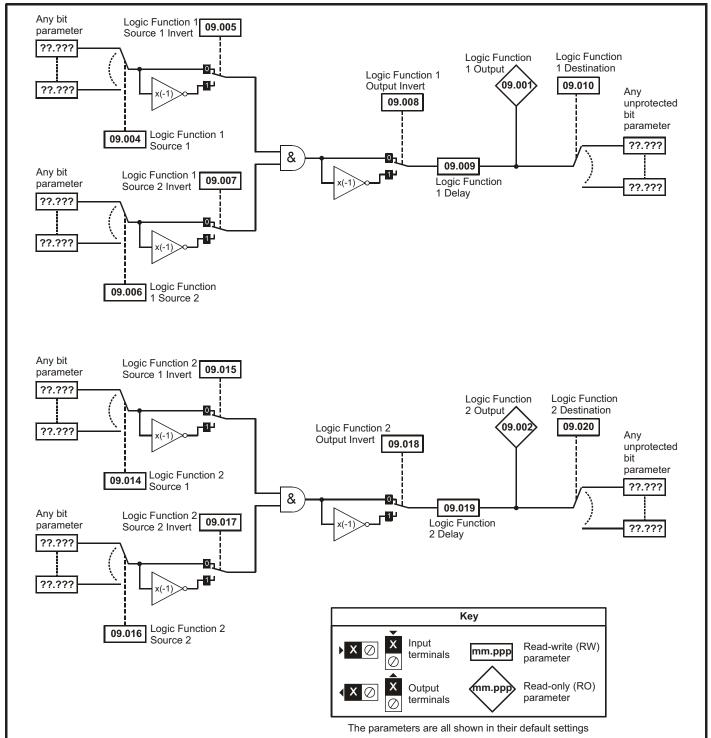
		R	ange (‡)	Defa	ult (⇔)						$\neg$
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A			Тур	е		
08.001	Digital I/O 1 State (T10)	Off (	(0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.002	Digital Input 2 State (T11)	Off (	(0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.003	Digital Input 3 State (T12)	Off (	(0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.004	Digital Input 4 State (T13)	Off (	(0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.005	Digital Input 5 State (T14)	Off (	(0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.008	Relay 1 Output State	Off (	(0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.011	Digital I/O 1 Invert (T10)	Not.Inv	/ (0), InvErt (1)	Not.	Inv (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.012	Digital Input 2 Invert (T11)	Not.Inv	/ (0), InvErt (1)	Not.	Inv (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.013	Digital Input 3 Invert (T12)	Not.Inv	/ (0), InvErt (1)	Not.	Inv (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.014	Digital Input 4 Invert (T13)	Not.Inv	/ (0), InvErt (1)	Not.	Inv (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.015	Digital Input 5 Invert (T14)	Not.Inv	/ (0), InvErt (1)	Not.	Inv (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.018	Relay 1 Invert	Not.Inv	/ (0), InvErt (1)	Not	Inv (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.020	Digital I/O Read Word	(	) to 2048			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
08.021	Digital IO1 Source / Destination A (T10)	0.00	00 to 30.999	10	0.003	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.022	Digital Input 02 Destination A (T11)	0.00	00 to 30.999		z: 6.038 z: 6.039	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.023	Digital Input 03 Destination A (T12)	0.00	00 to 30.999	6	.030	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.024	Digital Input 04 Destination A (T13)	0.00	00 to 30.999	6	.032	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.025	Digital Input 05 Destination A (T14)	0.00	00 to 30.999	1	.041	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.028	Relay 1 Output Source A	0.00	00 to 30.999	10	0.001	RW	Num			PT	US
08.031	Digital I/O 01 Output Select (T10)	InPut (0), OutPo	ut (1), Fr (2), PuLSE (3)	Out	Put (1)	RW	Txt				US
08.035	Digital Input 5 Select (T14)	InPut (0), th.Sct (1	), th (2), th.Notr (3), Fr (4)	InF	Put (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.041	Keypad Run Button State	Off (	(0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.042	Keypad Auxiliary Button State	Off (	(0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.043	24 V Supply Input State	Off (	(0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.051	Keypad Run Button Invert / Toggle	Not.Inv (0), I	nvErt (1), toggLE (2)	Not.	Inv (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.052	Keypad Auxiliary Button Invert / Toggle	Not.Inv (0), I	nvErt (1), toggLE (2)	Not.	Inv (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.053	24 V Supply Input Invert	Not.Inv	(0), InvErt (1),	Not	.Inv (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.061	Keypad Run Button Destination	0.00	00 to 30.999	0	.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.062	Keypad Auxiliary Button Destination	0.00	00 to 30.999	0	.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.063	24 V Supply Input Destination	0.00	00 to 30.999	0	.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.081	DI1 Control (T10)		0 to 26		0	RW	Num				US
08.082	DI2 Control (T11)		0 to 26		0	RW	Num				US
08.083	DI3 Control (T12)		0 to 26		0	RW	Num				US
08.084	DI4 Control (T13)		0 to 26		0	RW	Num				US
08.085	DI5 Control (T14)		0 to 26		0	RW	Num				US
08.091	DO1 Control (T10)		0 to 21		0	RW	Num				US
08.098	Relay 1 Control		0 to 21		0	RW	Num				US
08.121	DI/O 01 Source / Destination B (T10)	0.00	00 to 30.999			RO	Num	DE		PT	US
08.122	DI 02 Destination B (T11)	0.00	00 to 30.999			RO	Num	DE		PT	US
08.123	DI 03 Destination B (T12)		00 to 30.999			RO	Num	DE		PT	US
08.124	DI 04 Destination B (T13)	0.00	00 to 30.999			RO	Num	DE		PT	US
08.125	DI 05 Destination B (T14)		00 to 30.999			RO	Num	DE		PT	US
08.128	Relay 01 Source B	0.00	00 to 30.999	0	.000	RW	Num			PT	US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runningthe	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	recrimical data	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

#### 10.9 Menu 9: Programmable logic, motorized pot, binary sum and timers

Figure 10-15 Menu 9 logic diagram: Programmable logic



Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Running the NV Media Advanced UL Listing Optimization Technical data Diagnostics information information installation installation started parameters motor Card parameters

Figure 10-16 Menu 9 logic diagram: Motorized pot and binary sum Motorized Pot. Bipolar Motorized Pot. Motorized Motorized Pot. Select Output Pot. Rate Destination 09.022 09.023 09.003 09.025 Motorized Pot. Any Up unprotected variable 09.026 parameter ??.??? 09.024 Motorized Pot. ??.??? Scaling 09.027 Function disabled if set to a non valid destination Motorized Pot. Down Motorized Pot. 09.028 09.021 Mode Motorized Pot. Reset Binary Sum Binary Sum Binary Sum Output Offset Destination 09.034 09.033 09.03 09.029 Any Binary Sum unprotected Ones bit parameter ??.??? 09.030 Binary Sum ??.??? Twos Function disabled if set to a non valid destination 09.031 Key Binary Sum Fours Input Read-write (RW) mm.ppp terminals parameter Read-only (RO) Output mm.ppp parameter terminals The parameters are all shown in their default settings

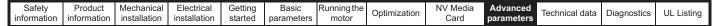
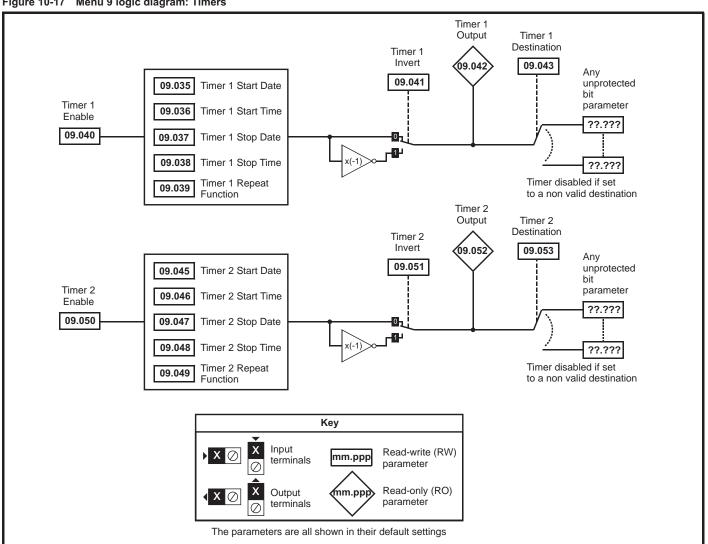


Figure 10-17 Menu 9 logic diagram: Timers



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runningthe	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	recrimical data	Diagnostics	OL LISHING

		Ran	ge(\$)	Def	ault(⇔)			_			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A			Тур	Эе		
09.001	Logic Function 1 Output		or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
09.002	Logic Function 2 Output	, ,	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
09.003	Motorized Pot Output		0.00 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
09.004	Logic Function 1 Source 1		to 30.999		0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
09.005	Logic Function 1 Source 1 Invert	, ,	or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.006	Logic Function 1 Source 2		to 30.999		0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
09.007	Logic Function 1 Source 2 Invert		or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.008	Logic Function 1 Output Invert		or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.009	Logic Function 1 Delay		5.0 s		0.0 s	RW	Num				US
09.010	Logic Function 1 Destination		to 30.999		0.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
09.014	Logic Function 2 Source 1		to 30.999		0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
09.015	Logic Function 2 Source 1 Invert	, ,	or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.016	Logic Function 2 Source 2		to 30.999		0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
09.017	Logic Function 2 Source 2 Invert		or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.018	Logic Function 2 Output Invert	, ,	or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.019	Logic Function 2 Delay		5.0 s		0.0 s	RW	Num	D.F.		DT	US
09.020	Logic Function 2 Destination		to 30.999	<u>'</u>	0.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
09.021	Motorized Pot Mode		to 4		0	RW	Num	-			US
09.022	Motorized Pot Bipolar Select	, ,	or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit	-			US
09.023	Motorized Pot Rate		250 s		20 s	RW	Num	ļ		ļ	US
09.024	Motorized Pot Scaling		to 4.000		1.000	RW	Num	DE		DT	US
09.025 09.026	Motorized Pot Destination  Motorized Pot Up		to 30.999		0.000	RW	Num Bit	DE	NC	PT	US
09.026	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, ,	or On (1) or On (1)		Off (0)	RW RW	Bit		NC		
09.027	Motorized Pot Down  Motorized Pot Reset	` '	. ,		Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
09.028			or On (1) or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit	-	INC	ļ	
09.029	Binary Sum Ones Binary Sum Twos	. ,	or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit			<u> </u>	
09.030	Binary Sum Fours		or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit			<u> </u>	
09.031	Binary Sum Output	, ,	255		JII (0)	RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
09.032	Binary Sum Destination		to 30.999		0.000	RW	Num	DE	NC	PT	US
09.034	Binary Sum Offset		248	<u> </u>	0	RW	Num	DL		<u> </u>	US
09.035	Timer 1 Start Date		to 31-12-99	00	0-00-00	RW	Date			-	US
09.036	Timer 1 Start Time		to 23:59:59		0:00:00	RW	Time	-			US
09.037	Timer 1 Stop Date		to 31-12-99		0-00-00	RW	Date			-	US
09.038	Timer 1 Stop Time		to 23:59:59		0:00:00	RW	Time			-	US
09.039	Timer 1 Repeat Function	NonE (0), 1	(1), 2 (2), 3 (3), ), 6 (6), 7 (7)		onE (0)	RW	Txt				US
09.040	Timer 1 Enable		or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit			t	US
09.041	Timer 1 Invert		or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit	1	<del>                                     </del>	1	US
09.042	Timer 1 Output		or On (1)		· ·	RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
09.043	Timer 1 Destination	, ,	to 30.999		0.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
09.045	Timer 2 Start Date		to 31-12-99		)-00-00	RW	Date			<del>                                     </del>	US
09.046	Timer 2 Start Time	00:00:00	to 23:59:59	00	0:00:00	RW	Time			<u> </u>	US
09.047	Timer 2 Stop Date		to 31-12-99	00	)-00-00	RW	Date			t	US
09.048	Timer 2 Stop Time	00:00:00	to 23:59:59		0:00:00	RW	Time	1		1	US
09.049	Timer 2 Repeat Function		2 (2), 3 (3), 4 (4), (6), 7 (7)	Ne	onE (0)	RW	Txt				US
09.050	Timer 2 Enable		or On (1)	(	Off (0)	RW	Bit	1		1	US
09.051	Timer 2 Invert	Off (0)	or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.052	Timer 2 Output	Off (0)	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
09.053	Timer 2 Destination	0.000	to 30.999		0.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US

Г	RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
Г	ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
	ΙP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter	SMP	Slot,menu,parameter	Chr	Character parameter	Ver	Version number

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runningthe	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	recrimical data	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

# 10.10 Menu 10: Status and trips

	Dt	Range (ᡎ)	Def	ault (⇔)			T			
	Parameter	OL RFC-A	OL	RFC-A	1		Тур	oe		
10.001	Drive OK	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	Т
10.002	Drive Active	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.003	Zero Frequency	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.004	Running At Or Below Minimum Frequency	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.005	Below Set Frequency	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.006	At Frequency	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	ļ
10.007	Above Set Frequency Rated Load Reached	Off (0) or On (1) Off (0) or On (1)			RO RO	Bit Bit	ND ND	NC NC	PT PT	_
10.008	Current Limit Active	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	┼
10.009	Regenerating	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	₩
10.011	Braking IGBT Active	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	+
10.012	Braking Resistor Alarm	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	+-
10.013	Reverse Direction Commanded	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	1
10.014	Reverse Direction Running	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	T
10.015	Supply Loss	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.016	Under Voltage Active	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.017	Motor Overload Alarm	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.018	Drive Over-temperature Alarm	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.019	Drive Warning	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.020	Trip 0	0 to 255			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.021	Trip 1	0 to 255			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.022	Trip 2 Trip 3	0 to 255 0 to 255			RO RO	Txt Txt	ND ND	NC NC	PT PT	PS PS
10.023	Trip 4	0 to 255			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.024	Trip 5	0 to 255			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.026	Trip 6	0 to 255			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.027	Trip 7	0 to 255			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.028	Trip 8	0 to 255			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.029	Trip 9	0 to 255			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.030	Braking Resistor Rated Power	0.0 to 99999.9 kW	0	.0 kW	RW	Num				US
10.031	Braking Resistor Thermal Time Constant	0.00 to 1500.00 s	(	0.00 s	RW	Num				US
10.032	External Trip	Off (0) or On (1)	(	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
10.033	Drive Reset	Off (0) or On (1)	(	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
10.034	Number Of Auto-reset Attempts	NonE (0), 1 (1), 2 (2), 3 (3), 4 (4), 5 (5),inF (6)		onE (0)	RW	Txt				US
10.035	Auto-reset Delay	0.0 to 600.0 s		1.0 s	RW	Num		ļ		US
10.036	Auto-reset Hold Drive OK	Off (0) or On (1)	(	Off (0)	RW	Bit		ļ		US
10.037	Action On Trip Detection  User Trip	0 to 31 0 to 255		0	RW	Num Num	ND	NC		US
10.038	Braking Resistor Thermal Accumulator	0.0 to 100.0 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	┼
10.033	Status Word	0 to 32767			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	₩
	Trip 0 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99			RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.042	Trip 0 Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59			RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.043	Trip 1 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99			RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.044	Trip 1 Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59			RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.045	Trip 2 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99			RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.046	Trip 2 Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59			RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.047	Trip 3 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99			RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.048	Trip 3 Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59			RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.049	Trip 4 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99			RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.050	Trip 4 Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59			RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.051	Trip 5 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99			RO	Date	ND	NC	PT PT	PS
10.052	Trip 5 Time Trip 6 Date	00:00:00 to 23:59:59 00-00-00 to 31-12-99			RO RO	Time Date	ND ND	NC NC	PT	PS PS
10.053	Trip 6 Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59			RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.055	Trip 7 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99			RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.056	Trip 7 Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59			RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.057	Trip 8 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99			RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.058	Trip 8 Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59			RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.059	Trip 9 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99			RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.060	Trip 9 Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59			RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.061	Braking Resistor Resistance	0.00 to 10000.00 Ω	0	.00 Ω	RW	Num				US
10.064	Remote Keypad Battery Low	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.065	Autotune Active	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.066	Limit Switch Active	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	

	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runningthe	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listing
į.	nformation	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor		Card	parameters		_ :g::001100	

	Parameter.	Rang	ge (兌)	Defa	ult (⇔)			т			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A	1		Тур	e		
10.069	Additional Status Bits	0 to	65535			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
10.070	Trip 0 Sub-trip Number	0 to	65535			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.071	Trip 1 Sub-trip Number	0 to	65535			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.072	Trip 2 Sub-trip Number	0 to	65535			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.073	Trip 3 Sub-trip Number	0 to	65535			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.074	Trip 4 Sub-trip Number	0 to	65535			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.075	Trip 5 Sub-trip Number	0 to	65535			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.076	Trip 6 Sub-trip Number	0 to	65535			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.077	Trip 7 Sub-trip Number	0 to	65535			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.078	Trip 8 Sub-trip Number	0 to	65535			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.079	Trip 9 Sub-trip Number	0 to	65535			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.080	Stop Motor	Off (0)	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.081	Phase Loss	Off (0)	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.090	Drive Ready	Off (0)	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.101	Drive Status	S.LoSS (5), rES (6 Error (9), ActivE (10	P (2), rES (3), run (4), ), dc.inJ (7), rES (8), )), rES (11), rES (12), At (14), UU (15)			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
10.102	Trip Reset Source	0 to	1023			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.103	Trip Time Identifier	-2147483648 to	2147483647 ms			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
10.104	Active Alarm	d.OV.Ld (4), tuning rES (8), OPt.AL (9	), OV.Ld (2), rES (3), (5), LS (6), rES (7), ), rES (10), rES (11), (13), I.AC.Lt (14)			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
10.106	Potential Drive Damage Conditions	0	to 3			RO	Bin	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.107	Low AC Alarm	Off (0)	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.108	Reversed cooling fan detected	Off (0)	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND		PT	

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter	SMP	Slot,menu,parameter	Chr	Character parameter	Ver	Version number

Safety Product information installation inst

## 10.11 Menu 11: General drive set-up

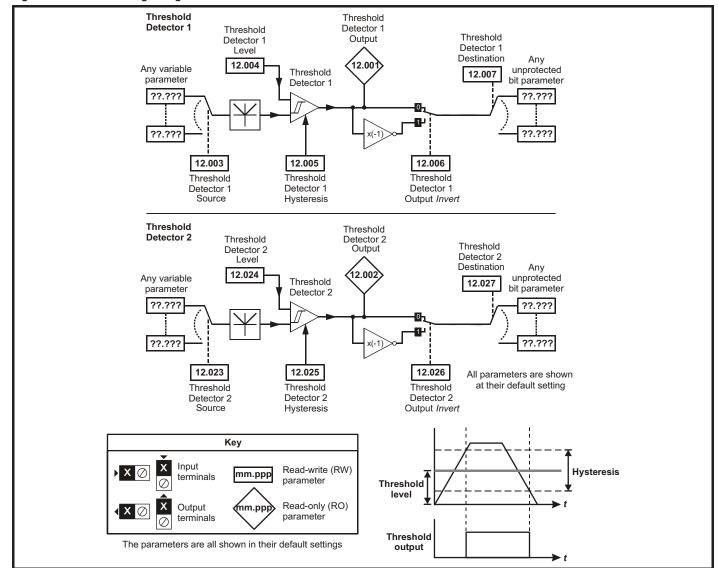
	Mena II. General anve	Range (‡)	Default (⇔)						
	Parameter	OL RFC-A	OL RFC-A	Туре					
11.018	Status Mode Parameter 1	0.000 to 30.999	2.001	RW   Num   PT   US					
11.019	Status Mode Parameter 2	0.000 to 30.999	4.020	RW	Num			PT	US
11.020	Reset Serial Communications	Off (0) or On (1)	11020	RW	Bit	ND	NC		
11.021	Customer Defined Scaling	0.000 to 10.000	1.000	RW	Num				US
11.022	Parameter Displayed At Power-up	0.000 to 0.080	0.010	RW	Num			PT	US
11.023	Serial Address	1 to 247	1	RW	Num				US
11.024	Serial Mode	8.2NP (0), 8.1NP (1), 8.1EP (2), 8.1OP (3), 8.2NP E (4), 8.1NP E (5), 8.1EP E (6), 8.1OP E (7), 7.1EP (8), 7.1OP (9), 7.1EP E (10), 7.1OP E (11)	8.2NP (0)	RW	Txt				US
11.025	Serial Baud Rate	300 (0), 600 (1), 1200 (2), 2400 (3), 4800 (4), 9600 (5), 19200 (6), 38400 (7), 57600 (8), 76800 (9), 115200 (10)	19200 (6)	RW	Txt				US
11.026	Minimum Comms Transmit Delay	0 to 250 ms	2 ms	RW	Num				US
11.027	Silent Period	0 to 250 ms	0 ms	RW	Num				US
11.028	Drive Derivative	0 to 255		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.029	Software Version	00.00.00 to 99.99.99		RO	Ver	ND	NC	PT	
11.030	User Security Code	0 to 9999		RW	Num	ND	NC	PT	US
11.031	User Drive Mode	OPEn.LP (1), rFC-A (2)		RW	Txt	ND	NC	PT	US
11.032	Maximum Heavy Duty Rating	0.00 to 9999.99 A		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.033	Drive Rated Voltage	110V (0), 200V (1), 400V (2), 575V (3), 690V (4)		RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
11.034	Drive Configuration	AV (0), AI (1), AV.Pr (2), AI.Pr (3), PrESEt (4), PAd (5), PAd.rEF (6), E.Pot (7), torque (8), Pid (9)	AV (0)	RW	Txt			PT	US
11.035	Power Software Version	00.00.00 to 99.99.99		RO	Ver	ND	NC	PT	
11.036	NV Media Card File Previously Loaded	0 to 999	0	RO	Num		NC	PT	
11.037	NV Media Card File Number	0 to 999	0	RW	Num				
11.038	NV Media Card File Type	NonE (0), OPEn.LP (1), rFC-A (2)		RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
11.039	NV Media Card File Version	0 to 9999		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.042	Parameter Cloning	NonE (0), rEAd (1), Prog (2), Auto (3), boot (4)	NonE (0)	RW	Txt		NC		US
11.043	Load Defaults	NonE (0), Std (1), US (2)	NonE (0)	RW	Txt		NC		
11.044	User Security Status	LEVEL.0 (0), ALL (1), r.onLy.0 (2), r.onLy.A (3), StAtUS (4), no.Acc (5)	LEVEL.0 (0)	RW	Txt	ND		PT	
11.045	Select Motor 2 Parameters	1 (0), 2 (1)	1 (0)	RW	Txt				US
11.046	Defaults Previously Loaded	0 to 2000		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	US
11.052	Serial Number LS	0 to 999999		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.053	Serial Number MS	0 to 999999		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	-
11.054 11.060	Drive Date Code  Maximum Rated Current	0 to 9999 0.000 to 999.999 A		RO RO	Num Num	ND ND	NC NC	PT PT	
11.060	Full Scale Current Kc	0.000 to 999.999 A		RO		ND	NC	PT	-
11.061		0.000 to 999.999 A 0 to 255		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.063	Product Type Product Identifier Characters	200 (1295134768) to (2147483647)		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	-
11.064	Frame size and voltage code	0 to 999		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	-
11.066	Power Stage Identifier	0 to 255		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	-
11.067	Control Board Identifier	0 to 255		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	$\vdash$
11.068	Drive current rating	0 to 32767		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	$\vdash$
11.070	Core Parameter Database Version	0.00 to 99.99		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	$\vdash$
11.072	NV Media Card Create Special File	0 to 1	0	RW	Num	H	NC	<del>L'</del>	$\vdash$
11.073	NV Media Card Type	NonE (0), rES (1), Sd.CArd (2)		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	$\vdash$
11.075	NV Media Card Read-only Flag	Off (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	$\vdash$
11.076	NV Media Card Warning Suppression Flag	Off (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	$\vdash$
11.077	NV Media Card File Required Version	0 to 9999		RW	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.079	Drive Name Characters 1-4	(-2147483648) to (-2147483647)	(757935405)	RW	Chr			PT	US
11.080	Drive Name Characters 5-8	(-2147483648) to (-2147483647)	(757935405)	RW	Chr			PT	US
11.081	Drive Name Characters 9-12	(-2147483648) to (-2147483647)	(757935405)	RW	Chr			PT	US
11.082	Drive Name Characters 13-16	(-2147483648) to (-2147483647)	(757935405)	RW	Chr			PT	US
11.084	Drive Mode	OPEn.LP (1), rFC-A (2)		RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
11.085	Security Status	NonE (0), r.onLy.A (1), StAtUS (2), no.Acc (3)		RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
11.086	Menu Access Status	LEVEL.0 (0), ALL (1)		RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
11.091	Additional Identifier Characters 1	(-2147483648) to (2147483647)		RO	Chr	ND	NC	PT	
11.092	Additional Identifier Characters 2	(-2147483648) to (2147483647)		RO	Chr	ND	NC	PT	
11.093	Additional Identifier Characters 3	(-2147483648) to (2147483647)		RO	Chr	ND	D NC PT		
11.094	Disable String Mode	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit		İ	PT	US
11.097	Al ID Code	NonE (0), Sd.CArd (1), rS-485 (2), boot (3), rS-485 (4)		RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	

r	RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
Г	ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
	ΙP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter	SMP	Slot,menu,parameter	Chr	Character parameter	Ver	Version number

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Running the NV Media Advanced UL Listing Optimization Technical data Diagnostics information information installation installation started parameters Card

## 10.12 Menu 12: Threshold detectors, variable selectors and brake control function

Figure 10-18 Menu 12 logic diagram



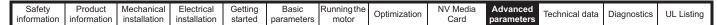
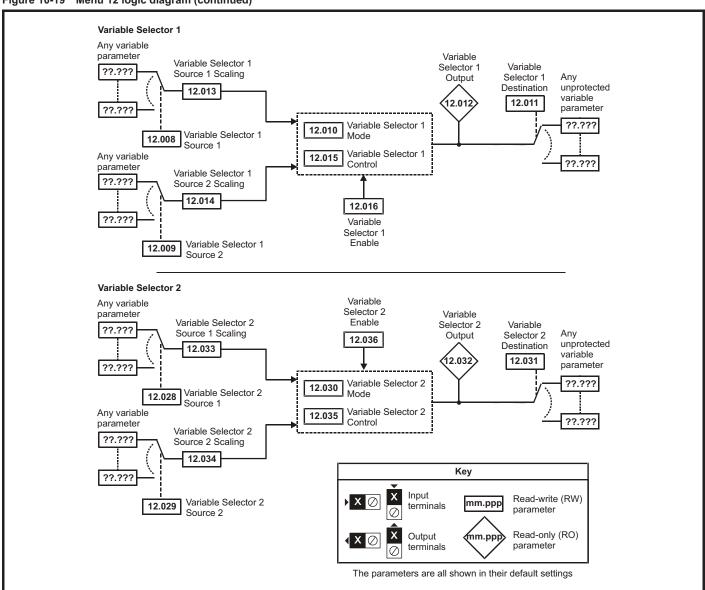


Figure 10-19 Menu 12 logic diagram (continued)



Safety Product NV Media Mechanical Getting Running the Advanced UL Listing Optimization Technical data Diagnostics information information installation installation started parameters motor Card



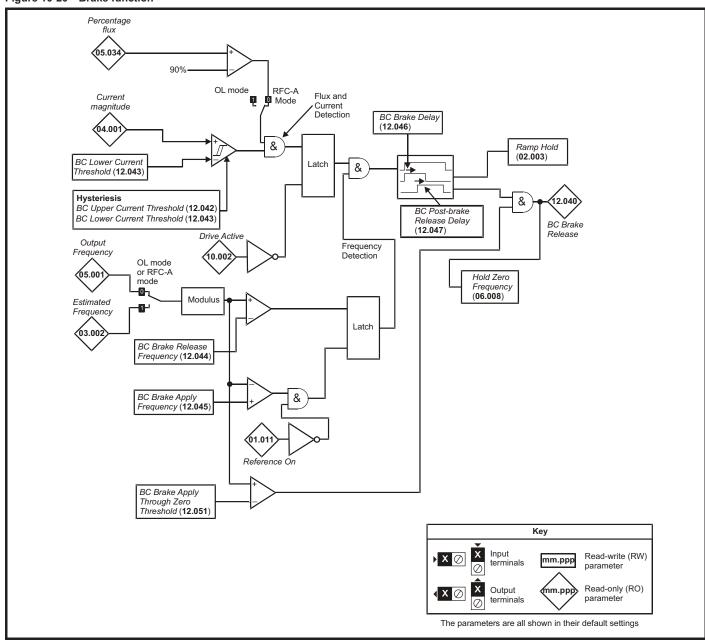
The brake control functions are provided to allow well co-ordinated operation of an external brake with the drive. While both hardware and software are designed to high standards of quality and robustness, they are not intended for use as safety functions, i.e. where a fault or failure would result in a risk of injury. In any application where the incorrect operation of the brake release mechanism could result in injury, independent protection devices of proven integrity must also be incorporated.

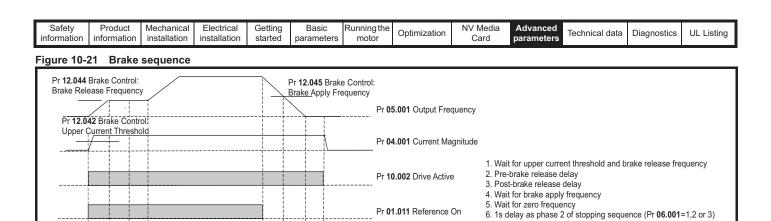


The control terminal relay can be selected as an output to release a brake. If a drive is set up in this manner and a drive replacement takes place, prior to programming the drive on initial power up, the brake may be released.

When drive terminals are programmed to non default settings the result of incorrect or delayed programming must be considered. The use of an NV media card in boot mode can ensure drive parameters are immediately programmed to avoid this situation.

Figure 10-20 Brake function





4 5 6

Pr 01.011 Reference On

Pr 12.040 Brake Control: Brake Release Pr 02.003 Ramp Hold

1 2 3 Pr 12.046 Pr 12.047

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runningthe	Ontimization	NV Media	Advanced	Toohnical data	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

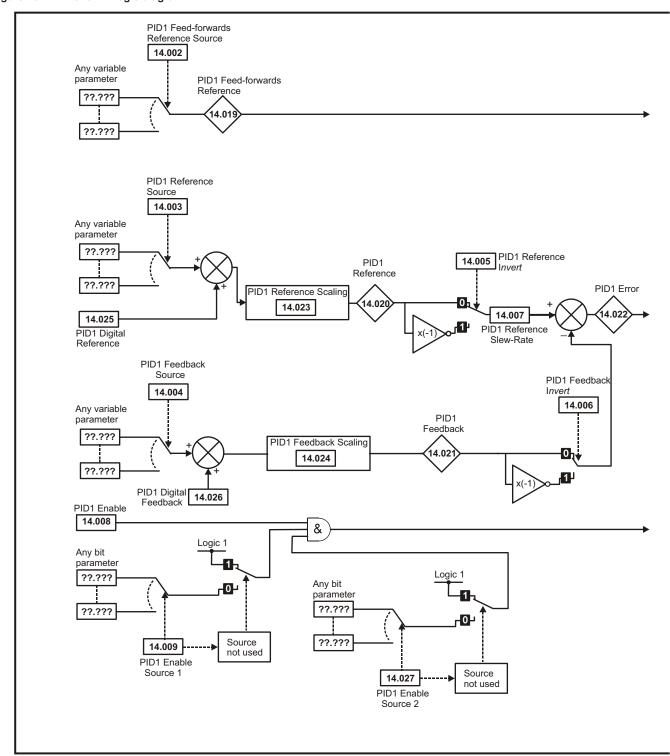
	Develope	Rang	je(�)	Defa	ult(⇔)			T	_		
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A	1		Тур	е		
12.001	Threshold Detector 1 Output	Off (0) o	r On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
12.002	Threshold Detector 2 Output	Off (0) o	r On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
12.003	Threshold Detector 1 Source	0.000 to	30.999	0.0	000	RW	Num			PT	US
12.004	Threshold Detector 1 Level	0.00 to 1	00.00 %	0.0	0 %	RW	Num				US
12.005	Threshold Detector 1 Hysteresis	0.00 to 2	25.00 %	0.0	0 %	RW	Num				US
12.006	Threshold Detector 1 Output Invert	Off (0) o	r On (1)	Off	(0)	RW	Bit				US
12.007	Threshold Detector 1 Destination	0.000 to	30.999	0.0	000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
12.008	Variable Selector 1 Source 1	0.000 to	30.999	0.0	000	RW	Num			PT	US
12.009	Variable Selector 1 Source 2	0.000 to	30.999	0.0	000	RW	Num			PT	US
12.010	Variable Selector 1 Mode	0 (0), 1 (1), 2 (2), 3 (3), 8 (8),	4 (4), 5 (5), 6 (6), 7 (7), 9 (9)	0	(0)	RW	Txt				US
12.011	Variable Selector 1 Destination	0.000 to	30.999	0.0	000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
12.012	Variable Selector 1 Output	±100.	00 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
12.013	Variable Selector 1 Source 1 Scaling	±4.0	000	1.0	000	RW	Num				US
12.014	Variable Selector 1 Source 2 Scaling	±4.0	000	1.0	000	RW	Num				US
12.015	Variable Selector 1 Control	0.00 to	100.00	0.	00	RW	Num				US
12.016	Variable Selector 1 Enable	Off (0) o	r On (1)	On (1)		RW	Bit				US
12.023	Threshold Detector 2 Source	0.000 to	30.999	0.0	000	RW	Num			PT	US
12.024	Threshold Detector 2 Level	0.00 to 1	0.0	0 %	RW	Num				US	
12.025	Threshold Detector 2 Hysteresis	0.00 to 2	0.0	0 %	RW	Num				US	
12.026	Threshold Detector 2 Output Invert	Off (0) o	r On (1)	Off	(0)	RW	Bit				US
12.027	Threshold Detector 2 Destination	0.000 to	30.999	0.0	000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
12.028	Variable Selector 2 Source 1	0.000 to	30.999	0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
12.029	Variable Selector 2 Source 2	0.000 to	30.999	0.0	000	RW	Num			PT	US
12.030	Variable Selector 2 Mode	0 (0), 1 (1), 2 ( 5 (5), 6 (6), 7 (		0	(0)	RW	Txt				US
12.031	Variable Selector 2 Destination	0.000 to	30.999	0.0	000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
12.032	Variable Selector 2 Output	±100.	00 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
12.033	Variable Selector 2 Source 1 Scaling	±4.0	000	1.0	000	RW	Num				US
12.034	Variable Selector 2 Source 2 Scaling	±4.0	000	1.0	000	RW	Num				US
12.035	Variable Selector 2 Control	0.00 to	100.00	0.	00	RW	Num				US
12.036	Variable Selector 2 Enable	Off (0) o	r On (1)	On	(1)	RW	Bit				US
12.040	BC Brake Release	Off (0) o	r On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
12.041	BC Enable	diS (0), rELAy (1), o	dig IO (2), USEr (3)	diS	6 (0)	RW	Txt				US
12.042	BC Upper Current Threshold	0 to 2	00 %	50	1%	RW	Num				US
12.043	BC Lower Current Threshold	0 to 2	00 %	10	1 %	RW	Num				US
12.044	BC Brake Release Frequency	0.00 to 2	20.00 Hz	1.0	0 Hz	RW	Num				US
12.045	BC Brake Apply Frequency	0.00 to 2	20.00 Hz	2.0	0 Hz	RW	Num				US
12.046	BC Brake Delay	0.0 to 25.0 s		1.	0 s	RW	Num				US
12.047	BC Post-brake Release Delay	0.0 to 25.0 s			0 s	RW	Num				US
12.050	BC Initial Direction	rEf (0), For (1), rEv (2)			(0)	RW	Txt				US
12.051	BC Brake Apply Through Zero Threshold	0.00 to 25.00 Hz			) Hz	RW	Num				US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

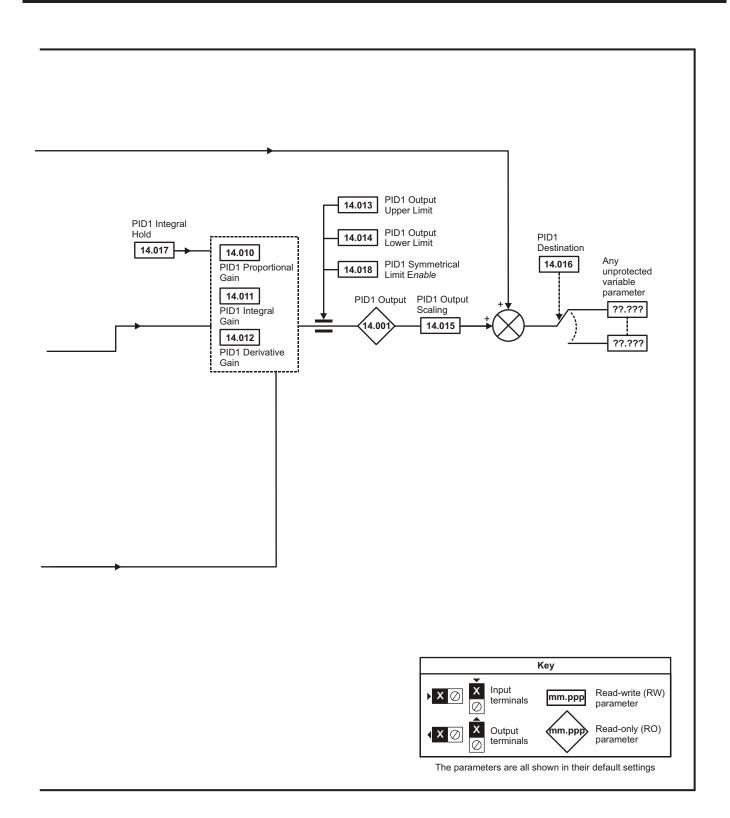
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runningthe	Ontimization	NV Media	Advanced	Toohnical data	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	lechnical data	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

## 10.13 Menu 14: User PID controller

Figure 10-22 Menu 14 Logic diagram



Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running the NV Media Advanced UL Listing Optimization Technical data Diagnostics information information installation installation started parameters motor Card parameters



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runningthe	Ontimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	III Lieting
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listing

	<u> </u>	Ran	ge (\$)	Defa	ult (⇔)			_			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A	1		Тур	oe		
14.001	PID1 Output	±100	0.00 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.002	PID1 Feed-forwards Reference Source	0.000 f	to 30.999	0.	000	RW	Num			PT	US
14.003	PID1 Reference Source	0.000 t	to 30.999	0.	.000	RW	Num			PT	US
14.004	PID1 Feedback Source	0.000 t	to 30.999	0.	.000	RW	Num			PT	US
14.005	PID1 Reference Invert	Off (0)	or On (1)	0	ff (0)	RW	Bit				US
14.006	PID1 Feedback Invert	Off (0)	or On (1)	O	ff (0)	RW	Bit				US
14.007	PID1 Reference Slew Rate	0.0 to	3200.0 s	0	.0 s	RW	Num				US
14.008	PID1 Enable	Off (0)	or On (1)	0	ff (0)	RW	Bit				US
14.009	PID1 Enable Source 1	0.000 t	to 30.999	0.	.000	RW	Num			PT	US
14.010	PID1 Proportional Gain	0.000	to 4.000	1.	.000	RW	Num				US
14.011	PID1 Integral Gain	0.000	to 4.000	0.	500	RW	Num				US
14.012	PID1 Differential Gain	0.000	to 4.000	0.	.000	RW	Num				US
14.013	PID1 Output Upper Limit	0.00 to	100.00 %	100	.00 %	RW	Num				US
14.014	PID1 Output Lower Limit	±100	0.00 %	-100	0.00 %	RW	Num				US
14.015	PID1 Output Scaling	0.000	to 4.000	1.	.000	RW	Num				US
14.016	PID1 Destination	0.000 f	to 30.999	0.	.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
14.017	PID1 Integral Hold	Off (0)	or On (1)	0	ff (0)	RW	Bit				
14.018	PID1 Symmetrical Limit Enable	Off (0)	or On (1)	O	ff (0)	RW	Bit				US
14.019	PID1 Feed-forwards Reference	±100	0.00 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.020	PID1 Reference	±100	0.00 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.021	PID1 Feedback	±100	0.00 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.022	PID1 Error	±100	0.00 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.023	PID1 Reference Scaling	0.000	to 4.000	1.	.000	RW	Num				US
14.024	PID1 Feedback Scaling	0.000	to 4.000	1.	.000	RW	Num				US
14.025	PID1 Digital Reference	±100	0.00 %		RW	Num				US	
14.026	PID1 Digital Feedback	±100	0.00 %		RW	Num				US	
14.027	PID1 Enable Source 2	0.000 t	o 30.999	0.	.000	RW	Num			PT	US

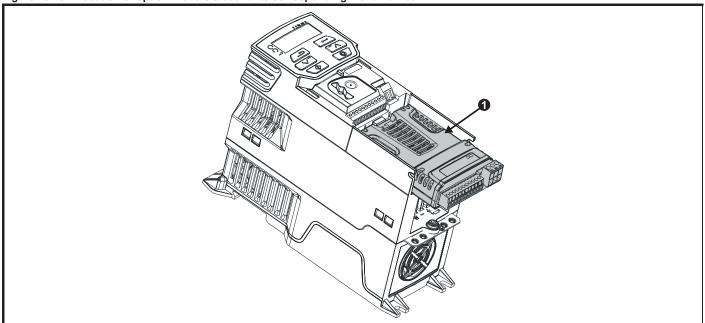
RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety information Getting started Product Mechanical Electrical Running the Advanced Optimization Technical data Diagnostics **UL** Listing information Card installation installation parameters

## 10.14

Menu 15: Option module set-up

Location of option module slot and its corresponding menu number Figure 10-23



Option Module Slot 1 - Menu 15

#### 10.14.1 Parameters common to all categories

	Parameter	Range(३)	Default(⇔)			Тур	ре		
15.001	Module ID	0 to 65535		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
15.002	Software Version	00.00 to 99.99		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
15.003	Hardware Version	0.00 to 99.99		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
15.004	Serial Number LS	0 to 999999		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
15.005	Serial Number MS	0 10 399999		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
15.051	Software Sub-version	0 to 99		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	

The option module ID indicates the type of module that is installed in the corresponding slot. See the relevant option module user guide for more information regarding the module.

Option module ID	Module	Category
0	No module installed	
209	SI-I/O	Automation (I/O Expansion)
443	SI-PROFIBUS	Fieldbus
447	SI-DeviceNet	Fieldbus
448	SI-CANopen	Fieldbus

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runningthe	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Toohnical data	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	lechnical data	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

# 10.15 Menu 18: Application menu 1

l .	_ ,	Raı	nge (‡)	De	fault(⇔)	Туре					
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A	1		Тур	е		
18.001	Application Menu 1 Power-down Save Integer		•		Ô	RW	Num				PS
18.002	Application Menu 1 Read-only Integer 2					RO	Num	ND	NC		
18.003	Application Menu 1 Read-only Integer 3					RO	Num	ND	NC		
18.004	Application Menu 1 Read-only Integer 4					RO	Num	ND	NC		
18.005	Application Menu 1 Read-only Integer 5					RO	Num	ND	NC		
18.006	Application Menu 1 Read-only Integer 6					RO	Num	ND	NC		
18.007	Application Menu 1 Read-only Integer 7					RO	Num	ND	NC		
18.008	Application Menu 1 Read-only Integer 8					RO	Num	ND	NC		
18.009	Application Menu 1 Read-only Integer 9					RO	Num	ND	NC		
18.010	Application Menu 1 Read-only Integer 10					RO	Num	ND	NC		
18.011	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 11					RW	Num				US
18.012	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 12					RW	Num				US
18.013	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 13					RW	Num				US
18.014	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 14					RW	Num				US
18.015	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 15	2776	8 to 32767			RW	Num				US
18.016	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 16	-32/6	0 10 32101			RW	Num				US
18.017	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 17					RW	Num				US
18.018	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 18					RW	Num				US
18.019	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 19					RW	Num				US
18.020	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 20				0	RW	Num				US
18.021	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 21				U	RW	Num				US
18.022	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 22					RW	Num				US
18.023	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 23					RW	Num				US
18.024	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 24					RW	Num				US
18.025	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 25					RW	Num				US
18.026	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 26					RW	Num				US
18.027	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 27					RW	Num				US
18.028	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 28					RW	Num				US
18.029	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 29					RW	Num				US
18.030	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 30					RW	Num				US
18.031	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 31					RW	Bit				US
18.032	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 32					RW	Bit				US
18.033	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 33					RW	Bit				US
18.034	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 34					RW	Bit				US
18.035	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 35					RW	Bit				US
18.036	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 36					RW	Bit				US
18.037	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 37					RW	Bit				US
18.038	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 38					RW	Bit				US
18.039	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 39					RW	Bit				US
18.040	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 40	0# /0	) or Op (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
18.041	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 41	Οπ (0	) or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
18.042	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 42					RW	Bit				US
18.043	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 43					RW	Bit				US
18.044	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 44					RW	Bit				US
18.045	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 45					RW	Bit				US
18.046	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 46					RW	Bit				US
18.047	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 47					RW	Bit				US
18.048	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 48					RW	Bit				US
18.049	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 49					RW	Bit				US
18.050	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 50					RW	Bit				US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety Product information information installation insta

# 10.16 Menu 20: Application menu 2

	Parameter	Rang	je (‡)	Defa	ult (⇔)			Туре			
	raiametei	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A			туре	7		
20.021	Application Menu 2 Read-write Long Integer 21					RW	Num				
20.022	Application Menu 2 Read-write Long Integer 22					RW	Num			Î	
20.023	Application Menu 2 Read-write Long Integer 23					RW	Num			Î	
20.024	Application Menu 2 Read write Long Integer 24					RW	Num			Î	
20.025	Application Menu 2 Read-write Long Integer 25	2147402640	to 2147483647		0	RW	Num			Î	
20.026	Application Menu 2 Read-write Long Integer 26	-2147403040	10 2 147 403047		0	RW	Num			Î	
20.027	Application Menu 2 Read-write Long Integer 27					RW	Num				
20.028	Application Menu 2 Read-write Long Integer 28					RW	Num				
20.029	Application Menu 2 Read-write Long Integer 29					RW	Num				
20.030	Application Menu 2 Read-write Long Integer 30					RW	Num				

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runningthe	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Toohnical data	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	lechnical data	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

# 10.17 Menu 21: Second motor parameters

	Barrara tan	Range	(₺)	Defaul	lt (⇔)			T	_		$\Box$
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A	1		Тур	е		
21.001	M2 Maximum Reference Clamp	±VM_POSITIVE_F	REF_CLAMP Hz	50Hz: 50 60Hz: 60		RW	Num				US
21.002	M2 Minimum Reference Clamp	±VM_NEGATIVE	_REF_CLAMP2	0.0	0	RW	Num				US
21.003	M2 Reference Selector	A1.A2 (0), A1.Pr (1), A2.I (4), rES (5), F		A1.A2	2 (0)	RW	Txt				US
21.004	M2 Acceleration Rate 1	±VM_ACCE	EL_RATE	5.0	)	RW	Num				US
21.005	M2 Deceleration Rate 1	±VM_ACCE	EL_RATE	10.	0	RW	Num				US
21.006	M2 Motor Rated Frequency	0.00 to VM_SPEED_FRE	Q_REF_UNIPOLAR Hz	50Hz: 50 60Hz: 60		RW	Num		RA		US
21.007	M2 Motor Rated Current	±VM_RATED_0	CURRENT A	Maximum Heavy Du	ıty Rating (11.032)	RW	Num		RA		US
21.008	M2 Motor Rated Speed	0.0 to 8000	00.0 rpm	50 Hz: 1500.0 rpm 60 Hz: 1800.0 rpm	50 Hz: 1450.0rpm 60 Hz 1750.0 rpm	RW	Num				US
21.009	M2 Motor Rated Voltage	±VM_AC_VOL	TAGE_SET V	110 V driv 200 V driv 400 V drive 5 400 V drive 6 575 V driv 690 V driv	e: 230 V 60Hz: 400 V 60Hz: 460 V e: 575 V	RW	Num		RA		US
21.010	M2 Motor Rated Power Factor	0.00 to	1.00	0.8	5	RW	Num		RA		US
21.011	M2 Number of Motor Poles*	Auto (0) to	32 (16)	Auto	(0)	RW	Num				US
21.012	M2 Stator Resistance	0.0000 to 9	9.9999 Ω	0.000	Ω 0	RW	Num		RA		US
21.014	M2 Transient Inductance	0.000 to 50	0.000 mH	0.000	mH	RW	Num		RA		US
21.015	Motor 2 Active	Off (0) or	On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
21.016	M2 Motor Thermal Time Constant 1	1 to 30	000 s	179 s	179 s	RW	Num				US
21.017	M2 Frequency Controller Proportional Gain Kp1		0.000 to 200.000 s/rad		0.100 s/rad	RW	Num				US
21.018	M2 Frequency Controller Integral Gain Ki1		0.00 to 655.35 s²/rad		0.10 s²/rad	RW	Num				US
21.019	M2 Frequency Controller Differential Feedback Gain Kd1		0.00000 to 0.65535 1/rad		0.00000 1/rad	RW	Num				US
21.022	M2 Current Controller Kp Gain	0.00 to 4	000.00	20.0	00	RW	Num				US
21.023	M2 Current Controller Ki Gain	0.000 to 6	600.000	40.0	00	RW	Num				US
21.024	M2 Stator Inductance	0.00 to 500	00.00 mH	0.00	mH	RW	Num		RA		US
21.025	M2 Saturation Breakpoint 1		0.0 to 100.0 %		50.0 %	RW	Num				US
21.026	M2 Saturation Breakpoint 3		0.0 to 100.0 %		75.0 %	RW	Num				US
21.027	M2 Motoring Current Limit	±VM_MOTOR2_CU	RRENT_LIMIT %	165.0 %	175.0 %	RW	Num		RA		US
21.028	M2 Regenerating Current Limit	±VM_MOTOR2_CU	IRRENT_LIMIT %	165.0 %	175.0 %	RW	Num		RA		US
21.029	M2 Symmetrical Current Limit	±VM_MOTOR2_CU	IRRENT_LIMIT %	165.0 %	175.0 %	RW	Num		RA		US
21.033	M2 Low Frequency Thermal Protection Mode	0 to	0		RW	Num				US	
21.041	M2 Saturation Breakpoint 2	0.0 to 100.0 %			0.0 %	RW	Num				US
21.042	M2 Saturation Breakpoint 4	0.0 to 100.0 %			0.0 %	RW	Num				US

<sup>\*</sup> When read via serial communications, this parameter will show pole pairs.

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety Product information installation installation installation in the parameters information in the parameters in the

## 10.18 Menu 22: Additional Menu 0 set-up

	Parameter	OL RFC-A	OL RFC-A	1		Тур	е	
	D		02 141074					
22.002	Parameter 00.001 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	1.007	RW	Num		P.	T U
	Parameter 00.002 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	1.006	RW	Num		P.	T U
22.003	Parameter 00.003 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	2.011	RW	Num		P.	T U
22.004	Parameter 00.004 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	2.021	RW	Num		P.	T U
22.005	Parameter 00.005 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	11.034	RW	Num		P.	T U
22.006	Parameter 00.006 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	5.007	RW	Num		P.	T U
22.007	Parameter 00.007 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	5.008	RW	Num		P.	T U
22.008	Parameter 00.008 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	5.009	RW	Num		P.	T U
22.009	Parameter 00.009 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	5.010	RW	Num		P.	T U
22.010	Parameter 00.010 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	11.044	RW	Num		P.	T U
22.011	Parameter 00.011 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	0.000	RW	Num		P.	T U
22.012	Parameter 00.012 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	0.000	RW	Num		P.	T U
22.013	Parameter 00.013 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	0.000	RW	Num		P.	T U
22.014	Parameter 00.014 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	0.000	RW	Num		P.	T U
22.015	Parameter 00.015 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	1.005	RW	Num		P.	T U
22.016	Parameter 00.016 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	7.007	RW	Num		P.	T U
22.017	Parameter 00.017 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	1.010	RW	Num		P.	_
	Parameter 00.018 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	1.021	RW	Num		P.	
22.019	Parameter 00.019 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	0.000	RW	Num		P.	_
	Parameter 00.020 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	0.000	RW	Num		P.	
	Parameter 00.021 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	0.000	RW	Num		P.	_
22.022	Parameter 00.022 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	0.000	RW	Num		P.	T U
	Parameter 00.023 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	0.000	RW	Num		P.	
	Parameter 00.024 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	0.000	RW	Num		P.	_
	Parameter 00.025 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	11.030	RW	Num		P.	_
	Parameter 00.026 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	0.000	RW	Num		P.	
	Parameter 00.027 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	1.051	RW	Num		P.	
	Parameter 00.028 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	2.004	RW	Num		P.	_
	Parameter 00.029 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	0.000 2.002	RW	Num		P.	_
	Parameter 00.030 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	11.042	RW	Num		P.	
	Parameter 00.031 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	6.001	RW	Num		P.	_
	Parameter 00.032 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	5.013	RW	Num		P.	_
	Parameter 00.033 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	6.009	RW	Num		P.	
	Parameter 00.034 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	8.035	RW	Num		P.	
	Parameter 00.035 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	8.091	RW	Num		P.	_
	Parameter 00.036 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	7.055	RW	Num		P.	
	Parameter 00.037 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	5.018	RW	Num		P.	_
	Parameter 00.038 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	5.012	RW	Num		P.	
	Parameter 00.039 Set-up Parameter 00.040 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999 0.000 to 30.999	5.006 5.011	RW RW	Num Num		P.	_
	Parameter 00.040 Set-up Parameter 00.041 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999 0.000 to 30.999	5.011	RW	Num	-	b.	
	Parameter 00.041 Set-up Parameter 00.042 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999 0.000 to 30.999	5.014 5.015	RW	Num		b.	
	Parameter 00.042 Set-up Parameter 00.043 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999 0.000 to 30.999	11.025	RW	Num		P.	_
	Parameter 00.043 Set-up Parameter 00.044 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999 0.000 to 30.999	11.025	RW	Num		P.	_
	Parameter 00.044 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	11.023	RW	Num		P.	
	Parameter 00.046 Set-up		12.042	RW	Num		P.	
	Parameter 00.046 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999 0.000 to 30.999	12.042	RW	Num		P.	_
	Parameter 00.048 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	12.043	RW	Num		P.	
	Parameter 00.049 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	12.044	RW	Num		b.	
	Parameter 00.050 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	12.046	RW	Num		P.	
	Parameter 00.051 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	12.047	RW	Num		P.	_
	Parameter 00.052 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	12.048	RW	Num		P.	
	Parameter 00.052 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	12.048	RW	Num		b.	
	·			_				_
	Parameter 00.054 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	12.051	RW	Num		P.	
22.055	Parameter 00.055 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999 0.000 to 30.999	12.041 0.000	RW	Num Num		P.	_
	Parameter 00.056 Set-up							

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runningthe	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	recrimical data	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

	Parameter	Ran	ge(\$)	Defau	ılt(⇔)			Тур	_		
	Farameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A			тур	e		
22.058	Parameter 00.058 Set-up	0.000 t	o 30.999	0.0	00	RW	Num			PT	US
22.059	Parameter 00.059 Set-up	0.000 t	o 30.999	0.0	00	RW	Num			PT	US
22.060	Parameter 00.060 Set-up	0.000 t	o 30.999	0.0	00	RW	Num			PT	US
22.061	Parameter 00.061 Set-up	0.000 t	o 30.999	0.0	00	RW	Num			PT	US
22.062	Parameter 00.062 Set-up	0.000 t	o 30.999	0.0	00	RW	Num			PT	US
22.063	Parameter 00.063 Set-up	0.000 t	o 30.999	0.0	00	RW	Num			PT	US
22.064	Parameter 00.064 Set-up	0.000 t	o 30.999	0.0	00	RW	Num			PT	US
22.065	Parameter 00.065 Set-up	0.000 t	o 30.999	0.000	3.010	RW	Num			PT	US
22.066	Parameter 00.066 Set-up	0.000 t	o 30.999	0.000	3.011	RW	Num			PT	US
22.067	Parameter 00.067 Set-up	0.000 t	o 30.999	0.000	3.079	RW	Num			PT	US
22.068	Parameter 00.068 Set-up	0.000 t	o 30.999	0.000	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
22.069	Parameter 00.069 Set-up	0.000 t	o 30.999	5.0	40	RW	Num			PT	US
22.070	Parameter 00.070 Set-up	0.000 t	o 30.999	0.0	00	RW	Num			PT	US
22.071	Parameter 00.071 Set-up	0.000 t	o 30.999	0.0	00	RW	Num			PT	US
22.072	Parameter 00.072 Set-up	0.000 t	o 30.999	0.0	00	RW	Num			PT	US
22.073	Parameter 00.073 Set-up	0.000 t	o 30.999	0.0	00	RW	Num			PT	US
22.074	Parameter 00.074 Set-up	0.000 t	o 30.999	0.0	00	RW	Num			PT	US
22.075	Parameter 00.075 Set-up	0.000 t	o 30.999	0.0	00	RW	Num			PT	US
22.076	Parameter 00.076 Set-up	0.000 t	o 30.999	10.0	)37	RW	Num			PT	US
22.077	Parameter 00.077 Set-up	0.000 t	o 30.999	11.0	032	RW	Num			PT	US
22.078	Parameter 00.078 Set-up	0.000 t	o 30.999	11.0	)29	RW	Num			PT	US
22.079	Parameter 00.079 Set-up	0.000 t	o 30.999	11.0	)31	RW	Num			PT	US
22.080	Parameter 00.080 Set-up	0.000 t	o 30.999	11.0	)44	RW	Num			PT	US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Ontimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

# 11 Technical data

## 11.1 Drive technical data

## 11.1.1 Power and current ratings (Derating for switching frequency and temperature)

For a full explanation of 'Normal Duty' and 'Heavy Duty' refer to section 2.2 Ratings on page 10.

Table 11-1 Maximum permissible continuous output current @ 40 °C (104 °F) ambient (size 1 to 4)

						Heavy D	uty				
Model	Nomina	al rating	Maxim	um permis	sible conti	nuous outp	out current	(A) for the f	following s	witching fre	quencies
	kW	hp	0.667 kHz	1 kHz	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
100 V											
01100017	0.25	0.33					1.7				
01100024	0.37	0.5					2.4				
02100042	0.75	1.0					4.2				
02100056	1.1	1.5					5.6				
200 V											
01200017	0.25	0.33					1.7				
01200024	0.37	0.5					2.4				
01200033	0.55	0.75					3.3				
01200042	0.75	1.0					4.2				
02200024	0.37	0.5				2.4					
02200033	0.55	0.75				3.3					
02200042	0.75	1.0				4.2					
02200056	1.1	1.5	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6
02200075	1.5	2.0	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.0
03200100	2.2	3.0	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	9	7.3
04200133	3.0	3.0				•	13.3	•	•		•
04200176	4.0	5.0					17.6				
400 V		•									
02400013	0.37	0.5	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	
02400018	0.55	0.75	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	
02400023	0.75	1.0	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.0	
02400032	1.1	1.5	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	2.0	
02400041	1.5	2.0	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	3.8	2.0	
03400056	2.2	3.0	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.1	3.7	2.4
03400073	3.0	3.0	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.1	5.6	3.8	
03400094	4.0	5.0	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4	8.5	7	4.6	
04400135	5.5	7.5				•	13.5				
04400170	7.5	10.0					17				

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	recillical data	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

Table 11-2 Maximum permissible continuous output current @ 40 °C (104 °F) ambient (size 5 to 6)

				Nor	mal Du	ty							Heav	y Duty				
Model	Non rati		Maximum pe				s output freque		(A) for	Non rat	ninal ing	Maximum p		ole cont ving swi				A) for
	kW	hp	0.667, 1 and 2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz	kW	hp	0.667, 1 and 2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
200 V																		
05200250	7.5	10		;	30			27.6	23.7	5.5	7.5		25			24.8	21.5	18.8
06200330	11	15			50			42.3	24.5	7.5	10		3	3.0			32	27
06200440	15	20		58			53	42.3	32.5	11	15		44.0			40	33	27.3
400 V																		
05400270	15	20	3	30 25.8 31 30.7			22.2	17.1	13.5	11	20	27	25.4	23.7	20.3	17.6	13.8	11.1
05400300	15	20					26.4	18.3	14.1	15	20	30		27.9	24	21	14.9	12.2
06400350	18.5	25	38					31	24.3	15	25		35			30	23	18.5
06400420	22	30		48			41	31	24.5	18.5	30		42		35	30	23	18.5
06400470	30	40	48 63 57 48				41	31	24.5	22	30	47	46	42	35	30	23	18.5
575 V			_							_		_						
05500030	2.2	3.0				3.9				1.5	2.0			3	3.0			
05500040	4.0	5.0				6.1				2.2	3.0			4	1.0			
05500069	5.5	7.5				10				4.0	5.0			6	6.9			
06500100	7.5	10.0				12				5.5	7.5			,	10			
06500150	11.0	15.0			17				14.8	7.5	10			15				11.6
06500190	15.0	20.0		:	22			20.5	15	11	15		•	19			15.4	11.6
06500230	18.5	25.0		27			26.2	20	16	15	20		23			20	15.4	12.8
06500290	22.0	30.0	3	34		31	26.2	20	16.8	18.5	25		29		23.8	20	15.4	12.8
06500350	30.0	40.0	43		39.6	31	26.2	20	16.8	22	30	35	34	29.8	23.8	20	15.4	13

Table 11-3 Maximum permissible continuous output current @ 40 °C (104 °F) ambient with high IP insert installed (size 5 only)

			Norma	al Duty						Heav	y Duty			
Model		ım permis or the foll							ım permis or the foll					
	0.667, 1 and 2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz	0.667, 1 and 2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
200 V														
05200250	25.5	25.2	24.9	24.3	23.7	22.5	21.6	25		24.8	24.3	23.8	22.5	20
400 V														
05400270	17.1	15.6	14.4	12.6	11.4	9.6	8.7	17.3	15.7	14.6	12.7	11.3	9.7	8.6
05400300	19.8	19.5	18.9	17.7	16.4	14	11.8	19.8	19.5	18.9	17.7	16.2	13.8	11.7
575 V														
05500030			3	.9						3	.0			
05500040			6	.1						4	.0			
05500069			1	0						6	.9			

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Ontimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

Table 11-4 Maximum permissible continuous output current @ 50 °C (122 °F) ( size 1 to 4)

				ŀ	leavy Duty			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Model				m permissible or the followir		output curre	nt (A)		
	0.667 kHz	1 kHz	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
100 V						1	l		
01100017*					1.7				
01100024*					2.4				
02100042					4.2				
02100056			5.6			5.5	5.3	5.1	4.9
200 V						<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
01200017*					1.7				
01200024*					2.4				
01200033*					3.3				
01200042*					4.2				
02200024				2.4					
02200033				3.3					
02200042				4.2					
02200056	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.4
02200075	7.5	7.5	7.4	7.2	6.8	6.6	6.3	5.8	5.4
03200100	10	10	10	10	9.5	8.6	7.5	6.1	5
04200133									
04200176									
400 V			•		<u>'</u>	<u> </u>	<u>'</u>	1	
02400013	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.1	
02400018	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.1	
02400023	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	1.1	
02400032	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	2.5	1.1	
02400041	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	3.7	3.2	2.5	1.1	
03400056	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5	3.5	2.8	1.9	
03400073	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	6.2	4.5	3.4		
03400094	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4	7.9	6.2	4.7		
04400135									
04400170									

<sup>\*</sup> CI-Keypad not installed.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	recillical data	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

Table 11-5 Maximum permissible continuous output current @ 50  $^{\circ}$ C (122  $^{\circ}$ F) (size 5 to 6)

			Norr	nal Duty						Hea	vy Duty			
Model	Maxin	num perm		ontinuous switching				Maxin				output cu frequenci		
	0.667, 1 and 2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz	0.667, 1 and 2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
200 V														
05200250		30.0			29.7	25.2	21.6		25.0			23.0	19.8	17.3
06200330		50.0			49.0	38.0	30.0		;	33.0			29.0	24.6
06200440		58.0		56.0	49.0	38.0	30.2	4	44.0		41.0	36.0	29.0	24.6
400 V														
05400270	:	25.5		23.6	20.4	15.6	12.3	24.0	23.5	21.6	18.6	16.2	12.7	10.0
05400300	:	25.5		23	3.6	15.9	12.3		24.0	•	21.9	19.2	13.8	10.5
06400350		38.0			37.0	28.0	21.4	;	35.0		32.0	27.0	21.0	16.5
06400420	,	48.0		43.0	36.5	27.4	21.4	42.0	42.0	38.0	32.0	27.0	21.0	16.5
06400470	63.0	58.0	52.0	43.0	37.0	28.0	21.4	47.0	42.0	38.0	32.0	27.0	21.0	16.5
575 V														
05500030				3.9							3.0			
05500040				6.1							4.0			
05500069				10.0							6.9			
06500100				12.0						,	10.0			
06500150			17.0				13.4			15.0			14.0	10.3
06500190		:	22.0			17.8	13.4			19.0			14.0	10.3
06500230		27.0			23.5	17.8	15.0	2	23.0		21.6	19.0	14.0	11.5
06500290	;	34.0		28.2	23.5	18.0	15.0	29.0		27.3	22.0	19.0	14.0	11.6
06500350	43.0	41.7	36.1	28.0	23.7	18.0	15.0	35.0	31.2	27.3	21.8	19.0	14.0	11.6

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	recillical data	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

## 11.1.2 Power dissipation

Table 11-6 Losses @ 40°C (104°F) ambient (size 1 to 4)

						Heavy	Duty				
Model	Nomina	ıl rating		Drive los	sses (W) tak	ing into acc	ount any cu	urrent derat	ing for the g	iven conditio	ons
	kW	hp	0.667 kHz	1 kHz	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
100 V		•							•		•
01100017	0.25	0.33									
01100024	0.37	0.5									
02100042	0.75	1.0	34	34	35	36	37	39	41	46	50
02100056	1.1	1.5	42	43	44	46	47	50	53	59	65
200 V											
01200017	0.25	0.33									
01200024	0.37	0.5									
01200033	0.55	0.75									
01200042	0.75	1.0									
02200024	0.37	0.5	24	24	24	25	25	26	27	30	32
02200033	0.55	0.75	31	31	32	33	34	35	37	40	43
02200042	0.75	1.0	37	37	38	39	40	42	44	49	53
02200056	1.1	1.5	45	46	47	48	50	53	56	62	68
02200075	1.5	2.0	58	59	61	63	65	69	74	82	84
03200100	2.2	3.0	85	87	91	96	101	110	117	121	117
04200133	3.0	3.0									
04200176	4.0	5.0									
400 V			•			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	•	'	<u>'</u>	<u> </u>
02400013	0.37	0.5	25	26	30	33	36	42	48	60	
02400018	0.55	0.75	29	30	34	37	40	47	53	67	
02400023	0.75	1.0	33	34	38	41	45	52	59	69	
02400032	1.1	1.5	41	42	46	50	54	63	71	70	
02400041	1.5	2.0	49	50	55	60	64	74	78	70	
03400056	2.2	3.0	55	57	62	68	75	86	90	86	77
03400073	3.0	3.0	72	74	82	90	98	113	101	92	
03400094	4.0	5.0	95	99	108	116	129	128	125	113	
04400135	5.5	7.5									
04400170	7.5	10.0									

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the		NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	recillical uata	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

Table 11-7 Losses @ 40°C (104°F) ambient (size 5 to 6)

				Nori	nal Dut	у						_	Hea	vy Duty				
Model	Nom rati		Drive los				count a		rent	Nom rati	-				king into			
	kW	hp	0.667, 1 and 2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz	kW	hp	0.667, 1 and 2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
200 V				•		•												
05200250	7.5	10		291	302	324	344	356	342	5.5	7.5		245	254	272	288	284	282
06200330	11	15		394	413	452	490	480		7.5	10		277	290	316	342	382	
06200440	15	20		463	484	528	522	481		11	15		366	382	417	410	388	
400 V																		
05400270	15	20		324	353	356	355	359	362	11	20		276	282	285	290	301	310
05400300	15	20		332	367	434	441	417	424	15	20		322	333	352	374	372	439
06400350	18.5	25		417	456	532	613	652	645	15	25		389	424	498	496	502	513
06400420	22	30		515	561	657	651	646	650	18.5	30		455	497	487	486	495	513
06400470	30	40		656	659	650	646	643		22	30		500	496	487	486	495	
575 V			_									_						
05500030	2.2	3		92	102	121	142			1.5	2		82	91	108	126		
05500040	4	5		135	150	180	209			2.2	3		94	104	124	145		
05500069	5.5	7.5		194	215	260	302			4	5		153	170	204	236		
06500100	7.5	10		215	239	287	334			5.5	7.5		187	208	249	291		
06500150	11	15		284	315	376	438			7.5	10		265	294	351	410		
06500190	15	20		362	399	484	569			11	15		317	350	418	496		
06500230	18.5	25		448	505	596	682			15	20		382	421	508	523		
06500290	22	30		623	712	810	822			18.5	25		533	610	628	635		
06500350	30	40		798	836	813	823			22	30		546	624	622	627		

Table 11-8 Losses @ 40°C (104°F) ambient with high IP insert installed (size 5 only)

			Norma	l Duty						Heav	y Duty			
Model	Drive losse	s (W) tak derating					rent	Drive losse	` '	_		ideratio conditio	-	irrent
	0.667, 1 and 2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz	0.667, 1 and 2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
200 V						•		•				•		
05200250		244	249	262	274	298	328		245	251	264	278	301	306
400 V														
05400270		170	173	182	194	223	268		172	177	184	194	225	265
05400300		218	240	284	329	432	564		218	240	284	325	425	560
575 V														
05500030														
05500040														
05500069														

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	recillical data	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

Table 11-9 Losses @ 50°C (122°F) ambient (size 1 to 4)

						Heavy	Duty						
Model	Nominal rating			Drive losses (W) taking into account any current derating for the given conditions									
	kW	hp	0.667 kHz	1 kHz	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz		
100 V													
01100017	0.25	0.33											
01100024	0.37	0.5											
02100042	0.75	1.0	34	34	35	36	37	39	41	46	50		
02100056	1.1	1.5	42	43	44	46	47	49	47	47	57		
200 V													
01200017	0.25	0.33											
01200024	0.37	0.5											
01200033	0.55	0.75											
01200042	0.75	1.0											
02200024	0.37	0.5	24	24	24	25	25	26	27	30	32		
02200033	0.55	0.75	31	31	32	33	34	35	37	40	43		
02200042	0.75	1.0	37	37	38	39	39	40	42	45	46		
02200056	1.1	1.5	44	44	46	46	47	48	44	46	50		
02200075	1.5	2.0	44	44	45	46	47	48	44	46	50		
03200100	2.2	3.0	86	88	92	96	96	97	93	90	86		
04200133	3.0	3.0											
04200176	4.0	5.0											
400 V			_							<u>.</u>			
02400013	0.37	0.5	25	26	30	33	36	42	48	58			
02400018	0.55	0.75	29	30	34	37	40	47	53	58			
02400023	0.75	1.0	33	34	38	41	45	52	59	58			
02400032	1.1	1.5	41	42	46	50	54	63	62	70			
02400041	1.5	2.0	49	50	55	60	60	63	62	58			
03400056	2.2	3.0	57	58	64	70	73	63	60	60			
03400073	3.0	3.0	73	75	82	91	87	77	71				
03400094	4.0	5.0	96	98	109	122	111	104	97				
04400135	5.5	7.5											
04400170	7.5	10.0											

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	recillical uata	Diagnostics	UL Listing

Table 11-10 Losses @ 50°C (122°F) ambient (size 5 to 6)

			Norm	al Duty						Heav	y Duty			
Model	Drive losses	` '	ng into a ne given		-	ent dera	ting for	Drive losses (W) taking into account any current derating for the given conditions						
	0.667, 1 and 2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz	0.667, 1 and 2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
200 V		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	)	)
05200250	1	292	306	331	357	357	357		247	258	279	278	283	288
06200330		394	413	452	481	434			277	290	316	342	346	
06200440		463	484	509	483	437			366	382	389	369	342	
400 V														
05400270		288	323	368	384	417			267	274	290	305	340	373
05400300		280	316	366	452	453	511		264	297	383	420	463	523
06400350		417	456	536	607	609	597		389	424	459	452	468	472
06400420		515	561	597	595	601	614		455	449	450	445	468	491
06400470		613	600	593	601	613			455	449	450	446	464	
575 V														
05500030		92	102	121	142				82	91	108	126		
05500040		135	150	180	209				94	104	124	145		
05500069		194	215	260	302				153	170	204	236		
06500100		215	239	287	334				187	208	249	291		
06500150		284	315	376	443				265	294	351	410		
06500190		362	399	482	575				317	350	421	504		
06500230		445	490	592	614				382	422	477	504		
06500290		623	712	739	751				533	574	580	555		
06500350		774	758	734	757				572	572	572	607		

Table 11-11 Power losses from the front of the drive when through-panel mounted

Frame size	Power loss
5	
6	

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Running the NV Media Optimization Technical data Diagnostics **UL** Listina information information installation installation started parameter Card parameters

#### 11.1.3 Supply requirements

AC supply voltage:

100 V drive: 100 V to 120 V  $\pm$ 10 % 200 V drive: 200 V to 240 V  $\pm$ 10 % 400 V drive: 380 V to 480 V  $\pm$ 10 % 575 V drive: 500 V to 575 V  $\pm$ 10 %

Number of phases: 3

Maximum supply imbalance: 2 % negative phase sequence (equivalent to 3 % voltage imbalance between phases).

Frequency range: 48 to 62 Hz

For UL compliance only, the maximum supply symmetrical fault current must be limited to 100 kA

#### 11.1.4 Line reactors

Input line reactors reduce the risk of damage to the drive resulting from poor phase balance or severe disturbances on the supply network.

Where line reactors are to be used, reactance values of approximately 2 % are recommended. Higher values may be used if necessary, but may result in a loss of drive output (reduced torque at high speed) because of the voltage drop.

For all drive ratings, 2% line reactors permit drives to be used with a supply unbalance of up to 3.5% negative phase sequence (equivalent to 5% voltage imbalance between phases).

Severe disturbances may be caused by the following factors, for example:

- Power factor correction equipment connected close to the drive.
- Large DC drives having no or inadequate line reactors connected to the supply.
- Across the line (DOL) started motor(s) connected to the supply such that when any of these motors are started, the voltage dip exceeds 20 %

Such disturbances may cause excessive peak currents to flow in the input power circuit of the drive. This may cause nuisance tripping, or in extreme cases, failure of the drive.

Drives of low power rating may also be susceptible to disturbance when connected to supplies with a high rated capacity.

Line reactors are particularly recommended for use with the following drive models when one of the above factors exists, or when the supply capacity exceeds 175 kVA:

Model sizes 04200133 to 06500350 have an internal DC choke so they do not require AC line reactors except for cases of excessive phase unbalance or extreme supply conditions.

Where required, each drive must have its own reactor(s). Three individual reactors or a single three-phase reactor should be used.

#### Reactor current ratings

The current rating of the line reactors should be as follows:

Continuous current rating:

Not less than the continuous input current rating of the drive

Repetitive peak current rating:

Not less than twice the continuous input current rating of the drive

## 11.1.5 Motor requirements

No. of phases: 3
Maximum voltage:

100 V drive: 240 V 200 V drive: 240 V 400 V drive: 480 V 575 V drive: 575 V

# 11.1.6 Temperature, humidity and cooling method Size 1 to 4:

Ambient temperature operating range:

- 20 °C to 40 °C (- 4 °F to 104 °F).

Output current derating must be applied at ambient temperatures

>40 °C (104 °F).

Size 5 onwards:

Ambient temperature operating range:

- 20 °C to 50 °C (- 4 °F to 122 °F).

Output current derating must be applied at ambient temperatures >40 °C (104 °F).

Cooling method: Forced convection

Maximum humidity: 95 % non-condensing at 40 °C (104 °F)

#### **11.1.7** Storage

Size 1 to 4:

-40 °C (-40 °F) to +60 °C (140 °F) for long term storage.

#### Size 5 onwards:

-40 °C (-40 °F) to +50 °C (122 °F) for long term storage, or to +70 °C (158 °F) for short term storage

Storage time is 2 years.

Electrolytic capacitors in any electronic product have a storage period after which they require reforming or replacing.

The DC bus capacitors have a storage period of 10 years.

The low voltage capacitors on the control supplies typically have a storage period of 2 years and are thus the limiting factor.

Low voltage capacitors cannot be reformed due to their location in the circuit and thus may require replacing if the drive is stored for a period of 2 years or greater without power being applied.

It is therefore recommended that drives are powered up for a minimum of 1 hour after every 2 years of storage.

This process allows the drive to be stored for a further 2 years.

#### 11.1.8 Altitude

Altitude range: 0 to 3,000 m (9,900 ft), subject to the following conditions:

1,000 m to 3,000 m (3,300 ft to 9,900 ft) above sea level: de-rate the maximum output current from the specified figure by 1 % per 100 m (330 ft) above 1,000 m (3,300 ft)

For example at 3,000 m (9,900 ft) the output current of the drive would have to be de-rated by 20 %.

## 11.1.9 **IP / UL Rating**

The drive is rated to IP20 pollution degree 2 (non-conductive contamination only).

In addition to this, drive sizes 2 and 3 are rated to IP21 standard (without an Adaptor Interface module installed).

It is possible to configure drive size 5 and above to achieve IP65 rating (NEMA 12) at the rear of the heatsink for through-panel mounting (some current derating is required).

In order to achieve the high IP rating at the rear of the heatsink with drive size 5 it is necessary to seal a heatsink vent by installing the high IP insert

The IP rating of a product is a measure of protection against ingress and contact to foreign bodies and water. It is stated as IP XX, where the two digits (XX) indicate the degree of protection provided as shown in Table 11-12.

ı	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listina
ı	information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	recillical uata	Diagnostics	OL LISHING

Table 11-12 IP Rating degrees of protection

	First digit		Second digit		
F	Protection against contact and ingress of foreign bodies	Protection against ingress of water			
0	No protection	0	No protection		
1	Protection against large foreign bodies φ > 50 mm (large area contact with the hand)	1	Protection against vertically falling drops of water		
2	Protection against medium size foreign bodies φ > 12 mm (finger)	2	Protection against spraywater (up to 15 ° from the vertical)		
3	Protection against small foreign bodies φ > 2.5 mm (tools, wires)	3	Protection against spraywater (up to 60 ° from the vertical)		
4	Protection against granular foreign bodies $\phi$ > 1mm (tools, wires)	4	Protection against splashwater (from all directions)		
5	Protection against dust deposit, complete protection against accidental contact.	5	Protection against heavy splash water (from all directions, at high pressure)		
6	Protection against dust ingress, complete protection against accidental contact.	6	Protection against deckwater (e.g. in heavy seas)		
7	-	7	Protection against immersion		
8	-	8	Protection against submersion		

Table 11-13 UL enclosure ratings

UL rating	Description
Type 1	Enclosures are intended for indoor use, primarily to provide a degree of protection against limited amounts of falling dirt.
Type 12	Enclosures are intended for indoor use, primarily to provide a degree of protection against dust, falling dirt and dripping non-corrosive liquids.

## 11.1.10 Corrosive gasses

Concentrations of corrosive gases must not exceed the levels given in:

- Table A2 of EN 50178:1998
- Class 3C2 of IEC 60721-3-3

This corresponds to the levels typical of urban areas with industrial activities and/or heavy traffic, but not in the immediate neighborhood of industrial sources with chemical emissions.

#### 11.1.11 RoHS compliance

The drive meets EU directive 2002-95-EC for RoHS compliance.

## 11.1.12 Vibration

Maximum recommended continuous vibration level 0.14 g r.m.s. broadband 5 to 200 Hz.

## Size 1 to 4:

#### **Bump Test**

Testing in each of three mutually perpendicular axes in turn. Referenced standard: IEC 60068-2-27: Test Ea: Severity: 15 g peak, 11 ms pulse duration, half sine. No. of Bumps: 18 (3 in each direction of each axis).

Referenced standard: IEC 60068-2-29: Test Eb: Severity: 18 g peak, 6 ms pulse duration, half sine. No. of Bumps: 600 (100 in each direction of each axis).

#### **Random Vibration Test**

Testing in each of three mutually perpendicular axes in turn. Referenced standard: IEC 60068-2-64: Test Fh:

Severity: 1.0  $\mbox{m}^2/\mbox{s}^3$  (0.01  $\mbox{g}^2/\mbox{Hz})$  ASD from 5 to 20 Hz

-3 db/octave from 20 to 200 Hz

Duration: 30 minutes in each of 3 mutually perpendicular axes.

#### **Sinusoidal Vibration Test**

Testing in each of three mutually perpendicular axes in turn.

Referenced standard: IEC 60068-2-6: Test Fc:

Frequency range: 5 to 500 Hz

Severity: 3.5 mm peak displacement from 5 to 9 Hz 10 m/s² peak acceleration from 9 to 200 Hz 15 m/s² peak acceleration from 200 to 500 Hz

Sweep rate:1 octave/minute

Duration: 15 minutes in each of 3 mutually perpendicular axes. Referenced standard: EN 61800-5-1: 2007, Section 5.2.6.4.

referring to IEC 60068-2-6: Frequency range: 10 to 150 Hz

Severity: 0.075 mm amplitude from 10 to 57 Hz 1g peak acceleration from 57 to 150 Hz

Sweep rate:1 octave/minute

Duration:10 sweep cycles per axis in each of 3 mutually

perpendicular axes.

#### **Testing to Environmental Category ENV3**

Subjected to resonance search in the range listed. If no natural frequencies found then subjected only to endurance test. Referenced standard: Environment Category ENV3:

Frequency range: 5 to 13.2 Hz ± 1.0 mm

13.2 to 100 Hz  $\pm$  0.7g (6.9 ms -2)

For more information, please refer to section 12 *Vibration Test 1* of the Lloyds Register Test Specification Number 1.

#### 11.1.13 Starts per hour

By electronic control: unlimited

By interrupting the AC supply: ≤20 (equally spaced)

## 11.1.14 Start up time

This is the time taken from the moment of applying power to the drive, to the drive being ready to run the motor:

Size 1 to 4:: 1.5 s

## 11.1.15 Output frequency / speed range

In all operating modes (Open loop, RFC-A) the maximum output frequency is limited to  $550\ Hz.$ 

#### 11.1.16 Accuracy and resolution

#### Frequency:

The absolute frequency accuracy depends on the accuracy of the oscillator used with the drive microprocessor. The accuracy of the oscillator is  $\pm\,2\,\%$ , and so the absolute frequency accuracy is  $\pm\,2\,\%$  of the reference, when a preset frequency is used. If an analog input is used, the absolute accuracy is further limited by the absolute accuracy of the analog input.

The following data applies to the drive only; it does not include the performance of the source of the control signals.

Open & closed loop resolution:

Preset frequency reference: 0.01 Hz

Analog input 1: 11 bit plus sign Analog input 2: 11 bit plus sign

#### Current:

The resolution of the current feedback is 10 bit plus sign.

Accuracy: typical 2 % worst case 5 %

## 11.1.17 Acoustic noise

The heatsink fan generates the majority of the sound pressure level at 1 m produced by the drive. The heatsink fan on all drive sizes is a variable speed fan. The drive controls the speed at which the fan runs based on the temperature of the heatsink and the drive's thermal model system.

Table 11-14 gives the sound pressure level at 1 m produced by the drive for the heatsink fan running at the maximum and minimum speeds.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listing
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Table 11-14 Acoustic noise data

Size	Max speed dBA	Min speed dBA
1	46.7	
2	45	
3	58.6	49
4	60.8	
5	57	
6	57	40

Table 11-17 Supply fault current used to calculate maximum input currents

Model	Symmetrical fault level (kA)
All	100

## 11.1.18 Overall dimensions

- H Height including surface mounting brackets
- W Width
- D Projection forward of panel when surface mounted
- F Projection forward of panel when through-panel mounted.
- R Projection rear of panel when through-panel mounted.

Table 11-15 Overall drive dimensions

Size	Dimension									
0126	Н	W	D	F	R					
1	160 mm (6.3 in)	75 mm	130 mm (5.1 in)							
2	205 mm (8.07 in)	(2.95 in)	150 mm (5.9 in)							
3	226 mm (8.9 in)	90 mm (3.54 in)	160 mm (6.3 in)							
4	277 mm (10.9 in)	115 mm (4.5 in)	175 mm (6.9 in)							
5	391 mm (15.39 in)	143 mm (5.63 in)	192 mm (7.60 in)							
6	391 mm (15.39 in)	210 mm (8.27 in)	221 mm (8.70 in)							

## 11.1.19 Weights

Table 11-16 Overall drive weights

Size	Model	kg	lb
1		0.75	1.65
2		1.0	2.2
3	All	1.5	3.3
4	All	3.13	6.9
5		7.4	16.3
6		14	30.9

#### 11.1.20 Input current, fuse and cable size ratings

The input current is affected by the supply voltage and impedance.

#### Typical input current

The values of typical input current are given to aid calculations for power flow and power loss.

The values of typical input current are stated for a balanced supply.

#### Maximum continuous input current

The values of maximum continuous input current are given to aid the selection of cables and fuses. These values are stated for the worst case condition with the unusual combination of stiff supply with bad balance. The value stated for the maximum continuous input current would only be seen in one of the input phases. The current in the other two phases would be significantly lower.

The values of maximum input current are stated for a supply with a 2 % negative phase-sequence imbalance and rated at the maximum supply fault current given in Table 11-17.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Ontimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostica	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	recrimical data	Diagnostics	OL LISHING



#### Fuses

The AC supply to the drive must be installed with suitable protection against overload and short-circuits. Table 11-18, Table 11-19, Table 11-20 and Table 11-21 show the recommended fuse ratings. Failure to observe this requirement will cause risk of fire.

## Table 11-18 AC Input current and fuse ratings (100 V)

		Maximum	Maximum	Fuse	rating
Model	Typical input current	continuous	overload input	IEC gG	Class CC or Class J
Wiodei	Guiront	input current	current	Maximum	Maximum
	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α
01100017	8.7	8.7		10	10
01100024	11.1	11.1		16	16
02100042	18.8	18.8		20	20
02100056	24.0	24.0		25	25

Table 11-19 AC Input current and fuse ratings (200 V)

		Maximum	Maximum				Fuse	rating			
	Typical input	continuous	overload		IEC	;			UL / U	SA	
Model	current	input current	input current	Nominal	-	imum A	Class	Nominal	-	mum A	Class
	Α	Α	Α	Α	1ph	3ph		Α	1ph	3ph	
01200017	4.5	4.5			- 6				5		
01200024	5.3	5.3					gG		10		CC or J
01200033	8.3	8.3			10		y G		10		CCOIJ
01200042	10.4	10.4			16		1		16		1
02200024	5.3/3.2	5.3/4.1				6			10	5	
02200033	8.3/4.3	8.3/6.7			1	0			1	0	1
02200042	10.4/5.4	10.4/7.5			16	10	gG		16	10	CC
02200056	14.9/7.4	14.9/11.3			20	16			20	16	or J
02200075	18.1/9.1	18.1/13.5			20	10			20	10	
03200100	23.9/12.8	23.9/17.7	30/25		25	20	gG		25	20	CC or J
04200133	23.7/13.5	23.7/16.9			25	20			25	20	CC
04200176	17.0	21.3				25	gG			25	or J
05200250	24	31	52	40		40	gG	40		40	CC or J
06200330	42	48	64	63		63	~C	60		60	CC
06200440	49	56	85	0.5		1 👸	gG	60		1 00	or J

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	recnnicai data	Diagnostics	OL LISHING

Table 11-20 AC Input current and fuse ratings (400 V)

	Typical	Maximum	Maximum			Fuse	rating		
	input	continuous input	overload input		IEC			UL / USA	
Model	current	current	current	Nominal	Maximum	Class	Nominal	Maximum	Class
	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Class	Α	Α	Class
02400013	2.1	2.4							
02400018	2.6	2.9			6			5	
02400023	3.1	3.5			0	gG			CC or J
02400032	4.7	5.1						10	
02400041	5.8	6.2			10			10	
03400056	8.3	8.7	13		10			10	
03400073	10.2	12.2	18		16	gG		16	CC or J
03400094	13.1	14.8	20.7		10			20	1
04400135	14.0	16.3			20			20	00 1
04400170	18.5	20.7			25	gG		25	CC or J
05400270	26	29	52	40	40		35	35	00 1
05400300	27	30	58	40	40	gG	35	33	CC or J
06400350	32	36	67				40		
06400420	41	46	80	63	63	gG	50	60	CC or J
06400470	54	60	90	1			60		

Table 11-21 AC Input current and fuse ratings (575 V)

	Typical	Maximum	Maximum			Fuse	rating		
Madal	input	continuous	overload input		IEC			UL / USA	
Model	current	input current	current	Nominal	Maximum	Class	Nominal	Maximum	Class
	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Class	Α	Α	Class
05500030	4	4	7	10			10	10	
05500040	6	7	9	10	20	gG	10	10	CC or J
05500069	9	11	15	20			20	20	
06500100	12	13	22	20			20		
06500150	17	19	33	32	40		25	30	
06500190	22	24	41	40		aC	30	1	CC or J
06500230	26	29	50	50		gG	35		CCOIJ
06500290	33	37	63	30	63		40	50	
06500350	41	47	76	63	1		50	1	

## NOTE

Ensure cables used suit local wiring regulations.



The nominal cable sizes below are only a guide. The mounting and grouping of cables affects their current-carrying capacity, in some cases smaller cables may be acceptable but in other cases a larger cable is required to avoid excessive temperature or voltage drop. Refer to local wiring regulations for the correct size of cables.

Table 11-22 Cable ratings (100 V)

Model		•	EC 60364-5-52) m <sup>2</sup>		Cable size (UL508C) AWG						
Wiodei	In	put	Ou	tput	Input Output						
	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum			
01100017	1	6	1	2.5	16	10	16	12			
01100024	1.5	6	1	2.5	14	10	16	12			
02100042	2.5	6	1	2.5	12	10	16	12			
02100056	4	6	1	2.5	10	10	16	12			

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Ontimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	recillical data	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

Table 11-23 Cable ratings (200 V)

			C 60364-5-52) m <sup>2</sup>		Cable size (UL508C) AWG					
Model	In	put	Output		In	put	Output			
	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum		
01200017										
01200024	1	6	1	2.5	16	10	16	12		
01200033	'	O	'	2.5	10	10	10	12		
01200042										
02200024										
02200033	1	6	1	2.5	16	10	16	12		
02200042										
02200056	2.5/1.5	6	1	2.5	12/14	10	16	12		
02200075	2.5	6	1	2.5	12	10	16	12		
03200100	4	6	1.5	2.5	10/12	10	14	12		
04200133	4/2.5	6	2.5	2.5	10	10	12	12		
04200176	4	U	2.5	2.5	10	10	12	12		
05200250	10	10	10	10	8	8	8	8		
06200330	16	25	16	25	4	3	4	3		
06200440	25	25	25	25	3		3			

Table 11-24 Cable ratings (400 V)

Model			C 60364-5-52) m <sup>2</sup>		Cable size (UL508C) AWG					
Model	In	put	Output		In	put	Output			
	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum		
02400013										
02400018										
02400023	1	6	1	2.5	16	10	16	12		
02400032										
02400041										
03400056	1		1		14		16			
03400073	1.5	6	1	2.5	12	10	16	12		
03400094	2.5		1.5		12		14			
04400135	2.5	6	2.5	2.5	10	10	12	12		
04400170	4	0	2.0	2.0	10	10	12	12		
05400270	6	6	6	6	8	8	8	8		
05400300	O	0	0	O	0	O	Ü	0		
06400350	10		10		6		6			
06400420	16	25	16	25	4	3	4	3		
06400470	25		25		3	1	3			

Table 11-25 Cable ratings (575 V)

Martin		Cable size (IE mı	C 60364-5-52) m <sup>2</sup>		Cable size (UL508C) AWG					
Model	In	put	Ou	tput	In	put	Output			
	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum		
05500030	0.75		0.75		16		16			
05500040	1	1.5	1	1.5	14	16	14	16		
05500069	1.5		1.5		14		14			
06500100	2.5		2.5		14		14			
06500150	4		4		10		10			
06500190	6	25	6	25	10	3	10	3		
06500230	10	20		20	8	Ĭ	8	Ü		
06500290	10		10		6		6			
06500350	16				J		J			

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	recillical data	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

## 11.1.21 Protective ground cable ratings

## Table 11-26 Protective ground cable ratings

Input phase conductor size	Minimum ground conductor size
≤ 10 mm <sup>2</sup>	Either 10 mm <sup>2</sup> or two conductors of the same cross-sectional area as the input phase conductor.
$> 10 \text{ mm}^2 \text{ and } \le 16 \text{ mm}^2$	The same cross-sectional area as the first input phase conductor.
$> 16 \text{ mm}^2 \text{ and } \le 35 \text{ mm}^2$	16 mm <sup>2</sup>
> 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	Half of the cross-sectional area of the input phase conductor.

## 11.1.22 Maximum motor cable lengths

## Table 11-27 Maximum motor cable lengths (100 V drives)

	100 V Nominal AC supply voltage										
Model	Maximum permissible motor cable length for each of the following switching frequencies										
	0.667 kHz	1 kHz	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz		
01100017		50 m (	164 ft)		37.5 m	25 m	18.75 m	12.5 m	9 m		
01100024		30 111 (	104 11)		(123 ft)	(82 ft)	(61 ft)	(41 ft)	(30 ft)		
02100042		100 m	(328 ft)		75 m	50 m	37.5 m	25 m	18 m		
02100056		100 111	(320 11)		(246 ft)	(164 ft)	(123 ft)	(82 ft)	(59 ft)		

## Table 11-28 Maximum motor cable lengths (200 V drives)

			200 \	/ Nominal AC	supply voltag	je								
		Maximum permissible motor cable length for each of the following switching frequencies												
Model	0.667 kHz	1 kHz	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz					
01200017			•											
01200024		50	m		37.5 m	25 m	18.75 m	12.5 m	9 m					
01200033		(16	5 ft)		(122 ft)	(82.5 ft)	(61 ft)	(41 ft)	(30 ft)					
01200042														
02200024														
02200033		4.04						0.5	4.0					
02200042			) m 0.#\		75 m	50 m	37.5 m	25 m	18 m					
02200056		(33)	0 ft)		(245 ft)	(165 ft)	(122 ft)	(82.5 ft)	(60 ft)					
02200075														
03200100			0 m 0 ft)		75 m (245 ft)	50 m (165 ft)	37.5 m (122 ft)	25 m (82.5 ft)	18 m (60 ft)					
04200133		100	) m		75 m	50 m	37.5 m	25 m	18 m					
04200176		(33	0 ft)		(245 ft)	(165 ft)	(122 ft)	(82.5 ft)	(60 ft)					
05200250				0 m 0 ft)	150 m (490 ft)	100 m (330 ft)	75 m (245 ft)	50 m (165 ft)	37 m (120 ft)					
06200330			300 m	200 m	150 m	100 m	75 m	50 m						
06200440			(984 ft)	(660 ft)	(490 ft)	(330 ft)	(245 ft)	(165 ft)						

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Ontimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	recillical data	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

Table 11-29 Maximum motor cable lengths (400 V drives)

	400 V Nominal AC supply voltage													
	Maximum permissible motor cable length for each of the following switching frequencies													
Model	0.667 kHz	1 kHz	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz					
02400013														
02400018		100	)		75	F0	27 F m	25	18.25 m					
02400023			0 m 0 ft)		75 m (245 ft)	50 m (165 ft)	37.5 m (122 ft)	25 m (82.5 ft)	(60 ft)					
02400032		(55)	0 11)		(24311)	(10011)	(12211)	(02.5 11)	(00 11)					
02400041														
03400056		400	2		75	50.00	07.5	25	40.05					
03400073			0 m 0 ft)		75 m (245 ft)	50 m (165 ft)	37.5 m (122 ft)	25 m (82.5 ft)	18.25 m (60 ft)					
03400094		(55)	0 11)		(24311)	(10011)	(12211)	(02.5 11)	(00 11)					
04400135		100	) m		75 m	50 m	37.5 m	25 m	18.25 m					
04400170		(33)	0 ft)		(245 ft)	(165 ft)	(122 ft)	(82.5 ft)	(60 ft)					
05400270			200	0 m	150 m	100 m	75 m	50 m	37 m					
05400300			(66	0 ft)	(490 ft)	(330 ft)	(245 ft)	(165 ft)	(120 ft)					
06400350			200	200	450	400	75	50						
06400420			300 m (984 ft)	200 m (660 ft)	150 m (490 ft)	100 m (330 ft)	75 m (245 ft)	50 m (165 ft)						
06400470			(304 11)	(000 11)	(430 11)	(330 11)	(24311)	(10311)						

Table 11-30 Maximum motor cable lengths (575 V drives)

	575 V Nominal AC supply voltage													
	Maximum permissible motor cable length for each of the following switching frequencies													
Model	0.667 kHz	1 kHz	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz					
05500030			000	2										
05500040				0 m 0 ft)										
05500069				0 11)										
06500100														
06500150														
06500190			300 m	200 m	150 m	100 m	75 m	50 m						
06500230			(984 ft)	(660 ft)	(490 ft)	(330 ft)	(245 ft)	(165 ft)						
06500290			1											
06500350			1											

<sup>·</sup> Cable lengths in excess of the specified values may be used only when special techniques are adopted; refer to the supplier of the drive.

The maximum cable length is reduced from that shown in Table 11-27, Table 11-28, Table 11-29 and Table 11-30 if high capacitance motor cables are used. For further information, refer to section 4.5.2 *High-capacitance / reduced diameter cables* on page 58.

<sup>•</sup> The default switching frequency is 3 kHz for Open-loop and RFC-A.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listing
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# 11.1.23 Minimum resistance values and peak power rating for the braking resistor at 40 °C (104 °F)

Table 11-31 Braking resistor resistance and power rating (100 V)

Model	Minimum resistance* Ω	Instantaneous power rating kW	Continuous power rating kW
01100017	130	1.2	
01100024	130	1.2	
02100042	68	2.2	
02100056	00	2.2	

Table 11-32 Braking resistor resistance and power rating (200 V)

Model	Minimum resistance* Ω	Instantaneous power rating kW	Continuous power rating kW
01200017			
01200024	130	1.2	
01200033	130	1.2	
01200042			
02200024			
02200033			
02200042	68	2.2	
02200056	00	2.2	
02200075			
03200100	45	3.4	2.2
04200133	22	6.9	
04200176	22	0.9	
05200250	16.5	10.3	8.6
06200330	8.6	19.7	12.6
06200440	0.0	13.7	16.4

Table 11-33 Braking resistor resistance and power rating (400 V)

Model	Minimum resistance* Ω	Instantaneous power rating kW	Continuous power rating kW
02400013			
02400018			
02400023	270	2.3	
02400032			
02400041			
03400056			2.2
03400073	100	6.1	3
03400094			4
04400135	50	12.2	
04400170	- 50	12.2	
05400270	31.5	21.5	16.2
05400300	18	37.5	19.6
06400350			21.6
06400420	17	39.8	25
06400470	1		32.7

Table 11-34 Braking resistor resistance and power rating (575 V)

Model	Minimum resistance* Ω	Instantaneous power rating kW	Continuous power rating kW
05500030			2.6
05500040	80	12.1	4.6
05500069			6.5
06500100			8.7
06500150			12.3
06500190	13	74	16.3
06500230	13	74	19.9
06500290			24.2
06500350			31.7

<sup>\*</sup> Resistor tolerance: ±10 %

For high-inertia loads or under continuous braking, the *continuous power* dissipated in the braking resistor may be as high as the power rating of the drive. The total *energy* dissipated in the braking resistor is dependent on the amount of energy to be extracted from the load.

The instantaneous power rating refers to the short-term maximum power dissipated during the *on* intervals of the pulse width modulated braking control cycle. The braking resistor must be able to withstand this dissipation for short intervals (milliseconds). Higher resistance values require proportionately lower instantaneous power ratings.

In most applications, braking occurs only occasionally. This allows the continuous power rating of the braking resistor to be much lower than the power rating of the drive. It is therefore essential that the instantaneous power rating and energy rating of the braking resistor are sufficient for the most extreme braking duty that is likely to be encountered.

Optimization of the braking resistor requires careful consideration of the braking duty.

Select a value of resistance for the braking resistor that is not less than the specified minimum resistance. Larger resistance values may give a cost saving, as well as a safety benefit in the event of a fault in the braking system. Braking capability will then be reduced, which could cause the drive to trip during braking if the value chosen is too large.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	recillical data	Diagnostics	OL LISHING

## 11.1.24 Torque settings

## Table 11-35 Drive relay terminal data

Model	Connection type	Torque setting
All	Screw terminals	0.5 N m (0.4 lb ft)

#### Table 11-36 Drive power terminal data

Model	AC and motor	terminals	DC and bi	aking	Ground te	rminal
size	Recommended	Maximum	Recommended	Maximum	Recommended	Maximum
1	0.5 N m (0.4 lb ft)		0.5 N m (0.4 lb ft)			
2					1.5 N m (1.1 lb ft)	
3	1.4 N m (1 lb ft)		1.4 N m (1 lb ft)		1.5 14 111 (1.1 15 11)	
4						
5	Plug-in termi	nal block	M4 Nut (7 mm AF)		M5 Nut (8 mm AF)	
	1.5 N m (1.1 lb ft)	1.8 N m (1.3 lb ft)	1.5 N m (1.1 lb ft)	2.5 N m (1.8 lb ft)	2.0 N m (1.4 lb ft)	5.0 N m (3.7 lb ft)
6	M6 Nut (10	mm AF)	M6 Nut (10 mm AF)		M6 Nut (10 mm AF)	
Ů	6.0 N m (4.4 lb ft)	8.0 N m (6.0 lb ft)	6.0 N m (4.4 lb ft)	8.0 N m (6.0 lb ft)	6.0 N m (4.4 lb ft)	8.0 N m (6.0 lb ft)

#### Table 11-37 Terminal block maximum cable sizes

Model size	Terminal block description	Max cable size
All	Control connector	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (16 AWG)
All	2-way relay connector	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (12 AWG)
	AC input power connector	6 mm <sup>2</sup> (10 AWG)
1 to 4	AC output power connector	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (12 AWG)
5	3-way AC power connector 3-way motor connector	8 mm <sup>2</sup> (8 AWG)

## 11.1.25 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

This is a summary of the EMC performance of the drive. For full details, refer to the *EMC Data Sheet* which can be obtained from the supplier of the drive.

Table 11-38 Immunity compliance

Standard	Type of immunity	Test specification	Application	Level
IEC61000-4-2 EN61000-4-2	Electrostatic discharge	6 kV contact discharge 8 kV air discharge	Module enclosure	Level 3 (industrial)
IEC61000-4-3 EN61000-4-3	Radio frequency radiated field	10 V/m prior to modulation 80 - 1000 MHz 80 % AM (1 kHz) modulation	Module enclosure	Level 3 (industrial)
IEC61000-4-4	Fast transient	5/50 ns 2 kV transient at 5 kHz repetition frequency via coupling clamp	Control lines	Level 4 (industrial harsh)
EN61000-4-4	burst	5/50 ns 2 kV transient at 5 kHz repetition frequency by direct injection	Power lines	Level 3 (industrial)
		Common mode 4 kV 1.2/50 µs waveshape	AC supply lines: line to ground	Level 4
IEC61000-4-5 EN61000-4-5	Surges	Differential mode 2 kV 1.2/50 μs waveshape	AC supply lines: line to line	Level 3
		Lines to ground	Signal ports to ground <sup>1</sup>	Level 2
IEC61000-4-6 EN61000-4-6	Conducted radio frequency	10V prior to modulation 0.15 - 80 MHz 80 % AM (1 kHz) modulation	Control and power lines	Level 3 (industrial)
IEC61000-4-11 EN61000-4-11	Voltage dips and interruptions	-30 % 10 ms +60 % 100 ms -60 % 1 s <-95 % 5 s	AC power ports	
IEC61000-6-1 EN61000-6- 1:2007		nity standard for the nmercial and light - onment		Complies
IEC61000-6-2 EN61000-6- 2:2005	Generic immur industrial envir	nity standard for the onment		Complies
IEC61800-3 EN61800- 3:2004	Product standa speed power d (immunity requ		Meets immunit requirements f second enviror	or first and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See section Surge immunity of control circuits - long cables and connections outside a building on page 68 for control ports for possible

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listing
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requirements regarding grounding and external surge protection.

The drive contains an in-built filter for basic emission control. An additional optional external filter provides further reduction of emission. The requirements of the following standards are met, depending on the motor cable length and switching frequency.

Table 11-39 Size 1 emission compliance (200 V drives)

Matanaahla		Swi	tching	frequency	, (kHz)				
Motor cable	Switching frequency (kHz)								
length (m)	3	4	6	8	12	16			
Using internal filter	r:								
0 – 2									
Using internal filter and external ferrite ring (1 turn):									
0 – 10									
10 - 20									
Using external filte	er:								
0 – 20									
20 - 100									

Table 11-40 Size 1 emission compliance (400 V drives)

Motor cable	Switching frequency (kHz)									
length (m)	3	4	6	8	12	16				
Using internal filter:										
0 – 5										
Using internal fi	Iter and	external fe	errite ring	(2 turns):						
0 – 10										
Using external t	ilter:									
0 – 20										
20 - 100										

Key (shown in decreasing order of permitted emission level):

EN 61800-3:2004 second environment, restricted distribution (Additional measures may be required to prevent interference)

E2U EN 61800-3:2004 second environment, unrestricted distribution

Industrial generic standard EN 61000-6-4:2007 EN 61800-3:2004 first environment restricted distribution (The following caution is required by EN 61800-3:2004)



This is a product of the restricted distribution class according to IEC 61800-3. In a residential environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

R Residential generic standard EN 61000-6-3:2007 EN 61800-3:2004 first environment unrestricted distribution

EN 61800-3:2004 defines the following:

- The first environment is one that includes residential premises. It also includes establishments directly connected without intermediate transformers to a low-voltage power supply network which supplies buildings used for residential purposes.
- The second environment is one that includes all establishments other than those directly connected to a low-voltage power supply network which supplies buildings used for residential purposes.
- Restricted distribution is defined as a mode of sales distribution in which the manufacturer restricts the supply of equipment to suppliers, customers or users who separately or jointly have technical competence in the EMC requirements of the application of drives.

#### IEC 61800-3:2004 and EN 61800-3:2004

The 2004 revision of the standard uses different terminology to align the requirements of the standard better with the EC EMC Directive.

Power drive systems are categorized C1 to C4:

Category	Definition	Corresponding code used above
C1	Intended for use in the first or second environments	R
C2	Not a plug-in or movable device, and intended for use in the first environment only when installed by a professional, or in the second environment	I
C3	Intended for use in the second environment, not the first environment	E2U
C4	Rated at over 1000 V or over 400 A, intended for use in complex systems in the second environment	E2R

Note that category 4 is more restrictive than E2R, since the rated current of the PDS must exceed 400 A or the supply voltage exceed 1000 V, for the complete PDS.

#### 11.2 **Optional external EMC filters**

Table 11-41 Drive and EMC filter cross reference

Tubio II II Billo ullu Ellio Illu	7. 0.000 10.0.0.00
Model	CT part number
200 V	
05200250	4200-0312
06200330 to 06200440	4200-2300
400 V	
05400270 to 05400300	4200-0402
06400350 to 06400470	4200-4800
575 V	
05500030 to 05500069	4200-0122
06500100 to 06500350	4200-3690

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the	Ontimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	recillical data	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

## 11.2.1 EMC filter ratings

## Table 11-42 Optional external EMC filter details

	Maximum c	continuous rent	Voltage	rating			Power dissipation at rated current Ground leakage Discl		Ground leakage	
CT part number	@ 40 °C (104 °F)	@ 50 °C (122 °F)	IEC	UL	IP rating	@ 40 °C (104 °F)	@ 50 °C (122 °F)	Balanced supply phase-to-phase & phase-to-ground	Worst case	resistors
	Α	Α	V	٧		W	W	mA	mA	MΩ
4200-0312	31	28.5	250	300		20	17	2.0	80	
4200-2300	55	51	250	300		41	35	4.2	69	
4200-0402	40	36.8	528	600	20	47	40	18.7	197	1.68
4200-4800	63	58	528	600	20	54	46	11.2	183	1.00
4200-0122	12	11	760	600	1					
4200-3690	42	39	760	600		45	39	12	234	

## 11.2.2 Overall EMC filter dimensions

## Table 11-43 Optional external EMC filter dimensions

o= .			Weight						
CT part number	ŀ	Н	V	V	ı	D	weight		
	mm	inch	mm	inch	mm	inch	kg	lb	
4200-0312	437	17.20	143	5.63	60	2.36	5.5	12.13	
4200-2300	434	17.09	210	8.27	60	2.36	6.5	14.30	
4200-0402	437	17.20	143	5.63	60	2.36	5.5	12.13	
4200-4800	434	17.09	210	8.27	60	2.36	6.7	14.80	
4200-0122	437	17.20	143	5.63	60	2.36	5.5	12.13	
4200-3690	434	17.09	210	8.27	60	2.36	7.0	15.40	

## 11.2.3 EMC filter torque settings

## Table 11-44 Optional external EMC Filter terminal data

CT part number		Power connec	Ground connections				
	Max cable size		Max torque		Current stand size	Max torque	
	mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG	N m	lb ft	Ground stud size	N m	lb ft
4200-2300							
4200-4800	16	6	2.3	1.70	M6	4.8	2.8
4200-3690							

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Runningthe NV Media Optimization Technical data **UL** Listina Diagnostics installation information information installation started parameters Card parameters

# 12 Diagnostics

The keypad display on the drive gives various information about the status of the drive. The keypad display provides information on the following categories:

- Trip indications
- · Alarm indications
- Status indications

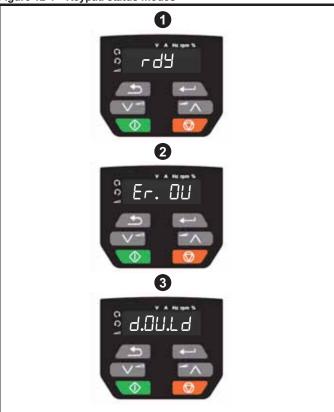


Users must not attempt to repair a drive if it is faulty, nor carry out fault diagnosis other than through the use of the diagnostic features described in this chapter.

If a drive is faulty, it must be returned to an authorized Control Techniques distributor for repair.

## 12.1 Status modes (Keypad and LED status)

Figure 12-1 Keypad status modes



- 1 Drive OK status
- 2 Trip status
- 3 Alarm status

# 12.2 Trip indications

The output of the drive is disabled under any trip condition so that the drive stops controlling the motor. If the motor is running when the trip occurs it will coast to a stop.

During a trip condition, the display indicates that a trip has occurred and the keypad will display the trip string. Some trips have a sub-trip number to provide additional information about the trip. If a trip has a sub-trip number, the sub-trip number is flashed alternately with the trip string.

Trips are listed alphabetically in Table 12-2 based on the trip indication shown on the drive display. Alternatively, the drive status can be read in Pr 10.001 'Drive OK' using communication protocols. The most recent trip can be read in Pr 10.020 providing a trip number. It must be noted that the hardware trips (HF01 to HF19) do not have trip numbers. The trip number must be checked in Table 12-3 to identify the specific trip.

#### **Example**

- 1. Trip code 2 is read from Pr 10.020 via serial communications.
- 2. Checking Table 12-2 shows Trip 2 is an Over Volts trip.



- 3. Look up OV in Table 12-2.
- 4. Perform checks detailed under Diagnosis.

## 12.3 Identifying a trip / trip source

Some trips only contain a trip string whereas some other trips have a trip string along with a sub-trip number which provides the user with additional information about the trip.

A trip can be generated from a control system or from a power system. The sub-trip number associated with the trips listed in Table 12-1 is in the form xxyzz and used to identify the source of the trip.

Table 12-1 Trips associated with xxyzz sub-trip number

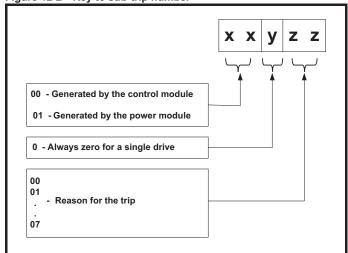
OV	PH.Lo
OI.AC	Pb.Er
Ol.br	Ol.Sn
PSU	Oht.r
Oht.I	tH.Fb
Oht.P	P.dAt
Oh.dc	So.St

The digits xx are 00 for a trip generated by the control system. For a drive, if the trip is related to the power system then xx will have a value of 01, when displayed the leading zeros are suppressed.

For a control system trip (xx is zero), the y digit where relevant is defined for each trip. If not relevant, the y digit will have a value of zero.

The zz digits give the reason for the trip and are defined in each trip description.

Figure 12-2 Key to sub-trip number



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runningthe	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

# 12.4 Trips, Sub-trip numbers

## Table 12-2 Trip indications

Trip	Diagnosis							
C.Acc	NV Media Card Write fail							
185	The C.Acc trip indicates that the drive was unable to access the NV Media Card. If the trip occurs during the data transfer to the card then the file being written may be corrupted. If the trip occurs when the data being transferred to the drive then the data transfer may be incomplete. If a parameter file is transferred to the drive and this trip occurs during the transfer, the parameters are not saved to non-volatile memory, and so the original parameters can be restored by powering the drive down and up again.							
	Recommended actions:							
	Check NV Media Card is installed / located correctly     Replace the NV Media Card							
C.bt		The Menu 0 parameter modification cannot be saved to the NV Media Card						
C.bt		ameter modification cannot be saved to the NV Media Card						
177	The <i>C.bt</i> trip will occur if a write to a Menu 0 parameter has been initiated via the keypad by exiting edit mode and Pr <b>11.042</b> is set for auto or boot mode, but the necessary boot file has not been created on the NV Media Card to take the new parameter value. This occurs when Pr <b>11.042</b> is changed to Auto (3) or Boot (4) mode, but the drive is not subsequently reset.  Recommended actions:							
	<ul> <li>Ensure that Pr 11.042 is correctly set, and then reset the drive to create the necessary file on the NV Media Card</li> <li>Re-attempt the parameter write to the Menu 0 parameter</li> </ul>							
C.by	NV Media Card cannot be accessed as it is being accessed by an option module							
178	The <i>C.by</i> trip indicates that an attempt has been made to access a file on NV Media Card, but the NV Media Card is already being accessed by an option module. No data is transferred.							
170	Recommended actions:							
	Wait for the option module to finish accessing the NV Media Card and re-attempt the required function							
C.cPr	NV Media Card file/data is different to the one in the drive							
	A compare has been carried out between a file on the NV Media Card, a <i>C.cPr</i> trip is initiated if the parameters on the NV Media Card are different to the drive.							
188	Recommended actions:							
	Set Pr mm.000 to 0 and reset the trip     Check to ensure the correct data block on the							
		rd has been used for the compare						
C.d.E	NV Media Card data location already contains data							
	The <i>C.d.E</i> trip in contains data.	dicates that an attempt has been made to store data on a NV Media Card in a data block which already						
179	Recommended	actions:						
	Erase the data in data location							
		o an alternative data location						
C.dAt	NV Media Card							
		dicates that an attempt has been made to access non-existent file or block on the NV Media Card.						
183	Recommended actions:							
2.5		block number is correct						
C.Err		data structure error						
	The <i>C.Err</i> trip indicates that an attempt has been made to access the NV Media Card but an error has been detected in the data structure on the card. Resetting the trip will cause the drive to erase and create the correct folder structure. The cause							
	of the trip can be identified by the sub-trip.							
	Sub-trip	Reason						
	1	The required folder and file structure is not present						
182	2	The HEADER.DAT file is corrupted						
	3	Two or more files in the <mcdf\> folder have the same file identification number</mcdf\>						
		Recommended actions:						
	Ensure the contact the co	<ul> <li>Erase all the data block and re-attempt the process</li> <li>Ensure the card is located correctly</li> <li>Replace the NV Media Card</li> </ul>						
1	- Replace the two Media Card							

	Mechanical Electrical Getting started parameters Runningthe motor Optimization NV Media parameters Technical data Diagnostics UL Listing
Trip	Diagnosis
C.FuL	NV Media Card full
	The <i>C.FuL</i> trip indicates that an attempt has been made to create a data block on a NV Media Card, but there is not enough space left on the card.
184	Recommended actions:
	<ul> <li>Delete a data block or the entire NV Media Card to create space</li> <li>Use a different NV Media Card</li> </ul>
C.OPt	NV Media Card trip; option modules installed are different between source drive and destination drive
	The <i>C.OPt</i> trip indicates that parameter data or default difference data is being transferred from the NV Media Card to the drive, but the option module category is different between the source and destination drives. This trip does not stop the data transfer, but is a warning that the data for the option module that is different will be set to the default values and not the values from the card. This trip also applies if a compare is attempted between the data block and the drive.
180	Recommended actions:
	<ul> <li>Ensure the correct option module is installed.</li> <li>Press the red reset button to acknowledge that the parameters for the option module installed will be at their default values</li> <li>This trip can be suppressed by setting Pr mm.000 to 9666 and resetting the drive.</li> </ul>
C.Pr	NV Media Card data blocks are not compatible with the drive derivative
175	The <i>C.Pr</i> trip is initiated either at power-up or when the card is accessed, If <i>Drive Derivative</i> (11.028) is different between the source and target drives. This trip can be reset and data can be transferred in either direction between the drive and the card.  Recommended actions:
	<ul> <li>Use a different NV Media Card</li> <li>This trip can be suppressed by setting Pr mm.000 to 9666 and resetting the drive</li> </ul>
C.rdo	NV Media Card has the Read Only bit set
	The <i>C.rdo</i> trip indicates that an attempt has been made to modify a read-only NV Media Card or a read-only data block. A NV Media Card is read-only if the read-only flag has been set.
181	Recommended actions:
	<ul> <li>Clear the read only flag by setting Pr mm.000 to 9777 and reset the drive. This will clear the read-only flag for all data blocks in the NV Media Card</li> </ul>
C.rtg	NV Media Card Trip; The voltage and / or current rating of the source and destination drives are different
186	The <i>C.rtg</i> trip indicates that parameter data is being transferred from the NV Media Card to the drive, but the current and / or voltage ratings are different between source and destination drives. This trip also applies if a compare (using Pr mm.000 set to 8yyy) is attempted between the data block on a NV Media Card and the drive. The <i>C.rtg</i> trip does not stop the data transfer but is a warning that rating specific parameters with the RA attribute may not be transferred to the destination drive.  Recommended actions:
	Reset the drive to clear the trip
	Ensure that the drive rating dependent parameters have transferred correctly
C.SI	NV Media Card trip; Option module file transfer has failed
174	The C.SI trip is initiated, if the transfer of an option module file to or from a module failed because the option module does not respond correctly. If this happens this trip is produced with the sub-trip number indicating the option module slot number.
C.tyP	NV Media Card parameter set not compatible with current drive mode
187	The <i>C.tyP</i> trip is produced during a compare if the drive mode in the data block on the NV Media Card is different from the current drive mode. This trip is also produced if an attempt is made to transfer parameters from a NV Media Card to the drive if the operating mode in the data block is outside the allowed range of operating modes.  Recommended actions:
	<ul> <li>Ensure the destination drive supports the drive operating mode in the parameter file.</li> <li>Clear the value in Pr mm.000 and reset the drive</li> <li>Ensure destination drive operating mode is the same as the source parameter file</li> </ul>
cL.A1	Analog input 1 current loss
	The <i>cL.A1</i> trip indicates that a current loss was detected in current mode on Analog input 1 (Terminal 2). In 4-20 mA and 20-4 mA modes loss of input is detected if the current falls below 3 mA.
	Recommended actions:
28	<ul> <li>Check control wiring is correct</li> <li>Check control wiring is undamaged</li> </ul>
	Check the Analog Input 1 Mode (07.007)
	Current signal is present and greater than 3 mA

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runningthe	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	III Licting
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	recrirical data	Diagnostics	UL Listing

Trip	Diagnosis
CL.bt	Trip initiated from the Control Word (06.042)
	The <i>CL.bt</i> trip is initiated by setting bit 12 on the control word in Pr <b>06.042</b> when the control word is enabled (Pr <b>06.0</b> 0n).
0.5	Recommended actions:
35	Check the value of Pr 06.042.
	Disable the control word in Control Word Enable (06.043)
	Bit 12 of the control word set to a one causes the drive to trip on Control Word
	When the control word is enabled, the trip can only be cleared by setting bit 12 to zero
Cur.c	Current calibration range
231	Current calibration range error.
Cur.O	Current feedback offset error
	The Cur.O trip indicates that the current offset is too large to be trimmed.
225	Recommended actions:
223	Ensure that there is no possibility of current flowing in the output phases of the drive when the drive is not enable
	Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive
d.Ch	Drive parameters are being changed
	A user action or a file system write is active that is changing the drive parameters and the drive has been commanded
	enable, i.e. <i>Drive Active</i> (10.002) = 1.
97	Recommended actions:
	Ensure the drive is not enabled when defaults are being loaded
dEr.E	Derivative file error
	Derivative file error with sub-trips:
	Sub-trip Reason
246	1 Derivative file different
	2 Derivative file missing

Safety Information

there are less than 5 bytes in the image or the image header version is less than 5  31 The image requires more RAM for heap and stack than can be provided by the drive.  32 The image requires an OS function call that is higher than the maximum allowed.  33 The ID code within the image is not valid  34 The derivative image has been changed for an image with a different derivative number  40 The timed task has not completed in time and has been suspended  41 Undefined function called, i.e. a function in the host system vector table that has not been assigned  51 Core menu customization table CRC check failed  52 Customizable menu table CRC check failed  53 Customizable menu table changed  54 Customizable menu table changed  55 Customizable menu table changed  56 Customizable menu table changed  57 Customizable menu table changed		The dEr.I t identified b  Sub-trip  1  2  3  4  5	rip indicates that an error has been detected in the derivative by the sub-trip number.  Reason  Divide by zero  Undefined trip  Attempted fast parameter access set-up with non-existent parameter  Attempted access to non-existent parameter	
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Customizable menu table changed programmed and the table has changed. Defare loaded for the derivative menu and the trickeep occurring until drive parameters are sated.  The option module installed in slot 1 is not allowed with the derivative image.  As 30  Image is not compatible with the control board.  Image is not compatible with the control board serial number.  Recommended actions:  Contact the supplier of the drive.  Two or more parameters are writing to the same destination parameter.  The dest trip indicates that destination output parameters of two or more logic functions (Menus 7, 8, 9, 12 or 14) with drive are writing to the same parameter.  Recommended actions:		52	Customizable menu table CRC check failed	As 30
derivative image  80 Image is not compatible with the control board Initiated from within the image code  81 Image is not compatible with the control board serial number As 80  Recommended actions:  • Contact the supplier of the drive  Two or more parameters are writing to the same destination parameter  The dest trip indicates that destination output parameters of two or more logic functions (Menus 7, 8, 9, 12 or 14) with drive are writing to the same parameter.  Recommended actions:		53	Customizable menu table changed	Occurs when the drive powers-up or the image in programmed and the table has changed. Defaul are loaded for the derivative menu and the trip with the procurring until drive parameters are saved
Recommended actions:  • Contact the supplier of the drive  Two or more parameters are writing to the same destination parameter  The dest trip indicates that destination output parameters of two or more logic functions (Menus 7, 8, 9, 12 or 14) with drive are writing to the same parameter.  Recommended actions:		61		As 30
Recommended actions:  • Contact the supplier of the drive  dESt  Two or more parameters are writing to the same destination parameter  The dest trip indicates that destination output parameters of two or more logic functions (Menus 7, 8, 9, 12 or 14) wit drive are writing to the same parameter.  Recommended actions:		80	Image is not compatible with the control board	Initiated from within the image code
Contact the supplier of the drive  Two or more parameters are writing to the same destination parameter  The dest trip indicates that destination output parameters of two or more logic functions (Menus 7, 8, 9, 12 or 14) with drive are writing to the same parameter.  Recommended actions:		81	Image is not compatible with the control board serial number	As 80
The <i>dest</i> trip indicates that destination output parameters of two or more logic functions (Menus 7, 8, 9, 12 or 14) with drive are writing to the same parameter.  Recommended actions:				
drive are writing to the same parameter.  Recommended actions:	dESt	Two or mo	ore parameters are writing to the same destination parame	eter
Recommended actions:				logic functions (Menus 7, 8, 9, 12 or 14) within
Set Pr mm.000 to 'Destinations' or 12001 and check all visible parameters in all menus for parameter write con	199			
				meters in all menus for parameter write conflict
dr.CF Drive configuration	dr.CF		·	,

Safety nformation			Electrical nstallation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data Diagno	ostics UL List
	Trip						Diagn	osis			
	EEF	Default pa	arameter	s have b	een loaded	d					
		The EEF to	•		lefault para	meters hav	e been loade	ed. The exac	ct cause/rea	son of the trip can be	e identified fro
		Sub-tri	р					Reason			
		1	The	most sigr	nificant digit	of the inte	rnal paramet	er database	version nu	mber has changed	
		2	of pa	rameters	cannot be	loaded				memory indicate that	
		3	or the	e derivati	ive image d	oes not all	ow the previo			e allowed range for t	the product
		4			ivative imag		-				
	31	5			age hardwa						
		6			O hardware	e has char	iged				
		7	Rese								
		8			oard hardwa		O	FEDDOM	<b>C</b> . II I		
		9	I ne	cnecksun	n on the no	n-paramet	er area of the	EEPROM	nas talled		
		Recomme	ended ac	tions:							
		<ul> <li>Defaul</li> </ul>	It the driv	e and pe	rform a res	et					
							the supply to	the drive is	removed		
					n drive to si	upplier					
	Et	An Extern									
							be identified by writing a v			er displayed after the	trip string. S
		Sub-tri	р				I	Reason			
	_	1	Exte	rnal Trip (	(10.032) = 1	1					
	6	_		4.							
		Recomme									
			the value			mm 000 a	nd shook for	a naramata	r controlling	Dr 40 022	
							nd check for ng controlled			PI 10.032.	
E	AN.F	Fan fail		<b>01</b> 01 1 1	10.000 ( 0	7 10 1101 201	ing controlled	by contained	,,,,,,,		
		Recomme	nded acti	ions:							
	472	• Ch	neck that	the fan is	s fitted and	connected	correctly.				
	173				s not obstru		,				
				supplier	of the drive	e to replace	e the fan.				
F	i.Ch	File chang									
	247	Recomme									
			wer cycle		Э.						
	Fl.In	Firmware									
			•		he user firm	nware is in	compatible w	ith the powe	er firmware.		
	237	Recomme									
							e drive firmwa	are for Unidr	ive M200.		
۱	HF01		U		U hardwar						
		The HF01 failed.	trip indica	ates that	a CPU add	lress error	has occurred	l. This trip in	dicates tha	t the control PCB on	the drive has
		Recomme	ended ac	tions:							
		• Hardw	are fault	<ul><li>Contac</li></ul>	t the suppli	er of the d	rive				
ŀ	HF02	Data proc	essing e	rror: CP	U memory	managen	nent fault				
		The HF02	trip indica	ates that	a DMAC ad	ddress erro	or has occurr	ed. This trip	indicates th	nat the control PCB o	n the drive h

The HF03 trip indicates that a bus fault has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed.

HF03

failed.

Recommended actions:

Recommended actions:

• Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive

Data processing error: CPU has detected a bus fault

Hardware fault - Contact the supplier of the drive

Safety information	Product information		Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listing
Т	rip						Diagno	sis				
	F04	Data prod	cessina e	rror: CP	J has dete	cted a usa						
								indicates t	that the con	trol PCB on th	e drive has f	failed.
		Recomm			Ü		·					
		Hardy	vare fault :	– Contac	t the supplie	er of the di	rive					
н	F05	Reserved		Contac	t trio ouppiit	51	170					
	. ••	1.000.100	-									
Н	F06	Reserved	d									
Н	F07	Data prod	cessing e	rror: Wa	tchdog fail	ure						
		The HF07	trip indica	ates that	a watchdog	failure has	s occurred. Th	is trip indic	ates that the	e control PCB	on the drive	has failed.
		Recomm	ended ac	tions:								
		Hardv	vare fault -	– Contac	t the supplie	er of the di	rive					
Н	F08				J Interrupt							
		The HF08	3 trip indica	ates that	a CPU inter	rupt crash	has occurred	I. This trip i	ndicates tha	at the control F	PCB on the o	drive has
		failed. The	e crash lev	vel is indi	cated by the	e sub-trip	number.					
		Recomm	ended ac	tions:								
		<ul> <li>Hardv</li> </ul>	vare fault	– Contac	t the supplie	er of the di	rive					
H	F09	Data prod	cessing e	rror: Fre	e store ove	erflow						
		The HF09	trip indica	ates that	a free store	overflow I	has occurred.	Recomme	nded action	s:		
		<ul> <li>Hardv</li> </ul>	vare fault	<ul><li>Contac</li></ul>	t the supplie	er of the di	rive					
H	F10	Reserved	l									
Н	F11						mms error					
		The HF11	trip indica	ates that	a non-volati	le memory	comms erro	r has occur	red.			
		Sub-trip			Reas					nmended act	-	
		1			mory comm					ntact the supp		
		2	EEPRO	M size is	incompatib	ole with the	e user firmwar	e. Re-pro	gram drive v	vith compatible	e user firmw	are.
Н	F12	Data prod	cessing e	rror: ma	in program	stack ov	erflow					
			_					as occurred	d. The stack	can be identif	ied by the su	ub-trip
		number. T	This trip in	dicates th	at the conti	rol PCB or	the drive has	s failed.				
		Sub-trip			Stack							
		1		neeling ta	sks							
		2	Reserv									
		3	Main sy	stem into	errupts							
		Recommo	ended ac	tions:								
					supplier of	the drive						
Н	F13	Reserved		THOU THO	оаррног ог	the drive.						
			-									
Н	F14	Reserved	ı									
Н	F15	Reserved	d									
H	F16	Data prod										
		The HF16	trip indica	ates that	a RTOS err	or has occ	curred. This tr	p indicates	that the co	ntrol PCB on t	he drive has	failed.
		Recomm	ended ac	tions:								
		• Hardv	vare fault	– Contac	t the supplie	er of the di	rive					
Н	F17	Reserved	k									

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimizati	ion NV Medi Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data Diagnostics	S UL Listing					
Т	Ггір						Dia	gnosis								
Н	IF18	Data pr	ocessing e	rror: Inter	nal flash	memory h	nas failed									
								ailed when w	riting option n	nodule parameter data. T	he reason					
			rip can be id	dentified by	y the sub-	•	r.									
			o-trip			Reason										
						ation timed ile writing		ach								
				•		aining setu										
						-	•	enus failed								
			5 In	correct set	up menu (	CRC conta	ined in fla	ish								
			6 In	correct app	olication m	nenu CRC	contained	in flash								
		Recom	mended ac	tions:												
			dware fault		he sunnlie	er of the dr	ive									
Н	F19		ocessing e					failed								
								nware has fa	iled.							
		Recom	mended ac	tions:												
		• Re-	program the	e drive.												
			dware fault				ive.									
lt	i.Ac	-	current ov		•	•										
		l l						•	•	<ol> <li>and motor thermal tin m value. The drive will tr</li> </ol>						
		,	r <b>04.019</b> ge			or tompore	ature us u	percentage	n the maxima	in value. The anve will th	ip 011 11.710					
	20	Recom	mended ac	tions:												
<b>.</b>	20		ure the load													
		l l	eck the load			_		-A mode only	<b>(</b> )							
		l l	Tune the motor rated speed parameter (Pr <b>5.008</b> ) (RFC-A mode only)  Ensure the motor rated current is not zero  Braking resistor overload timed out (I <sup>2</sup> t)													
lt	t.br	Braking	Braking resistor overload timed out (I <sup>2</sup> t)													
		l l	The <i>It.br</i> trip indicates that braking resistor overload has timed out. The value in <i>Braking Resistor Thermal Accumulator</i> (10.039) is calculated using <i>Braking Resistor Rated Power</i> (10.030), <i>Braking Resistor Thermal Time Constant</i> (10.031) a <i>Braking Resistor Resistance</i> (10.061). The <i>It.br</i> trip is initiated when the <i>Braking Resistor Thermal Accumulator</i> (10.039)													
		reaches		00.010.700			p 10att		2. a		(101000)					
	19	Recom	mended ac	tions:												
								Pr <b>10.061</b> are								
							-	nd the braking disable the tri	-	ware overload protection	is not					
L	F.Er		,	,						ifier modules						
								-		er module or if excessive						
		commu	nication erro	ors have b	een detect	ted. The re	ason for t	the trip can b	e identified by	the sub-trip number.						
			Source	xx	Π,	у	ZZ		De	escription						
			Jource			,		No communi		-	d the					
		Cont	rol system	00	(	0	UT	no communi power syster		en the control system an	a tne					
	90			-												
,	90	Cont	rol system	00	(	0	(12)		mmunication ower system	errors between the contr	Ol					
											('C'					
		Cont	rol system	01	'	1	()()	excessive co module.	mmunications	s errors detected by the r	ectifier					
		Recom	mended ac	tions:												
			dware fault	- contact t	he supplie	r of the dri	ve.									
nc	o.PS	-	er board	hater 1			l la a - · · ·									
] ,	226		munication		ne power	ana contro	ı boards.									
2	236		mended ac		n nower c	and control	hoard									
		- Une	ck connect	ion betwee	ii power a	and control	มบลเน.									

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started p	Basic arameters	Running the motor	Optimiza	tion	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listing
Т	Ггір						Dia	gnosis	s				
0.	.Ld1	Digital o	output ove	load									
	26	A trip is  Max  Recomi	d1 trip indicinitiated if the cimum outputed acress total load	ne following at current fra tions:	conditio	n is met:			r supply o	r from the o	digital output ha	as exceede	ed the limit.
		• Che	ck control w	viring is cor iring is und	rect amaged								
О.	.SPd		requency h										
	7	(03.008) Over Freis then e Recomi	) in either di equency Th equal to 1.2 mended ac luce the <i>Fre</i>	rection, an reshold in F x the value tions:	O.SPd tr r 03.008 set in Pr	ip is produ in either d 1.006.	ced. In Firection, a	RFC-A r an O.SF	mode, if th Pd trip is p	ne Estimate produced. If	the Over Frequed Frequency (Fr 3.008 is set overshoot (RFe	03.002) ex to 0.00 the	ceeds the e threshold
	l. L.		ck that a m			ariving m	otor						
	h.br	Ū		<u> </u>		es that bra	king IGB	T over-t	temperatu	ıre has bee	en detected bas	sed on sof	tware
1	101	Recomi	mended ac		io is aros	otor than o	r oqual to	the mi	inimum ro	sistanco va	duo		
	h.dc		over temp		ie is grea	itei tiiaii o	equal to	ule IIII	illilliulli le	Sistance va	ilue		
		thermal and DC reaches	protection s bus ripple.	ystem to pr The estima an <i>Oh.dc</i>	otect the ted temp trip is init	DC bus co erature is o iated. The	omponent displayed	ts withir as a p	n the drive ercentage	e. This inclue of the trip	hermal model. udes the effects level in Pr <b>07.</b> pefore tripping.	of the out 135. If this	put current parameter
		S	ource	XX	7	/	ZZ			De	scription		
			rol system	00	2	2	00	DC bus	s thermal	model give	es trip with sub	-trip 0	
	27	• Che • Red • Red • Che	Pr <b>05.011</b> ) - Disable slip Disable dyn Select fixed Select high	ripple level cle coad ut current s notor map s - (All Mode compensa amic V to F boost (Pr 0 stability spa	tability. If settings v s) tion (Pr 0 operation) 5.014 = ace vectors	unstable; vith motor 95.027 = 0) on (Pr 05.0 Fixed) – (Or modulati	nameplat 1 – (Open 13 = 0) - Open loop on (Pr <b>0</b> 5	loop) (Open o) 5.019 =	loop) 1) – (Ope		<b>05.008</b> , Pr <b>05</b> .	. <b>009</b> , Pr <b>05</b>	5.010,
	ht.C		Disconnect Reduce free stage over	quency loop	gains (F		•	,	,	RFC-A)			
- 0	nt.C					vor toma-	ratura ha	c hoon	dotootod	if Cooling I	Ean control (00	045) = 0	
2	219	Recomn	indicates tr nended acti e ventilation	ons:	-	·			uetected	ii Cooling F	Fan control (06	.045) = 0.	
				. 0									

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running th motor	Optimiz	ation	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listing			
Т	rip						D	iagno	osis							
0	ht.l		over tempe													
		This trip i	indicates th	at an IGB	T junction	over-tem	perature	has I	been detecte		n a software the	ermal mode	el.			
			ource	xx	У		ZZ				cription					
		Contro	ol system	00	1		00	In	verter therm	al model giv	ves {Oht.I} trip	with sub-tri	p 0			
		Recomm	nended act	ions:												
2	21		ice the sele													
			re <i>Auto-swi</i> ice duty cyc	_	equency (	Change D	sable (0	5.035	i) is set to Of	FF						
		• Incre	ase acceler	ation / de	celeration	rates										
			ice motor lo k DC bus ri													
			re all three		ses are p	resent an	d balanc	ed								
OI	ht.P		tage over t	<u> </u>						- "	1.4.4					
			indicates the s identified		r stage ov	/er-tempe	rature ha	as bee	en detected.	From the s	ub-trip 'xxyzz',	the Thermi	stor			
		So	ource	хх		у	ZZ			De	scription					
		Powe	r system	01	(	)	ZZ	The	ermistor loca	tion in the c	Irive defined by	/ ZZ				
		Pasamm	nended act	ions:		·		1								
					ns are sti	II function	ina corre	ectly								
	22	• Force	Check enclosure / drive fans are still functioning correctly Force the heatsink fans to run at maximum speed Check enclosure ventilation paths Check enclosure door filters Increase ventilation Reduce the drive switching frequency Reduce duty cycle													
		• Incre														
		• Incre	ase acceler	ation / de	celeration	rates										
			ice motor look the derati		and confi	rm the dri	ve is cor	rectly	sized for the	e applicatio	n.					
			a drive with						0.200 .0	o applicatio						
0	ht.r		over temp										15. 16			
			<i>r</i> trip indicat rip number.	es that a	rectifier o	ver-tempe	rature h	as be	en detected.	. The therm	istor location c	an be ident	ified from			
		Source	·	xx		Z	,			Dosc	ription					
		30010		^^	У		•			Desc	Приоп					
		Powe	er Powe	r module	Rectific	er z	,   <sub>Th</sub>	armic	stor location	defined by	77					
		syste	m nu	ımber	numbe	er 2	·   '''	CITIIIS	noi location	defined by i						
					-											
1	02		nend action ok the motor		or ooblo in	aulation :	uith an ir	soulot	ion tostor							
			n output line				viui aii ii	isuiai	ion tester							
							-		g Pr <b>06.045</b>	= 1						
			k enclosure k enclosure			ii iurictiori	ing come	cuy								
			k enclosure ase ventilat		ers											
			ase ventilat ase acceler		celeration	rates										
			ice duty cyc													
Q Q	I.A1		nput 1 ove													

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Current input on analog input 1 exceeds 24mA.

Optimization Technical data **UL** Listina Diagnostics parameters information information installation installation started Card parameters Trip Diagnosis OI.AC Instantaneous output over current detected The instantaneous drive output current has exceeded VM DRIVE CURRENT MAX. Source хx у ZZ Description Control Instantaneous over-current trip when the measured a.c. current 00 0 00 exceeds VM\_DRIVE\_CURRENT[MAX]. system 3 Recommended actions/checks: Increase acceleration/deceleration rate If seen during autotune reduce the voltage boost Check for short circuit on the output cabling Check integrity of the motor insulation using an insulation tester Is the motor cable length within limits for the frame size? Reduce the values in the frequency loop gain parameters - (Pr 03.010, 03.011, 03.012) or (Pr 03.013, 03.014, 03.015) Reduce the values in the current loop gain parameters Ol.br Braking IGBT over current detected: short circuit protection for the braking IGBT activated The Ol.br trip indicates that over current has been detected in braking IGBT or braking IGBT protection has been activated. Source XX у ZZ Description Power 01 0 00 Braking IGBT instantaneous over-current trip system Recommended actions: Check brake resistor wiring Check braking resistor value is greater than or equal to the minimum resistance value Check braking resistor insulation Ol.dC Power module over current detected from IGBT on state voltage monitoring The OI.dC trip indicates that the short circuit protection for the drive output stage has been activated. Recommended actions: 109 Disconnect the motor cable at the drive end and check the motor and cable insulation with an insulation tester Replace the drive OI.Sn Snubber over-current detected This trip indicates that an over-current condition has been detected in the rectifier snubbing circuit, The exact cause of the trip can be identified by the sub-trip number. Source хx ΖZ Description У Power 00 01 1 Rectifier snubber over-current trip detected. system 92 Recommended actions: Ensure the internal EMC filter is installed Ensure the motor cable length does not exceed the maximum for selected switching frequency Check for supply voltage imbalance Check for supply disturbance such as notching from a DC drive Check the motor and motor cable insulation with a Megger Install a output line reactor or sinusoidal filter OI.SC Output phase short-circuit Over-current detected on drive output when enabled. Possible motor earth fault. Recommended actions: 228 Check for short circuit on the output cabling Check integrity of the motor insulation using an insulation tester Is the motor cable length within limits for the frame size?

Mechanical

Getting

Running the

NV Media

montation modification states parameters meter	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listing
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	installation installation	otartoa pa	iamotoro	motor		Card pa	arameters							
Trip					Diagno	sis								
OPt.d	Option module do	es not ackn	owledge o	during d	rive mode c	hangeover								
215	The OPt.d trip indice has been stopped of Recommended trip Reset the trip If the trip persis	during the dri	ive mode c	hangeov		0 , 0		hat communications	with the drive					
Out.P	Output phase loss		ic option in	oddic										
Out.i	· ·	ates that a p				the drive outp	ut. If Outpo	ut Phase Loss Detec	tion Enable					
98	When the drive     During running     more than TBD     Recommended ac	the output common the output of the output o	urrent is m	onitored	and the outp	ut phase loss		is connected. s detected if the curre	ent contains					
	<ul><li>Check motor ar</li><li>To disable the t</li></ul>	rip set <i>Outpu</i>	ut Phase Lo											
ov														
	DC bus voltage has exceeded the peak level or maximum continuous level for 15 seconds  The OV trip indicates that the DC bus voltage has exceeded the VM_DC_VOLTAGE[MAX] or VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX] for 15 s. The trip threshold varies depending on voltage rating of the drive as show  Voltage rating VM_DC_VOLTAGE[MAX] VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX]  100 415 410 200 415 410 400 830 815  Sub-trip Identification													
	-													
2	Control system	<b>xx</b>	<b>y</b> 0		stantaneous t	trip when the [ [MAX].	zz OC bus vol	tage exceeds						
	Control system	00	0				nat the DC	bus voltage is above	,					
	Power system	01	0			•	OC bus vol	tage exceeds						
	<ul><li>Increase decele</li><li>Decrease the b</li><li>Check nominal</li><li>Check for supp</li></ul>	system 00 0 VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX].  Power 01 00: Instantaneous trip when the DC bus voltage exceeds												

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listing
	·						D'					

Trip					Diagnosis							
P.dAt	Power system	configuration	n data	error								
	The P.dAt trip in	dicates that th	ere is	an error in the	e configuration data stored in the power system.							
	Source	XX	у	ZZ	Description							
	Control system	00	0	01	No data was obtained from the power board.							
	Control system	00	0	02	There is no data table in node 1.							
	Control system	00	0	03	The power system data table is bigger than the space available in the control pod to store it.							
	Control system	00	0	04	The size of the table given in the table is incorrect.							
220	Control system	00	0	05	Table CRC error.							
	Control system	00	0	06	The version number of the generator software that produced the table is too low.							
	Control system	0	0	07	The power data table failed to be stored in the power board.							
	Power system	01	0	The power data table used internally by the power module has an error.								
	Power system	01	0	01	The power data table that is uploaded to the control system on power up has an error.							
	Power system	01	0	02	The power data table used internally by the power module does not match the hardware identification of the power module.							
	Hardware fa	Recommended actions:  Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive										
PAd	• • •	Keypad has been removed when the drive is receiving the reference from the keypad										
		The <i>PAd</i> trip indicates that the drive is in keypad mode [ <i>Reference Selector</i> (01.014) = 4 or 6] and the keypad has been removed or disconnected from the drive.										
34	Recommended		ii tiio u	1110.								
J		eypad and res	ωt									
				.014) to select	t the reference from another source							
Pb.bt	Power board is	in bootloade	er mod	le								
	Power board is	in bootloader	mode									
245	Recommended	l actions:										
	Send power	board firmwa	re file	to reprogram	the power board and power cycle drive							
Pb.Er					d between power control							
	The Pb.Er trip is the sub-trip num		ere is n	o communica	tions between power control. The reason for the trip can be identified by							
	Sub-trip			Reason								
	1	PLL operatin	g regio	on out of lock								
93	2	Power board	lost co	ommunication	with user board							
	3				vith power board							
	4	Communicat	ion CR	RC error								
	Recommended	l actions:										
	Hardware fa	ault – Contact	the sup	oplier of the di	rive							
Pb.HF	Power board H	F										
	Power processo	or hardware fa	ult.									
235	Recommended	action:										
	Hardware fa	ault - Contact t	he sup	pplier of the dr	ive							
Pd.S	Power down sa	ave error										
	The Pd.S trip in	dicates that ar	error	has been dete	ected in the power down save parameters saved in non-volatile memory.							
37	Recommende	d actions:										
	Perform a 1	001 save in P	r mm.(	000 to ensure	that the trip doesn't occur the next time the drive is powered up.							

Safety Product information		ctrical Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor Op	timization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data Dia	gnostics UL Listin		
Trip					Diagnos	is					
PH.Lo	Supply phas	se loss									
	stop the moto	or before this tri orks by monitori on PH.Lo. Pote	ip is initiated ing the ripple	. If the motor voltage on the	cannot be s e DC bus o	stopped in f the drive,	10 seconds if the DC bu	imbalance. The d the trip occurs in us ripple exceeds ge supply impeda	nmediately. The the threshold, th		
	Source	XX	у		zz						
32	Control system	00	0	00: Phase loss detected based on control system feedback. The drive attempts to stop the drive before tripping unless bit 2 of <i>Action On Trip Detection</i> (10.037) is set to one.							
32	supply in Inp	ut Phase Loss			rive is requ	ired to ope	rate from th	e DC supply or fr	om a single phas		
	Recommended actions:  Check the AC supply voltage balance and level at full load  Check the DC bus ripple level with an isolated oscilloscope  Check the output current stability  Reduce the duty cycle  Reduce the motor load  Disable the phase loss detection, set Pr 06.047 to 2.										
PSU		er supply faul									
		indicates that		internal powe	r supply rai	ls are outs	ide limits or	overloaded			
	Source	xx	у	ZZ							
5	Control system	00	0	00	Internal po	Description  power supply overload.					
v		the option mod			the drive to	the gunnli	or.				
		a hardware fau	it within the t	anve – return	the drive to	trie suppii	EI				
r.ALL	The r.ALL trip	RAM allocation error  The <i>r.ALL</i> trip indicates that an option module derivative image has requested more parameter RAM than is allowed. The RAM allocation is checked in order of resulting sub-trip numbers, and so the failure with the highest sub-trip number is given. The sub-trip is calculated as (parameter size) + (parameter type) + sub-array number.									
		ub-trip is calcula	atou do (paio	Parameter size Value							
	given. The su	eter size	Value		Pa	arameter t	ype	Value			
	given. The su  Parame	eter size	Value 1		Pa	Volatile		0			
	Parame 1 8	bit bit	Value 1 2			Volatile User save	)	0 1			
227	given. The su  Parame  1  8  16	bit bit	Value 1 2 3			Volatile	)	0			
227	given. The su  Parame  1  8  16  32	bit bit bit bit bit	Value 1 2 3 4			Volatile User save	)	0 1			
227	given. The su  Parame  1  8  16  32	bit bit	Value 1 2 3			Volatile User save	)	0 1			
227	given. The su  Parame  1  8  16  32	bit bit bit bit bit bit bit bit bit bit	Value 1 2 3 4 5		Po	Volatile User save wer-down	e save	0 1 2			
227	given. The su  Parame  1  8  16  32	bit bit bit bit bit bit bit bit bit bit	Value 1 2 3 4 5		Po	Volatile User save	e save	0 1			

r.b.ht

250

Hot rectifier/brake

Over-temperature detected on input rectifier or braking IGBT.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runningthe	Ontimization	NV Media	Advanced	Toohnical data	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	lechnical data	Diagnostics	UL LISTING

Trip		Diagnosis										
Reserved	Reserved trips											
	These trip numb	ers are reserved trip numbers for future use.										
	Trip Number	Description										
	01	Reserved resettable trip										
01	09	Reserved resettable trip										
09	11 - 12	Reserved resettable trip										
11 - 12 14 - 17	14 - 17	Reserved resettable trip										
23, 29	23, 29	Reserved resettable trip										
38 - 39	38 - 39	Reserved resettable trip										
94 - 96	94 -96	Reserved resettable trip										
99 103 - 108	99	Reserved resettable trip										
110 - 111	103 - 108	Reserved resettable trip										
168 - 174	110 - 111	Reserved resettable trip										
176 190 - 198	168 - 174	Reserved resettable trip										
205 - 214	176	Reserved resettable trip										
216 - 217	190 – 198	Reserved resettable trip										
223 - 224	205 - 214	Reserved resettable trip										
234 238 - 244	216 - 217	Reserved resettable trip										
249	223 - 224	Reserved resettable trip										
252 - 254	234	Reserved resettable trip										
	238 - 244	Reserved non-resettable trip										
	249	Reserved resettable trip										
	252-254	Reserved resettable trip										
rS	Measured resistance has exceeded the parameter range											
33	The stationary at first run commar can occur if the recommended  Check the m	otor cable / connections										
201	Check the m Check the m Ensure the s Select fixed Replace the											
SCL		atchdog has timed out icates that the control word has been enabled and has timed out										
30	Recommended											
SL.dF		in option slot 1 has changed										
- SEIGI		dicates that the option module in option slot 1 on the drive is a different type to that installed when										
		e last saved on the drive. The reason for the trip can be identified by the sub-trip number.										
	Sub-trip	Reason										
	1	No module was installed previously										
		A module with the same identifier is installed, but the set-up menu for this option slot has been										
		changed, and so default parameters have been loaded for this menu.										
	11 3 1	A module with the same identifier is installed, but the applications menu for this option slot has been										
204		changed, and so default parameters have been loaded for this menu.  A module with the same identifier is installed, but the set-up and applications menu for this option slot										
		have been changed, and so default parameters have been loaded for these menus.										
		Shows the identifier of the module previously installed.										
	Recommended	actions:										
	<ul> <li>Recommended actions:</li> <li>Turn off the power, ensure the correct option module is installed in the option slot and re-apply the power.</li> <li>Confirm that the currently installed option module is correct, ensure option module parameters are set correctly and perform a user save in Pr mm.000.</li> </ul>											
	Pononii a us	or our and the minimus.										

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data Diag	nostics UL L	Listing			
Т	rip						Diagno	osis				•			
SL	Er	Option r	nodule in	option sl	ot 1 has d	etected a	fault								
2	02	can be id	dentified by nended ac	the sub-	trip number	:	option slot 1 option slot 1 options		has detecte	ed an error. The rea	ason for the	error			
SL	HF		module 1 h			arao ioi ac	otalio oi tiio ti	iΡ							
		The SL.F	HF trip indi	cates that				on the drive	has indica	ted a hardware fau	lt. The poss	ible			
		Sub-tri	Sub-trip Reason												
		1	1 The module category cannot be identified												
		2													
		3	There is insufficient memory available to allocate the comms buffers for this module  The module has not indicated that it is running correctly during drive power-up  Module has been removed after power-up or it has stopped working  The module has not indicated that it has stopped accessing drive parameters during a drive mode change  The module has failed to acknowledge that a request has been made to reset the drive processor												
2	00	4													
·		5													
		6													
		7													
		<ul><li>Ensu</li><li>Repl</li></ul>	Ensure the option module is installed correctly Replace the option module Replace the drive												
SL	nF		ption module in option slot 1 has been removed												
2	03	Recomm • Ensu • Re-in	The <i>SL.nF</i> trip indicates that the option module in option slot 1 on the drive has been removed since the last power up.  Recommended actions:  Ensure the option module is installed correctly.  Re-install the option module.  To confirm that the removed option module is no longer required perform a save function in Pr mm.000.												
SL	tO				unction se			dired perior	iii a save it	inction in i i iiiii.o	00.				
	01	The SL.t service t		ates that og correct	the option r tly.			l has started	I the option	watchdog function	and then fai	led to			
Sc	o.St				se, soft st	art monito	or failed								
		The So.S	St trip indic	ates that	the soft sta	rt relay in t		d to close o	the soft sta	art monitoring circu	it has failed.				
		Sub	-trip			Reason									
2	26	1		oft-start fa											
		• Hard	nended ac	tions: – Contac	t the suppli	er of the di		2 only)							
St	.HF								al Alexandrica - 1		alad The	da della			
2	21	number in Recomm	lardware trip has occurred during last power down The St.HF trip indicates that a hardware trip (HF01 –HF19) has occurred and the drive has been power cycled. The sub-trip umber identifies the HF trip i.e. stored HF.19.  Recommended actions:  Enter 1299 in Pr mm.000 and press reset to clear the trip  Notor thermistor over-temperature												
	th				-										
2	24	indicated Recomm	d a motor o nended ac	ver tempe tions:	erature.	nistor conr	nected to terr	nınal 14 (dig	ital input 5)	on the control con	nections has	S			
		II	ck motor te ck thermist												

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runningthe		NV Media	Advanced	<u> </u>			
information	information		installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics UL Listing		
1	[rip						Diagno	sis					
ti	h.br	Brake res	sistor ove	r temper	ature								
	10	If the brake this trip.  Recomm  Check Check	king resistoned act	or is not u tions: sistor wiri	sed, then t ng alue is grea	this trip mu:		d with bit 3 c	of Action O	n Trip Detectio	the resistor overheats. n (10.037) to prevent		
tŀ	l.Fb		hermisto										
		The tH.Ft. number.	b trip indica	ates that a	an internal	thermistor	has failed. Tl	ne thermisto	r location o	an be identifie	ed by the sub-trip		
		Sour	rce	2	xx		у			ZZ			
2	218	Power s	ystem	(	01		0	Thermisto	r location d	efined by zz			
			Recommended actions:  Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive										
t	hS		Motor thermistor short circuit										
	25	circuit or l Recomm • Checl	The <i>thS</i> trip indicates that the motor thermistor connected to terminal 14 (digital input 5) on the control connections, is short circuit or low impedance (<50 Ω).  Recommended actions:  Check thermistor continuity  Replace motor / motor thermistor										
tı	ın.S	Autotune	e test stop	ped befo	re comple	etion							
		The drive	was preve	ented fron	n completii	ng an autot	une test, bec	ause either	the drive e	nable or the dr	rive run were removed.		
	18		ended ac										
4.	····E				• •		as active duri	ng the autot	une				
	unE	The drive	has trippe	d during			-	load measu	rement test	t. The cause of	f the trip can be		
		Sub-t	rip					Reason					
	13	1	Ме	asured in	ertia has e	exceeded th	e parameter	range durin	g a mecha	nical load mea	surement		
			ended ac		j is correct								
U	J.OI	User OI a											
	8					rent of the	drive exceed	s the trip lev	el set by <i>U</i>	ser Over Curre	ent Trip Level (04.041).		
l	J.S		re error / r	•			al : tla			: -4! -			
										rameters were	memory. For example, being saved.		
	36	_	ended ac						•		Ü		
										me the drive is power to the dr			
U	S.24						interface te	• •	•				
			•			oly Select (0	06.072), is se	t to 1 and n	o user 24 V	supply is pres	sent on the user 24 V		
	91	1 '	he Al-Bacl ended ac		lui.								

Ensure the user 24 V supply is present on the user terminals on the adaptor interface.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runningthe	Ontimization	NV Media	Advanced	Toohnical data	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

Table 12-3 Serial communications look up table

No	munications look up ta	No	Trip	No	Trip
1	rES	90	LF.Er	200	SL.HF
2	OV	91	US.24	201	SL.tO
3	OI.AC	92	OI.Sn	202	SL.Er
4	Ol.br	93	Pb.Er	203	SL.nF
5	PSU	94 - 95	rES	204	SL.dF
6	Et	96	rES	205 - 214	rES
7	O.SPd	97	d.Ch	215	OPt.d
8	U.OI	98	Out.P	216 - 217	rES
9	rES	99	rES	218	tH.Fb
10	th.br	100	rESEt	219	Oht.C
11	rES	101	Oh.br	220	P.dAt
12	rES	102	Oht.r	221	St.HF
13	tunE	103 - 108	rES	222	rES
14 - 17	rES	109	Ol.dc	223 - 224	rES
18	tun.S	110 - 111	rES	225	Cur.O
19	lt.br	112 - 167	rES	226	So.St
20	It.Ac	168 - 172	rES	227	r.ALL
21	Oht.I	173	Fan.F	228	OI.SC
22	Oht.P	174	C.SI	229	rES
23	rES	175	C.Pr	230	rES
24	th	176	rES	231	Cur.c
25	thS	177	C.bt	232	dr.CF
26	O.Ld1	178	C.by	233	rES
27	Oh.dc	179	C.d.E	234	rES
28	cL.A1	180	C.OPt	235	Pb.HF
29	rES	181	C.rdo	236	no.PS
30	SCL	182	C.Err	237	Fl.ln
31	EEF	183	C.dAt	238 - 244	rES
32	PH.Lo	184	C.FuL	245	Pb.bt
33	rS	185	C.Acc	246	dEr.E
34	PAd	186	C.rtg	247	Fi.Ch
35	CL.bt	187	C.tyP	248	dEr.l
36	U.S	188	C.CPr	249	rES
37	Pd.S	189	OI.A1	250	r.b.ht
38	rES	190	rES	252 - 254	rES
39	rES	191 - 198	rES	255	rSt.L
40 - 89	rES	199	dESt		

The trips can be grouped into the following categories. It should be noted that a trip can only occur when the drive is not tripped or is already tripped but with a trip with a lower priority number.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listing
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#### Table 12-4 Trip categories

Priority	Category	Trips	Comments
1	Internal faults	HF01, HF02, HF03, HF04, HF05, HF06, HF07, HF08, HF09, HF10, HF11, HF12, HF13, HF14, HF15, HF16, HF17, HF18, HF19,	These indicate internal problems and cannot be reset. All drive features are inactive after any of these trips occur.
1	Stored HF trip	{St.HF}	This trip cannot be cleared unless 1299 is entered into <i>Parameter</i> (mm.000) and a reset is initiated.
2	Non-resettable trips	Trip numbers 218 to 247, {SI.HF}	These trips cannot be reset.
3	Volatile memory failure	{EEF}	This can only be reset if Parameter <b>mm.000</b> is set to 1233 or 1244, or if Load Defaults (11.043) is set to a non-zero value.
4	NV Media Card trips	Trip numbers 174, 175 and 177 to 188	These trips are priority 5 during power-up.
4	Internal 24V	{PSU}	
5	Trips with extended reset times	{OI.AC}, {OI.br}, and {OI.dc} Fan.f	These trips cannot be reset until 10 s after the trip was initiated.
5	Phase loss and d.c. link power circuit protection	{PH.Lo} and {Oh.dc}	The drive will attempt to stop the motor before tripping if a {PH.Lo}. 000 trip occurs unless this feature has been disabled (see <i>Action On Trip Detection</i> (10.037). The drive will always attempt to stop the motor before tripping if an {Oh.dc} occurs.
5	Standard trips	All other trips	

## 12.5 Internal / Hardware trips

Trips {HF01} to {HF19} are internal faults that do not have trip numbers. If one of these trips occurs, the main drive processor has detected an irrecoverable error. All drive functions are stopped and the trip message will be displayed on the drive keypad. If a non permanent trip occurs this may be reset by power cycling the drive. On power up after it has been power cycled the drive will trip on St.HF. Enter 1299 in **mm.000** to clear the Stored HF trip.

### 12.6 Alarm indications

In any mode, an alarm is an indication given on the display by alternating the alarm string with the drive status string display. If an action is not taken to eliminate any alarm except "tuning and LS" the drive may eventually trip. Alarms are not displayed when a parameter is being edited.

Table 12-5 Alarm indications

Alarm string	Description
br.res	Brake resistor overload. <i>Braking Resistor Thermal Accumulator</i> (10.039) in the drive has reached 75.0 % of the value at which the drive will trip.
OV.Ld	Motor Protection Accumulator (04.019) in the drive has reached 75.0 % of the value at which the drive will trip and the load on the drive is >100 %.
d.OV.Ld	Drive over temperature. Percentage Of Drive Thermal Trip Level (07.036) in the drive is greater than 90 %.
tuning	The autotune procedure has been initialized and an autotune in progress.
LS	Limit switch active. Indicates that a limit switch is active and that is causing the motor to be stopped.
Opt.Al	Option slot alarm.
Lo.AC	Low voltage mode. See Low AC Alarm (10.107).
I.AC.Lt	Current limit active. See Current Limit Active (10.009).

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runningthe	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	III Licting
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	recrirical data	Diagnostics	UL Listing

#### 12.7 Status indications

#### Table 12-6 Status indications

String	Description	Drive output stage
inh	The drive is inhibited and cannot be run. Either the drive enable signal is not applied to the drive enable terminals or Pr <b>06.015</b> is set to 0.	Disabled
rdy	The drive is ready to run. The drive enable is active, but the drive inverter is not active because the final drive run is not active.	Disabled
StoP	The drive is stopped / holding zero speed.	Enabled
S.Loss	Supply loss condition has been detected.	Enabled
dc.inJ	The drive is applying dc injection braking.	Enabled
Er	The drive has tripped and no longer controlling the motor. The trip code appears in the display.	Disabled
UV	The drive is in the under voltage state either in low voltage or high voltage mode.	Disabled

Table 12-7 Option module and NV Media Card and other status indications at power-up

String	Status			
PS.LOAD	Waiting for power stage			
The drive is waiting for the processor in the power stage to respond after power-up.				
LOAD OPtion	Waiting for an option module			
The drive is waiting for the Option Module to respond after power-up.				
UPLOAD	Loading parameter database			
At power-up it may be necessary to update the parameter database held in the drive because an option module has changed. This may involve data				
transfer between the drive and option module. During this period 'UPLOAD' is displayed.				

## 12.8 Displaying the trip history

The drive retains a log of the last ten trips that have occurred. *Trip 0* (10.020) to *Trip 9* (10.029) store the most recent 10 trips that have occurred where *Trip 0* (10.020) is the most recent and *Trip 9* (10.029) is the oldest. When a new trip occurs it is written to *Trip 0* (10.020) and all the other trips move down the log, with oldest being lost. The date and time when each trip occurs are also stored in the date and time log, i.e. *Trip 0 Date* (10.041) to *Trip 9 Time* (10.060). The date and time are taken from *Date* (06.016) and *Time* (06.017). Some trips have sub-trip numbers which give more detail about the reason for the trip. If a trip has a sub-trip number its value is stored in the sub-trip log, i.e. *Trip 0 Sub-trip Number* (10.070) to *Trip 9 Sub-trip Number* (10.079). If the trip does not have a sub-trip number then zero is stored in the sub-trip log.

If any parameter between Pr 10.020 and Pr 10.029 inclusive is read by serial communication, then the trip number in Table 12-2 is the value transmitted.

NOTE

The trip logs can be reset by writing a value of 255 in Pr 10.038.

## 12.9 Behaviour of the drive when tripped

If the drive trips, the output of the drive is disabled so the load coasts to a stop. If any trip occurs, the following read only parameters are frozen until the trip is cleared. This is to help diagnose the cause of the trip.

Parameter	Description
01.001	Frequency reference
01.002	Pre-skip filter reference
01.003	Pre-ramp reference
02.001	Post-ramp reference
03.001	Final demand ref
03.002	Estimated frequency
03.003	Frequency error
03.004	Frequency controller output
04.001	Current magnitude
04.002	Active current
04.017	Reactive current
05.001	Output frequency
05.002	Output voltage
05.003	Power
05.005	DC bus voltage
07.001	Analog input 1
07.002	Analog input 2
07.037	Temperature nearest to trip level

If the parameters are not required to be frozen then this can be disabled by setting bit 4 of Pr 10.037.

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Running the **NV** Media **UL** Listing Optimization Technical data Diagnostics installation information information installation started parameter motor Card parameters

## 13 UL Listing

#### 13.1 General

Drive sizes 1 to 6 have been assessed to meet both UL and cUL requirements.

UL listings can be viewed online at www.UL.com. The UL file number is E171230.

## 13.2 Mounting

Drives can be installed in the following configurations:

- Standard or surface mounted. This is described in section 3.5.1 *Surface mounting* on page 28.
- Bookcase mounted. Drives are mounted side by side with no space between them. This configuration minimizes the overall width of the installation.

#### 13.3 Environment

Drives are able to meet the following UL/NEMA environmental ratings:

- Type 1. The drive must either be installed with a UL Type 1 kit or be installed in a Type 1 enclosure.
- Type 12. The drive must be installed in a Type 12 enclosure.
- The remote keypad is rated to both UL Type 1 and UL Type 12.
- Drives must be installed in a pollution degree 2 environment or better.

#### 13.4 Electrical installation

The following precautions must be observed:

- Drives are rated for use at 40 °C and 50 °C surrounding air temperature.
- The temperature rating of the power cables must be at least 75 °C.
- If the drive control stage is powered from an external power supply (+24 V), the power supply must be listed or recognized to UL class 2 with appropriate fusing.
- Ground connections must use UL listed closed loop (ring) terminals.

#### 13.5 UL listed accessories

The following options are UL listed:

- CI-Keypad
- CI-485 Adaptor
- Al-485 Adaptor
- · Al-Backup Adaptor
- Remote Keypad
- UL Type 1 kit
- NV Media card

### 13.6 Motor overload protection

The drives are installed with solid state motor overload protection.

The default overload protection level is less than 150 % of full load rated current for open loop operation.

The default overload protection level is less than 180 % of full load rated current for rotor flux control operation.

In order for the motor protection to work correctly, the motor rated current must be entered into Pr **00.006** or Pr **05.007**.

The protection level may be adjusted below 150% if required. See section 8.3 *Current limits* on page 95.

### 13.7 Motor overspeed protection

The drive is installed with solid state motor overspeed protection.

However, this feature does not provide the level of protection provided by an independent, high-integrity overspeed protection device.

## 13.8 Thermal memory retention

Drives incorporate thermal memory retention that complies fully with the requirements of UL508C.

The drive is provided with motor load and speed sensitive overload protection with thermal memory retention that complies with the US National Electrical Code (NFPA 70) clause 430.126 and Underwriters Laboratories Standard UL508C, clause 20.1.11 (a). The purpose of this protection is to protect both drive and motor from dangerous overheating in the event of repeated overload or failure to start, even if the power to the drive is removed between overload events.

For full explanation of the thermal protection system, refer to section 8.4 *Motor thermal protection* on page 95.

In order to comply with UL requirements for thermal memory retention, it is necessary to set the *Thermal Protection Mode* (04.016) to zero; and the *Low Frequency Thermal Protection Mode* (04.025) must be set to 1 if the drive is operated in Heavy Duty mode.

Alternatively, an external thermal sensor or switch may be used as a means of motor and drive overload protection that complies with the requirements of UL508C, clause 20.1.11 (b). This protection method is particularly recommended where independent forced cooling of the motor is used, because of the risk of overheating if the cooling is lost.

#### External thermal sensor

The drive is provided with a means to accept and act upon a signal from a thermal sensor or switch imbedded in the motor or from an external protective relay. Refer to section 4.10.2 *Control terminal specification* on page 70.

### 13.9 Electrical ratings

- Drives are listed for connection to an AC supply capable of delivering no more than 100 kA symmetrical amperes. See Table 4-5
- · Power and current ratings are given in Table 11-1to Table 11-5.
- Fuse and circuit breaker (size 1 only with short circuit rating of 10 kA. Only the listed DIVQ/DIVQ7 type SU203UP ABB (E212323) circuit breaker may be used) ratings are given in Table 4-6to Table 4-9.
- Unless indicated otherwise in Table 4-6to Table 4-9, fuses may be any UL listed Class J or CC with a voltage rating of at least 600 Vac.
- Unless indicated otherwise in Table 4-6to Table 4-9, circuit breakers may be any UL listed type, category control number: DIVQ or DIVQ7, with a voltage rating of at least 600 Vac.

## 13.10 cUL requirements for frame size 4

For frame size 4, models Mxxx-042 00133A, Mxxx-042 00176A, Mxxx-044 00135A and Mxxx-044 00170A, transient surge suppression shall be installed on the line side of this equipment and shall be rated 480 Vac (phase to ground), 480 Vac (phase to phase), suitable for overvoltage category III, and shall provide protection for a rated impulse withstand voltage peak of 6 kV and a clamping voltage of maximum 2400 V.

#### NOTE

Mxxx denotes M100, M101, M200, M201, M300 or M400.

## 13.11 Group installation

#### 13.11.1 Definition

Group Installation Definition: A motor branch circuit for two or more motors, or one or more motors with other loads, protected by a circuit breaker or a single set of fuses.

# 13.11.2 Limitations on use All motors rated less than 1 hp

The drives may be used in group installations where each of the motors is rated 1 hp or less. The full-load current rating of each motor must not exceed 6 A. The motor drive provides individual overload protection in accordance with the NEC clause 430.32.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL Listing
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#### Smallest motor protected

The drives may be used in group installations where the smallest motor is protected by the branch fuses or circuit breaker. Limits on the current rating of branch circuit protective fuses and circuit breakers are given in the NEC Table: 430.52.

#### Other installations

The motor drives described in this user guide are not UL listed for group installation.

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